

# Syracuse Conjecture Quadrature UV

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## ABSTRACT

After circa 2300 years (Archimedes, Syracuse 287 – 212 BC) the history of mathematics repeats itself in a different problem. In this paper is shown the true nature of Syracuse conjecture, tackling it from a completely dissimilar point of view than many previous attempts. One of its features suggests a process that leads to Theorem  $2n+1$ , whose demonstration subdivided the set of odd numbers in seven disjoint subsets which have different behaviors applying algorithm of Collatz. It allows us to replace the Collatz cycles with the cycles of links, transforming their oscillating sequences in monotone decreasing sequences. With Theorem of Independence we can manage the cycles of the links to our liking, also to reach very high main horizons and when we decide go back to lower horizons. In this article it's proved that Collatz conjecture is not fully provable. In fact, if we consider the banal link  $n < 2n$ , there are eight cycles which connect each other in an endless of possible links. It is a particular type of *Circle Quadrature*, but its statement is confirmed. In other words: BIG CRUNCH (go back to 1) is always possible, but BIG BANG (to move on) has no End.

## INTRODUCTION

This article proves that Syracuse conjecture, better known as Collatz conjecture, is a particular kind of the squaring of the circle or *Circle Quadrature*. The result was achieved through a procedure which allows us to manage Collatz sequences as we wish. In addition to the important result are reported many properties and peculiarities of this conjecture. It hides the beauty and the magical harmony of odd numbers, and perhaps a type of law on the expansion of Cosmos based on the powers of 2, as prophesied by Plato in some of his writings. If we consider the banal cycle of even numbers, there are eight cycles which connect each other in an endless of sequences. The unique feasible procedure for its demonstration is to prove that any numerical succession obtained by Collatz algorithm contains a value lesser than the starting number (or *generating number*). Given that the even numbers  $2n$  go to  $n < 2n$ , we can consider only odd numbers. The General List of binomial inequalities until a number of steps  $N(s) \leq 21$  cover *circa* 96% of  $\mathbb{N}$ . By Theorem of Independence we can cover the remaining 4% managing the cycles of links for to reach very high main horizons  $\Theta(m)$  and, when we decide, go back to the lower horizon  $\Theta(l) < \Theta(m)$ .

### Remarks

UV Ultimate Version (union of viXra.2305.0029 and viXra 2405.0004, plus some improvements of the text and calculations); SC Syracuse Conjecture; CC Collatz Conjecture.

This article is an exhaustive synthesized makeover of the book (110 pages A4 format) self-published on Amazon [1] by aid Mnamon Milano.

Author is not an academic, but the text form is in ideal accordance with the proof of the result.

At the end three appendices were added to be used for a desirable teaching of CC in High Schools.

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References / Bibliography

## 1. The conjecture of Syracuse

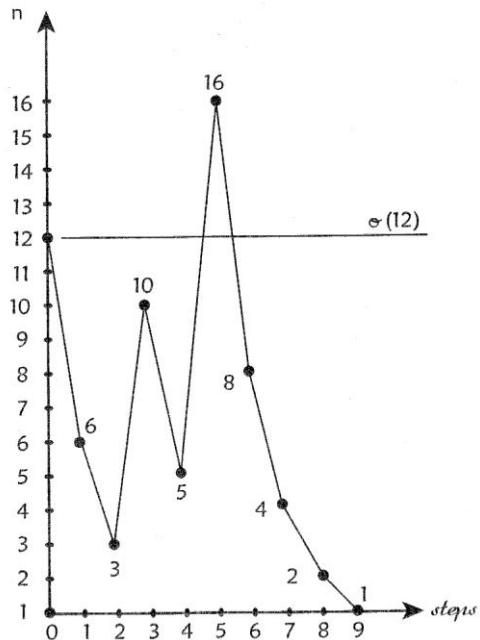
The conjecture of Syracuse states: *If at any natural integer  $n$ , non-zero, we apply the algorithm  $3n+1$  if  $n$  is odd,  $n/2$  if  $n$  is even, the sequence of the values obtained, precipitates to 1 after a finite number of steps, always in compliance with the final cycle {4; 2; 1}.*

$$\text{For every } n \in \mathbb{N} : n \neq 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} 3n + 1 & \text{if } n \text{ is odd} \\ \frac{n}{2} & \text{if } n \text{ is even} \end{cases}$$

Chosen  $n = 12$  (even), applying the algorithm of Collatz we obtain the following sequence:

$n = 12 \rightarrow S(12) = \{12; 6; 3; 10; 5; 16; 8; 4; 2; 1\}$  the number 12 falls down to 1 in nine steps.

The sequence (or succession) generated by the number 12 is oscillating (neither increasing nor decreasing) and can be represented with a graph on a Cartesian plane having its origin in (0,1). The number 1 can be understood as the minimum level or the sea level. The steps are shown on the horizontal axis and the generating number on the vertical axis. The graph of fluctuation of the sequence  $S(12)$  is represented in figure. The horizontal line parallel to the abscissa axis (steps) is the horizon of the number 12 (indicated with the Greek letter  $\Theta$ ). The number 12, during the oscillation of the sequence  $S(12)$ , exceeds its horizon once, exactly in step 5, in correspondence of which reaches a peak 16.



It is to be noted that if we choose as starting number an odd number, the first element of the sequence is always an even number, since the product of 3 for another odd number still gives an odd number, which becomes even with the addition of 1. This happens for all the successors of an odd number contained in the sequence. An even number, instead, may be followed by an odd number or by one or more even numbers:  $n = 48 \rightarrow S(48) = \{48; 24; 12; 6; 3; 10; 5; 16; 8; 4; 2; 1\}$ . If you choose an even number power of 2,  $n = 2^p = 2; 4; 8; 16; 32; 64; 128; 256; 512; 1024; \dots$ , it reaches 1 after a cycle of  $p$  applications of the algorithm. The same observation also applies to the odd numbers when  $3n+1 = 2^p \rightarrow n = (2^p-1)/3 : p \in E \subset \mathbb{N}$ ; hence  $n = (4^p-1)/3$ . In this case the corresponding sequence  $S(n)$  contains  $p+2$  values and it reaches 1 in  $p+1$  steps.

If we choose the number 25 we will have the following sequence:

**25 → 76 → 38 → 19 → 58 → 29 → 88 → 44 → 22 → 11 → 34 → 17 → 52 → 26 → 13 → 40 → 20 → 10 → 5 → 16 → 8 → 4 → 2 → 1**

It consists of 24 values, 23 steps. We observe that the sequence of values does not contain two same numbers, but they are all different from each other. In short, the sequences obtained through algorithm of Collatz precipitate to 1 taking different values between them. This is obvious. In fact, if in a succession two numbers were the same, from one of them onwards we would have the same sequence, giving rise to a vicious circle (*loop*), and this is impossible (clearly with the exclusion of 1 which generates the final cycle).

Again with reference to the number 25, but this reasoning is valid for any other number, another *important observation* is that when the value of the sequence falls below 25, in this case 19, its succession from here on becomes perfectly equal to that of this number. In this way the sequence of number 25 is linked to the succession of number 19. In short, the endless sequences generated by the algorithm give rise to a kind of interaction, in which each sequence is linked to a previous one whose generating number is smaller. For 25 we have the following chain of links:

**25 → 19 → 11 → 10 → 5 → 4 → 2 → 1**

In this way we can associate a specific procedure to the Collatz sequences.

If we take 49 as generating number, we have:

**49 → 148 → 74 → 37 < 49**  
**37 → 112 → 56 → 28 < 37**  
**28 → 14 < 28**  
**14 → 7 < 14**  
**7 → 22 → 11 → 34 → 17 → 52 → 26 → 13 → 40 → 20 → 10 → 5 < 7**  
**5 → 16 → 8 → 4 < 5**  
**4 → 2 → 1    final cycle.**

**49 → 37 → 28 → 14 → 7 → 5 → 4 → 2 → 1**

If we take 204 as generating number, applying the algorithm, we obtain:

**204 → 102 < 204**  
**102 → 51 < 102**  
**51 → 154 → 77 → 232 → 116 → 58 → 29 < 51**  
**29 → 88 → 44 → 22 < 29**  
**22 → 11 < 22**  
**11 → 34 → 17 → 52 → 26 → 13 → 40 → 20 → 10 < 11**  
**10 → 5 < 10**  
**5 → 16 → 8 → 4 < 5**  
**4 → 2 → 1    final cycle.**

**204 → 102 → 51 → 29 → 22 → 11 → 10 → 5 → 4 → 2 → 1**

Such a proceeding is applicable for every  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ :  $n \neq 0$  and  $n \neq 1$ .

In brief, the endless sequences can be imagined as a maze in which the numbered rooms are connected to each other in a descending order in accordance with the rules imposed by the

algorithm, up to the final cycle  $4 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1$  finding the exit. SC would be proved if we could demonstrate that any sequence contains a value lesser than the starting number (generating number). If this happens it hooks to this, which in turn hooks to another lesser than it, and so on, up to precipitate necessarily to 1 (exit of the maze). Or, as they say, the main horizon of generating number descends to the next lower horizons until it reaches the sea level. This can be stated with certainty for even numbers  $n \in E : n = 2^p$  and for odd numbers  $n \in O : n = (4^p - 1)/3$ . For all other numbers there is uncertainty.

### 1.1. Theorem $2n+1$

We have seen that the Collatz sequences are oscillating, excluding those whose generating number is power of 2. These are decreasing monotonic and fall down to 1 after a number of steps previously calculated. For the oscillating sequences we found that they certainly fall down to 1 if a term of the sequence, generated by a generic number  $n$ , assumes a smaller value of  $n$ , i.e. below the horizon of  $n$  that we can mark with  $\Theta(n)$ . Marking with  $n_i$  this value ( $n_i < n ; \Theta(n_i)$  lower of  $\Theta(n)$ ), the sequence generated by  $n$  is linked to that generated by  $n_i$ , which, in turn, is linked to that of  $n_j < n_i$  ( $\Theta(n_j)$  lower of  $\Theta(n_i)$ ), which ... and so it precipitates to 1, exiting from the labyrinth, or, how to say, reaches the sea level. We wonder: does this happens in all sequences? In any succession there is always an element whose value is lesser than the generator? This is certainly true for the even starting numbers. For them, the first element of the sequence is  $n/2$ , and  $n/2 < n$ . If, instead, the generating number is odd, the first element is  $3n+1$ , which, as we have seen, it's certainly even and therefore divisible by 2. That is:  $3n+1 \rightarrow (3n+1)/2$ . Unless it is of the type  $(3n+1)/2 = 2^p$  or  $(3n+1)/2 = (4^p - 1)/3$  ( $n \in O$ ), it turns out to be  $(3n+1)/2 > n$ . But if  $3n+1$  were doubly even (twice divisible by 2, or divisible by 4), triply even (three times divisible by 2, or divisible by 8), then  $(3n+1)/4 < n$  and  $(3n+1)/8 < n$  they would definitely be true.

We denote the generic odd number with  $2n+1$ .

Statement:

*There are iterative cycles obtained by the algorithm of Collatz applied to odd numbers  $2n+1$  which contain terms  $a_n$  lesser than their generators.*

Demonstration:

Bearing in mind that in the sequences generated by the algorithm of Collatz any odd number has as its successor an even number, we will have:

$$2n+1 \rightarrow 3(2n+1)+1 = 6n+4 \rightarrow 3n+2.$$

$3n+2$  can be even or odd.

**a)** If  $3n+2$  is even, then  $3n+2 \rightarrow (3n+2)/2 < 2n+1$  ( $3n+2 < 4n+2$ , from which  $n > 0$ , always true).

But  $3n+2$  is even if  $n \in E = \{2; 4; 6; 8; 10; 12; 14; 16; \dots; 2n\}$ .

It follows that  $2n+1$  is in  $O_1 = \{5; 9; 13; 17; 21; 25; 29; 33; \dots; 4n+1\}$  [ $n > 0$ ]

**b)** If  $3n+2$  is odd, then:  $3n+2 \rightarrow 3(3n+2)+1 = 9n+7$ , which being even in virtue of algorithm, then  $9n+7 \rightarrow (9n+7)/2$ , which can be even or odd.

**b1)** If  $(9n+7)/2$  is even, then  $(9n+7)/2 \rightarrow (9n+7)/4 < 4n+2 = 2(2n+1) \rightarrow (9n+7)/8 < 2n+1$ . And this happens if  $(9n+7)/2$  is at least doubly even (divisible by 4). So:  $(9n+7)/2 \rightarrow (9n+7)/4 \rightarrow (9n+7)/8 < 2n+1$ . But  $(9n+7)/2$  is even for  $n \in O_1 = \{1; 5; 9; 13; 17; 21; 25; 29; \dots; 4n+1\}$ .

It follows that  $2n+1$  is in  $O_2 = \{3; 11; 19; 27; 35; 43; 51; 59; \dots; 8n+3\}$  [ $n \geq 0$ ]

**b2)** If  $(9n+7)/2$  is odd, then  $(9n+7)/2 \rightarrow 3((9n+7)/2)+1 = (27n+21)/2+1 = (27n+23)/2$ , which being even in virtue of the algorithm:  $(27n+23)/2 \rightarrow (27n+23)/4 < 8n+4 = 4(2n+1) \rightarrow (27n+23)/16 < 2n+1$ . And this happens if  $(27n+23)/2$  is at least triply even (divisible by 8). So:  $(27n+23)/2 \rightarrow (27n+23)/4 \rightarrow (27n+23)/8 \rightarrow (27n+23)/16 < 2n+1$ .

But  $(27n+23)/2$  is even for  $n \in O_4 = \{3; 7; 11, 15; 19; 23; 27; 31; \dots; 4n-1; 4n+3\}$ .

But  $(9n+7)/2$  is odd for  $n \in O_4 = \{3; 7; 11, 15; 19; 23; 27; 31; \dots; 4n-1; 4n+3\}$ .

It follows that  $2n+1$  is in  $O_3 = \{7; 15; 23; 31; 39; 47; 55; 63; \dots; 8n-1; 8n+7\}$  [ $n > 0$ ]

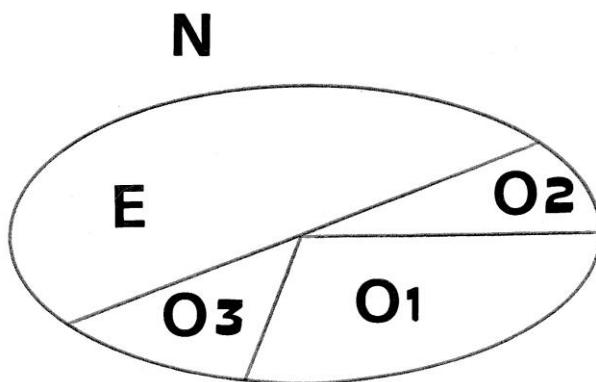
If we denote with  $S(2n+1)$  any sequence obtained applying Collatz algorithm starting from a generic odd generating number  $2n+1$ ; we have identified three subsets in whose iterative cycles there are terms  $a_n \in S(2n+1)$  such that  $a_n < 2n+1$ . They are:

$$O_1 = \{5; 9; 13; 17; 21; 25; 29; 33; \dots; 4n+1\}$$

$$O_2 = \{3; 11; 19; 27; 35; 43; 51; 59; \dots; 8n+3\}$$

$$O_3 = \{7; 15; 23; 31; 39; 47; 55; 63; \dots; 8n-1; 8n+7\}$$

$O_1 \cup O_2 \cup O_3 = \{3; 5; 7; 9; 11; 13; 15; 17; 19; 21; 23; 25; 27; 29; 31; \dots; 2n+1; 2n+3\} = O - \{1\}$ , with 1 generator of the end cycle.



## 1.2. Addition to the theorem $2n+1$

*Note:* In this article bold font is used for highlighting substitutions.

a)  $2n+1 \in O_1$

**3n+2** is even if  $n \in E = \{0; 2; 4; 6; 8; \dots; 2n\}$  [ $n \geq 0$ ]

It is simply even if  $n \in E' = \{0; 4; 8; 12; 16; \dots; 4n\}$

$n = 4n : 2n+1 = 2(4n)+1 = \mathbf{8n+1}; 3n+2 = 3(4n)+2 = 12n+2 \rightarrow \mathbf{6n+1} < \mathbf{8n+1}$

It is doubly even if  $n \in E'' = \{6; 14; 22; 30; 38; \dots; 8n+6\}$

$n = \mathbf{8n+6} : 2n+1 = 2(\mathbf{8n+6})+1 = \mathbf{16n+13}; 3n+2 = 3(\mathbf{8n+6})+2 = 24n+20 \rightarrow \mathbf{12n+10} < \mathbf{16n+13}$

It is at least triply even if  $n \in E''' = \{2; 10; 18; 26; 34, \dots; 8n+2\}$

$n = \mathbf{8n+2} : 2n+1 = 2(\mathbf{8n+2})+1 = \mathbf{16n+5}; 3n+2 = 3(\mathbf{8n+2})+2 = 24n+8 \rightarrow \mathbf{12n+4} < \mathbf{16n+5}$

$E' \cup E'' \cup E''' = E \rightarrow$  for every  $n \in E$ :  $(\mathbf{3n+2})/2 < 2n+1 \in O_1$

$n = 2n : 2n+1 = 2(2n)+1 = \mathbf{4n+1}; (3n+2)/2 = (3(2n)+2)/2 = \mathbf{3n+1} < \mathbf{4n+1} O_1$

b1)  $2n+1 \in O_2$

$(9n+7)/2$  is even if  $n \in O_1 = \{1; 5; 9; 13; \dots; 4n+1\}$  [ $n \geq 0$ ]

It is doubly even if  $n \in O_1' = \{9; 25; 41; 57; 73; \dots; 16n+9\}$

$n = 16n+9 \rightarrow 2n+1 = 2(16n+9)+1 = 32n+19$ ;  $(9n+7)/2 = [9(16n+9)+7]/2 = 72n+44 \rightarrow 36n+22 \rightarrow 18n+11 < 32n+19$

It is at least triply even if  $n \in O_1'' = \{1; 17; 33; 49; \dots; 16n+1\}$

$n = 16n+1 \rightarrow 2n+1 = 2(16n+1)+1 = 32n+3$ ;  $(9n+7)/2 = [9(16n+1)+7]/2 = 72n+8 \rightarrow 36n+4 \rightarrow 18n+2 < 32n+3$

$O_1' \cup O_1'' = O_1''' = \{1; 9; 17; 25; \dots; 8n+1\} \subset O_1 \rightarrow$  for every  $n \in O_1'''$ :  $(9n+7)/8 < 2n+1 \in O_2$

$n = 8n+1 : 2n+1 = 2(8n+1)+1 = 16n+3$ ;  $(9(8n+1)+7)/8 = 9n+2 < 16n+3 \subset O_2$

b2)  $2n+1 \in O_3$

$(27n+23)/2$  is even if  $n \in O_4 = \{3; 7; 11; 15; \dots; 4n+3\}$  [ $n \geq 0$ ]

It is at least triply even if  $n \in O_4' = \{11; 27; 43; 59; \dots; 16n+11\}$

$n = 16n+11 \rightarrow 2n+1 = 2(16n+11)+1 = 32n+23$ ;  $(27n+23)/2 = [27(16n+11)+23]/2 = 216n+160 \rightarrow 108n+80 \rightarrow 54n+40 \rightarrow 27n+20 < 32n+23$

$O_4' \subset O_4 \rightarrow$  for every  $n \in O_4'$ :  $(27n+23)/16 < 2n+1 \in O_3$

$n = 16n+11 : 2n+1 = 2(16n+11)+1 = 32n+23$ ;  $(27(16n+11)+23)/16 = 27n+20 < 32n+23 \subset O_3$

### 1.2.1. Summary

a)

$2n+1 \in O_1 \rightarrow 6n+4 \rightarrow 3n+2 \rightarrow (3n+2)/2 < 2n+1 : 3n+1 < 4n+1 \in O_1$ . An odd number in  $O_1$  assumes a value lesser than itself after three applications Collatz algorithm (3 steps). This always happens.

b1)

$2n+1 \in O_2 \rightarrow 6n+4 \rightarrow 3n+2 \rightarrow 9n+7 \rightarrow (9n+7)/2 \rightarrow (9n+7)/4 \rightarrow (9n+7)/8 < 2n+1 : 9n+2 < 16n+3 \in O_2$ . An odd number in  $O_2$  assumes a value lesser than itself after six applications Collatz algorithm (6 steps). If this doesn't happen it's transformed into an odd number or in  $O_1$  or in  $O_2$  or in  $O_3$ .

b2)

$2n+1 \in O_3 \rightarrow 6n+4 \rightarrow 3n+2 \rightarrow 9n+7 \rightarrow (9n+7)/2 \rightarrow (27n+23)/2 \rightarrow (27n+23)/4 \rightarrow (27n+23)/8 \rightarrow (27n+23)/16 < 2n+1 : 27n+20 < 32n+23 \in O_3$ . An odd number in  $O_3$  assumes a value lesser than itself after eight applications Collatz algorithm (8 steps). If this doesn't happen it is transformed into an odd number or in  $O_1$  or in  $O_2$  or in  $O_3$ .

### 1.2.2. Corollaries

Every sequence obtained by application of Collatz algorithm do not contain (never) odd numbers divisible by 3. In fact:  $(2n+1) \in O \rightarrow 3(2n+1)+1 = 6n+4 \rightarrow 3n+2$  can be even or odd and it is not divisible by 3 for every  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ . We can therefore state the following corollaries.

**Corollary 1:** *In the cycles of links no odd number connects to an odd number divisible by 3.*

**Corollary 2:** *In the cycles of links no odd number connects to an even number divisible by 3.*

**Corollary 3:** *If the sequences obtained by applying the algorithm of Collatz start from an odd generating number, then the odd numbers divisible by 3 are present only as generating numbers.*

**Corollary 4:** *If a sequence obtained by applying the algorithm of Collatz starts from an odd generating number, then in it are not presents even numbers divisible by 3.*

## 2. Explanatory notes and odd numbers subsets

*Syracuse conjecture plan Theorem 2n+1*

$$\begin{array}{c}
 2n+1 \text{ O} \rightarrow 6n+4 \text{ E} \rightarrow 3n+2 \text{ O} \vee E \rightarrow (3n+2)/2 \text{ O}_1 : 3 \text{ steps} \\
 \downarrow \\
 9n+7 \text{ E} \rightarrow (9n+7)/2 \text{ O} \vee E \rightarrow (9n+7)/4 \text{ O}_2 : 5 \text{ steps} \\
 \downarrow \\
 (27n+23)/2 \text{ E} \rightarrow (27n+23)/4 \text{ O}_3 : 6 \text{ steps}
 \end{array}$$

Notes

a) Definition: *A cycle of link is the number of steps required for to arrive from the main horizon of a generating number (Start) to the lower horizon of its link (End).*

We point:  $\Theta(m)$  : main horizon

$\Theta(l)$  : lower horizon

$N(s)$  : number of steps

b) Definition: *Two cycles of links,  $c_1, c_2$ , are equivalent if contain the same number of steps, i.e. :  $c_1 \sim c_2 \leftrightarrow N(s)[c_1] = N(s)[c_2]$ .*

c)  $O_1 = \{5; 9; 13; 17; 21; 25; 29; 33; \dots; 4n+1\}$  [n > 0]

$O_2 = \{3; 11; 19; 27; 35; 43; 51; 59; \dots; 8n+3\}$  [n ≥ 0]

$O_3 = \{7; 15; 23; 31; 39; 47; 55; 63; \dots; 8n-1\}$  [n > 0]

A number n is in  $O_1$  if n-1 is divisible by 4 .

We pose :  $u = (n-1)/4$  ;  $x = 2u = (n-1)/2 \rightarrow f(x) = (3x+2)/2$  after  $N(s) = 3$

A number n is in  $O_2$  if n-3 is divisible by 8 .

We pose :  $v = (n-3)/8$  ;  $y = 4v+1 = (n-1)/2 \rightarrow f(y) = (9y+7)/4$  after  $N(s) = 5$

A number n is in  $O_3$  if n+1 is divisible by 8 .

We pose :  $w = (n+1)/8$  ;  $z = 4w-1 = (n-1)/2 \rightarrow f(z) = (27z+23)/4$  after  $N(s) = 6$

d) Important remark

We use binomials of 4 types:

1) (even number)·n + (even number) → divisible by 2

2) (odd number)·n + (even number) : it can be Odd or Even. Is Odd if n = **2n+1** ; is Even if n = **2n**

3) (odd number)·n + (odd number): it can be Odd or Even. Is Odd if n = **2n** ; is Even if n = **2n+1**

4) (even number)·n + (odd number): it can be in  $O_1$  or in  $O_2$  or in  $O_3$  :

4a) It's in  $O_1$  if n = **2n** or if n = **2n+1**.

4b) It's in  $O_2$  if n = **4n+1** or if n = **4n+3** ; if n = **4n** or if n = **4n+2**

4c) It's in  $O_3$  if n = **4n+3** or if n = **4n+1** ; if n = **4n+2** or if n = **4n**

e) If it is written E; O;  $O_1$ ;  $O_2$ ;  $O_3$  it is an obligation; instead [E]; [O]; [ $O_1$ ]; [ $O_2$ ]; [ $O_3$ ] it is a choice

### 2.1. $O_1$ ; $O_2$ ; $O_3$

#### $O_1$

**4n+1**  $O_1 : x = 2n \rightarrow f(x) = 3n+1 < 4n+1$   $O_1 : N(s) = 3$

## O<sub>2</sub>

$$\mathbf{8n+3} \ O_2 : y = 4n+1 \rightarrow f(y) = 9n+4 \ [E] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{8n+3} \ O_2 \rightarrow 8(2n)+3 = \mathbf{16n+3} \ O_2^*$$

$$9n+4 \rightarrow 9(2n)+4 = 18n+4 \rightarrow \mathbf{9n+2 < 16n+3} \ O_2^* = \{3; 19; \dots\} : N(s) = \mathbf{6}$$

For generating odd numbers  $O_2 - O_2^* = \mathbf{16n+11} \ O_{2a} = \{11; 27; \dots\}$  we have:

$$\mathbf{16n+11} \ O_{2a} : y = 8n+5 \rightarrow f(y) = 18n+13 \ O_1 \vee O_2 \vee O_3 : N(s) = 5 \text{ steps}$$

## O<sub>3</sub>

$$\mathbf{8n-1} \ O_3 : z = 4n-1 \rightarrow f(z) = 27n-1 \ [E] : n = \mathbf{2n+1}$$

$$\mathbf{8n-1} \ O_3 \rightarrow 8(2n+1)-1 = \mathbf{16n+7} \ O_3$$

$$27n-1 \rightarrow 27(2n+1)-1 = 54n+26 \rightarrow 27n+13 \ [E] : n = \mathbf{2n+1}$$

$$\mathbf{16n+7} \ O_3 \rightarrow 16(2n+1)+7 = \mathbf{32n+23} \ O_3^*$$

$$27n+13 \rightarrow 27(2n+1)+13 = 54n+40 \rightarrow \mathbf{27n+20 < 32n+23} \ O_3^* = \{23; 55; \dots\} : N(s) = \mathbf{8}$$

For generating odd numbers  $O_3 - O_3^*$  of type:

$$\mathbf{32n-1} \ O_{3a} = \{31; 63; 95; \dots\} [n > 0]$$

$$\mathbf{32n+7} \ O_{3b} = \{7; 39; 71; \dots\} [n \geq 0]$$

$$\mathbf{32n+15} \ O_{3c} = \{15; 47; 79; \dots\} [n \geq 0]$$

we have:

$$\mathbf{32n-1} \ O_{3a} : z = 16n-1 \rightarrow f(z) = 108n-1 \ O_2 \vee O_3 : N(s) = 6 \text{ steps}$$

$$\mathbf{32n+7} \ O_{3b} : z = 16n+3 \rightarrow f(z) = 108n+26 \rightarrow 54n+13 \ O_1 \vee O_2 \vee O_3 : N(s) = 7 \text{ steps}$$

$$\mathbf{32n+15} \ O_{3c} : z = 16n+7 \rightarrow f(z) = 108n+53 \ O_1 : x = 54n+26 \rightarrow f(x) = 81n+40 \ E \vee O : N(s) = 9 \text{ steps}$$

Keep in mind that:  $32n-9 \ O_3^* \sim 32n+23 \ O_3^* ; 32n-1 \ O_{3a} \sim 32n+31 \ O_{3a}$ .

*Summarizing :*

$$\mathbf{O} = \mathbf{O}_1 \cup \mathbf{O}_2 \cup \mathbf{O}_3$$

$$\mathbf{O}_2 = \mathbf{O}_2^* \cup \mathbf{O}_{2a}$$

$$\mathbf{O}_3 = \mathbf{O}_3^* \cup \mathbf{O}_{3a} \cup \mathbf{O}_{3b} \cup \mathbf{O}_{3c}$$

## 2.2. Further analysis O<sub>2</sub>

$$\mathbf{16n+11} \ O_{2a} : y = 8n+5 \rightarrow f(y) = 18n+13 \ O_1 \vee O_2 \vee O_3 \text{ (a) (b) (c)}$$

$$(a) f(y) = 18n+13 [O_1] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{16n+11} \ O_{2a} \rightarrow 16(2n)+11 = \mathbf{32n+11} \ O_{2a}$$

$$18n+13 \rightarrow 18(2n)+13 = 36n+13 \ O_1 : x = 18n+6 \rightarrow f(x) = \mathbf{27n+10 < 32n+11} \ O_{2a}$$

Check :

$$32n+11 \ O_{2a} : y = 16n+5 \rightarrow f(y) = 36n+13 \ O_1 : x = 18n+6 \rightarrow f(x) = \mathbf{27n+10 < 32n+11} \ O_{2a} = \{11; 43; \dots\} : N(s) = \mathbf{8}$$

Chain of connections :

$$O_{2a} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow \mathbf{27n+10 < 32n+11} O_{2a}$$

$$(b) f(y) = 18n+13 [O_2] : n = \mathbf{4n+3}$$

$$\mathbf{16n+11} O_{2a} \rightarrow 16(4n+3)+11 = \mathbf{64n+59} O_{2a}$$

$$18n+13 \rightarrow 18(4n+3)+13 = 72n+67 O_2 : y = 36n+33 \rightarrow f(y) = 81n+76 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n} \quad (1)$$

$$\mathbf{64n+59} O_{2a} \rightarrow 64(2n)+59 = \mathbf{128n+59} O_{2a}$$

$$81n+76 \rightarrow 81(2n)+76 = 162n+76 \rightarrow \mathbf{81n+38 < 128n+59} O_{2a}$$

Check :

$$128n+59 O_{2a} : y = 64n+29 \rightarrow f(y) = 144n+67 O_2^* : y = 72n+33 \rightarrow f(y) = 162n+76 \rightarrow$$

$$\mathbf{81n+38 < 128n+59} O_{2a} = \{59; 187; \dots\} : N(s) = \mathbf{11}$$

Chain of connections :

$$O_{2a} \rightarrow O_2^* \rightarrow E \rightarrow \mathbf{81n+38 < 128n+59} O_{2a}$$

$$(2) f(y) = 81n+76 [O] : n = \mathbf{2n+1}$$

$$\mathbf{64n+59} O_{2a} \rightarrow 64(2n+1)+59 = \mathbf{128n+123} O_{2a}$$

$$f(y) = 81n+76 \rightarrow 81(2n+1)+76 = 162n+157 O_1 \vee O_2 \vee O_3 \quad (a) \ (b) \ (c)$$

$$(a) f(y) = 162n+157 [O_1] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{128n+123} O_{2a} \rightarrow 128(2n)+123 = \mathbf{256n+123} O_{2a}$$

$$162n+157 \rightarrow 162(2n)+157 = 324n+157 O_1 : x = 162n+78 \rightarrow f(x) = \mathbf{243n+118 < 256n+123} O_{2a}$$

Check :

$$\mathbf{256n+123} O_{2a} : y = 128n+61 \rightarrow f(y) = 288n+139 O_{2a} : y = 144n+69 \rightarrow f(y) = 324n+157 O_1 :$$

$$x = 162n+78 \rightarrow f(x) = \mathbf{243n+118 < 256n+123} O_{2a} = \{123; 379; \dots\} : N(s) = \mathbf{13}$$

Chain of connections :

$$O_{2a} \rightarrow O_{2a} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow \mathbf{243n+118 < 256n+123} O_{2a}$$

$$(b) f(y) = 162n+157 [O_2] : n = \mathbf{4n+3}$$

$$\mathbf{128n+123} O_{2a} \rightarrow 128(4n+3)+123 = \mathbf{512n+507} O_{2a}$$

$$162n+157 \rightarrow 162(4n+3)+157 = 648n+643 O_2 : y = 324n+321 \rightarrow f(y) = 729n+724 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n} \quad (1)$$

$$\mathbf{512n+507} O_{2a} \rightarrow 512(2n)+507 = \mathbf{1024n+507} O_{2a}$$

$$729n+724 \rightarrow 729(2n)+724 = 1458n+724 \rightarrow \mathbf{729n+362 < 1024n+507} O_{2a}$$

Check :

$$\mathbf{1024n+507} O_{2a} : y = 512n+253 \rightarrow f(y) = 1152n+571 O_{2a} : y = 576n+285 \rightarrow$$

$$f(y) = 1296n+643 O_2^* : y = 648n+321 \rightarrow f(y) = 1458n+728 \rightarrow$$

$$\mathbf{729n+362 < 1024n+507} = \{507; 1531; \dots\} : N(s) = \mathbf{16}$$

Chain of connections :

$$O_{2a} \rightarrow O_{2a} \rightarrow O_2^* \rightarrow E \rightarrow \mathbf{729n+362 < 1024n+507}$$

$$(2) f(y) = 729n+724 [O] : n = \mathbf{2n+1}$$

$$\mathbf{512n+507} O_{2a} \rightarrow 512(2n+1)+507 = \mathbf{1024n+1019} O_{2a}$$

$$729n+724 \rightarrow 729(2n+1)+724 = 1458n+1453 O_1 \vee O_2 \vee O_3 \dots \dots$$

$$(c) f(y) = 162n+157 [O_3] : n = \mathbf{4n+1}$$

$$\mathbf{128n+123} O_{2a} \rightarrow 128(4n+1)+123 = \mathbf{512n+251} O_{2a}$$

$$162n+157 \rightarrow 162(4n+1)+157 = 648n+319 O_3 : z = 324n+159 \rightarrow$$

$$f(z) = 2187n+1079 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n+1} (1)$$

$$\mathbf{512n+251} O_{2a} \rightarrow 512(2n+1)+251 = \mathbf{1024n+763} O_{2a}$$

$$2187n+1079 \rightarrow 2187(2n+1)+1079 = 4374n+3266 \rightarrow 2187n+1633 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n+1}$$

$$\mathbf{1024n+763} O_{2a} \rightarrow 1024(2n+1)+763 = \mathbf{2048n+1787} O_{2a}$$

$$2187n+1633 \rightarrow 2187(2n+1)+1633 = 4374n+3820 \rightarrow 2187n+1910 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{2048n+1787} O_{2a} \rightarrow 2048(2n)+1787 = \mathbf{4096n+1787} O_{2a}$$

$$2187n+1910 \rightarrow 2187(2n)+1910 = 4374n+1910 \rightarrow \mathbf{2187n+955} < \mathbf{4096n+1787} O_{2a}$$

Check :

$$\mathbf{4096n+1787} O_{2a} : y = 2048n+893 \rightarrow f(y) = 4608n+2011 O_{2a} : y = 2304+1005 \rightarrow$$

$$f(y) = 5184n+2263 O_3^* : z = 2592n+1131 \rightarrow f(z) = 17496n+7640 \rightarrow 8748n+3820 \rightarrow$$

$$4374n+1910 \rightarrow \mathbf{2187n+955} < \mathbf{4096n+1787} O_{2a} = \{1787; \dots\} : N(s) = \mathbf{19}$$

Chain of connections :

$$O_{2a} \rightarrow O_{2a} \rightarrow O_3^* \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow \mathbf{2187n+955} < \mathbf{4096n+1787} O_{2a}$$

$$(2) f(z) = 2187n+1079 [O] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{512n+251} O_{2a} \rightarrow 512(2n)+251 = \mathbf{1024n+251} O_{2a}$$

$$2187n+1079 \rightarrow 2187(2n)+1079 = 4374n+1079 O_1 \vee O_2 \vee O_3 \dots \dots$$

$$(c) f(y) = 18n+13 [O_3] : n = \mathbf{4n+1}$$

$$\mathbf{16n+11} O_{2a} \rightarrow 16(4n+1)+11 = \mathbf{64n+27} O_{2a}$$

$$18n+13 \rightarrow 18(4n+1)+13 = 72n+31 O_3 : z = 36n+15 \rightarrow f(z) = 243n+107 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n+1} (1) \dots \dots$$

$$(2) f(z) = 243n+107 [O] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{64n+27} O_{2a} \rightarrow 64(2n)+27 = \mathbf{128n+27} O_{2a}$$

$$f(z) = 243n+107 \rightarrow 243(2n)+107 = 486n+107 O_1 \vee O_2 \vee O_3 (a) (b) (c)$$

$$(a) f(z) = 486n+107 [O_1] : n = \mathbf{2n+1} \dots \dots$$

$$(b) f(z) = 486n+107 [O_2] : n = \mathbf{4n} \dots \dots$$

$$(c) f(z) = 486n+107 [O_3] : n = \mathbf{4n+2}$$

$$\mathbf{128n+27} O_{2a} \rightarrow 128(4n+2)+27 = \mathbf{512n+283} O_{2a}$$

$$486n+107 \rightarrow 486(4n+2)+107 = 1944n+1079 O_3 : z = 972n+539 \rightarrow f(z) = 6561n+3644 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{512n+283} O_{2a} \rightarrow 512(2n)+283 = \mathbf{1024n+283} O_{2a}$$

$$6561n+3644 \rightarrow 6561(2n)+3644 = 13122n+3644 \rightarrow 6561n+1822 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{1024n+283} O_{2a} \rightarrow 1024(2n)+283 = \mathbf{2048n+283} O_{2a}$$

$$6561n+1822 \rightarrow 6561(2n)+1822 = 13122n+1822 \rightarrow 6561n+911 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n+1}$$

$$\mathbf{2048n+283} O_{2a} \rightarrow 2048(2n+1)+283 = \mathbf{4096n+2331} O_{2a}$$

$$6561n+911 \rightarrow 6561(2n+1)+911 = 13122n+7472 \rightarrow 6561n+3736 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{4096n+2331} O_{2a} \rightarrow 4096(2n)+2331 = \mathbf{8192n+2331} O_{2a}$$

$$6561n+3736 \rightarrow 6561(2n)+3736 = 13122n+3736 \rightarrow \mathbf{6561n+1868} < \mathbf{8192n+2331} O_{2a}$$

Check :

$$\mathbf{8192n+2331} O_{2a} : y = 4096n+1165 \rightarrow f(y) = 9216n+2623 O_{3a} : z = 4608n+1311 \rightarrow$$

$$f(z) = 31104n+8855 O_3^* : z = 15552n+4427 \rightarrow f(z) = 104976n+29888 \rightarrow$$

$$52488n+14944 \rightarrow 26244n+7472 \rightarrow 13122n+3736 \rightarrow$$

$$\mathbf{6561n+1868 < 8192n+2331} \quad O_{2a} = \{2331; \dots\} : N(s) = \mathbf{21}$$

Chain of connections :

$$O_{2a} \rightarrow O_{3a} \rightarrow O_3^* \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow \mathbf{6561n+1868 < 8192n+2331} \quad O_{2a}$$

... ...

... ...

### 2.3. Further analysis $O_3$

$O_{3a}$

$$\mathbf{32n-1} \quad O_{3a} \sim \mathbf{32n+31} \quad O_{3a} : z = 16n+15 \rightarrow f(z) = 108n+107 \quad O_2 \vee O_3 \rightarrow 324n+322 \rightarrow 162n+161 \quad O_1 \vee O_2 \vee O_3 \quad (a) (b) (c)$$

$$(a) f(z) = 162n+161 [O_1] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{32n+31} \quad O_{3a} \rightarrow 32(2n)+31 = \mathbf{64n+31} \quad O_{3a}$$

$$162n+161 \rightarrow 162(2n)+161 = 324n+161 \quad O_1 : x = 162n+80 \rightarrow f(x) = 243n+121 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n+1} \quad (1)$$

$$\mathbf{64n+31} \quad O_{3a} \rightarrow 64(2n+1)+31 = \mathbf{128n+95} \quad O_{3a}$$

$$243n+121 \rightarrow 243(2n+1)+121 = 486n+364 \rightarrow 243n+182 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{128n+95} \quad O_{3a} \rightarrow 128(2n)+95 = \mathbf{256n+95} \quad O_{3a}$$

$$243n+182 \rightarrow 243(2n)+182 = 486n+182 \rightarrow \mathbf{243n+91 < 256n+95} \quad O_{3a}$$

Check :

$$\mathbf{256n+95} \quad O_{3a} : z = 128n+47 \rightarrow f(z) = 864n+323 \quad O_2^* : y = 432n+161 \rightarrow f(y) = 972n+364 \rightarrow 486n+182 \rightarrow \mathbf{243n+91 < 256n+95} \quad O_{3a} = \{95; 351; \dots\} : N(s) = \mathbf{13}$$

Chain of connections :

$$O_{3a} \rightarrow O_2^* \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow \mathbf{243n+91 < 256n+95} \quad O_{3a}$$

$$(2) f(x) = 243n+121 [O] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{64n+31} \quad O_{3a} \rightarrow 64(2n)+31 = \mathbf{128n+31} \quad O_{3a}$$

$$243n+121 \rightarrow 243(2n)+121 = 486n+121 \quad O_1 \vee O_2 \vee O_3 \quad (a) (b) (c)$$

$$(a) f(x) = 486n+121 [O_1] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{128n+31} \quad O_{3a} \rightarrow 128(2n)+31 = \mathbf{256n+31} \quad O_{3a}$$

$$486n+121 \rightarrow 486(2n)+121 = 972n+121 \quad O_1 : x = 486n+60 \rightarrow f(x) = 729n+91 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n+1} \quad (1)$$

$$\mathbf{256n+31} \quad O_{3a} \rightarrow 256(2n+1)+31 = \mathbf{512n+287} \quad O_{3a}$$

$$729n+91 \rightarrow 729(2n+1)+91 = 1458n+820 \rightarrow 729n+410 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{512n+287} \quad O_{3a} \rightarrow 512(2n)+287 = \mathbf{1024n+287} \quad O_{3a}$$

$$729n+410 \rightarrow 729(2n)+410 = 1458n+410 \rightarrow \mathbf{729n+205 < 1024n+287} \quad O_{3a}$$

Check :

$$\mathbf{1024n+287} \quad O_{3a} : z = 512n+143 \rightarrow f(z) = 3456n+971 \quad O_{2a} : y = 1728n+485 \rightarrow f(y) = 3888n+1093 \quad O_1 : x = 1944n+546 \rightarrow f(x) = 2916n+820 \rightarrow 1458n+410 \rightarrow \mathbf{729n+205 < 1024n+287} \quad O_{3a} = \{287; 1311; \dots\} : N(s) = \mathbf{16}$$

Chain of connections :

$$O_{3a} \rightarrow O_{2a} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow \mathbf{729n+205 < 1024n+287} \quad O_{3a}$$

$$(2) f(x) = 729n+91 [O] : n = \mathbf{2n} \dots \dots$$

$$(b) f(z) = 162n+121 [O_2] : n = \mathbf{4n+1} \dots \dots$$

$$(c) f(z) = 162n+161 [O_3] : n = \mathbf{4n+3}$$

$$\mathbf{32n+31} O_{3a} \rightarrow 32(\mathbf{4n+3})+31 = \mathbf{128n+127} O_{3a}$$

$$162n+161 \rightarrow 162(\mathbf{4n+3})+31 = 648n+647 O_3 : z = 324n+323 \rightarrow f(z) = 2187n+2186 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n} (1)$$

$$\mathbf{128n+127} O_{3a} \rightarrow 128(2n)+127 = \mathbf{256n+127} O_{3a}$$

$$2187n+2186 \rightarrow 2187(2n)+2186 = 4374n+2186 \rightarrow 2187n+1093 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n+1}$$

$$\mathbf{256n+127} O_{3a} \rightarrow 256(2n+1)+127 = \mathbf{512n+383} O_{3a}$$

$$2187n+1093 \rightarrow 2187(2n+1)+1093 = 4374n+3280 \rightarrow 2187n+1640 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{512n+383} O_{3a} \rightarrow 512(2n)+383 = \mathbf{1024n+383} O_{3a}$$

$$2187n+1640 \rightarrow 2187(2n)+1640 = 4374n+1640 \rightarrow 2187n+820 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{1024n+383} O_{3a} \rightarrow 1024(2n)+383 = \mathbf{2048n+383} O_{3a}$$

$$2187n+820 \rightarrow 2187(2n)+820 = 4374n+820 \rightarrow 2187n+410 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{2048n+383} O_{3a} \rightarrow 2048(2n)+383 = \mathbf{4096n+383} O_{3a}$$

$$2187n+410 \rightarrow 2187(2n)+410 = 4374n+410 \rightarrow \mathbf{2187n+205} < \mathbf{4096n+383} O_{3a}$$

Check :

$$\mathbf{4096n+383} O_{3a} : z = 2048n+191 \rightarrow f(z) = 13824n+1295 O_{3c} : z = 6912n+647 \rightarrow$$

$$f(z) = 46656n+4373 O_1 : x = 23328n+2186 \rightarrow f(x) = 34992n+3280 \rightarrow 17496n+1640 \rightarrow$$

$$8748n+820 \rightarrow 4374n+410 \rightarrow \mathbf{2187n+205} < \mathbf{4096n+383} O_{3a} = \{383; \dots\} : N(s) = \mathbf{19}$$

Chain of connections :

$$O_{3a} \rightarrow O_{3c} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow \mathbf{2187n+205} < \mathbf{4096n+383} O_{3a}$$

$$(2) f(z) = 2187n+2186 [O] : n = \mathbf{2n+1}$$

$$\mathbf{128n+127} O_{3a} \rightarrow 128(2n+1)+127 = \mathbf{256n+255} O_{3a}$$

$$2187n+2186 \rightarrow 2187(2n+1)+2186 = 4374n+4373 O_1 \vee O_2 \vee O_3 \text{ (a) (b) (c)}$$

$$(a) f(z) = 4374n+4373 [O_1] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{256n+255} O_{3a} \rightarrow 256(2n)+255 = \mathbf{512n+255} O_{3a}$$

$$4374n+4373 \rightarrow 4374(2n)+4373 = 8748n+4373 O_1 : x = 4374n+2186 \rightarrow f(x) = 6561n+3280 [E] :$$

$$n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{512n+255} O_{3a} \rightarrow 512(2n)+255 = \mathbf{1024n+255} O_{3a}$$

$$6561n+3280 \rightarrow 6561(2n)+3280 = 13122n+3280 \rightarrow 6561n+1640 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{1024n+255} O_{3a} \rightarrow 1024(2n)+255 = \mathbf{2048n+255} O_{3a}$$

$$6561n+1640 \rightarrow 6561(2n)+1640 = 13122n+1640 \rightarrow 6561n+820 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{2048n+255} O_{3a} \rightarrow 2048(2n)+255 = \mathbf{4096n+255} O_{3a}$$

$$6561n+820 \rightarrow 6561(2n)+820 = 13122n+820 \rightarrow 6561n+410 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{4096n+255} O_{3a} \rightarrow 4096(2n)+255 = \mathbf{8192n+255} O_{3a}$$

$$6561n+410 \rightarrow 6561(2n)+410 = 13122n+410 \rightarrow \mathbf{6561n+205} < \mathbf{8192n+255} O_{3a}$$

Check :

$$\mathbf{8192n+255} O_{3a} : z = 4096n+127 \rightarrow f(z) = 27648n+863 O_{3a} : z = 13824n+431 \rightarrow$$

$$f(z) = 93312n+2915 O_2^* : y = 46656n+1457 \rightarrow f(y) = 104976n+3280 \rightarrow$$

$$52488n+1640 \rightarrow 26244n+820 \rightarrow 13122n+410 \rightarrow$$

$$\mathbf{6561n+205} < \mathbf{8192n+255} O_{3a} = \{255; \dots\} : N(s) = \mathbf{21}$$

Chain of connections :

$$O_{3a} \rightarrow O_{3a} \rightarrow O_2^* \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow \mathbf{6561n+205} < \mathbf{8192n+255} O_{3a}$$

....

## **O<sub>3b</sub>**

**32n+7 O<sub>3b</sub>** : z = 16n+3 → f(z) = 108n+26 → 54n+13 O<sub>1</sub> ∨ O<sub>2</sub> ∨ O<sub>3</sub> (a) (b) (c)

(a) f(z) = 54n+13 [O<sub>1</sub>] : n = **2n**

**32n+7 O<sub>3b</sub>** → 32(2n)+7 = **64n+7 O<sub>3b</sub>**

54n+13 → 54(2n)+13 = 108n+13 O<sub>1</sub> : x = 54n+6 → f(x) = 81n+10 [E] : n = **2n** (1)

**64n+7 O<sub>3b</sub>** → 64(2n)+7 = **128n+7 O<sub>3b</sub>**

81n+10 → 81(2n)+10 = 162n+10 → **81n+5 < 128n+7 O<sub>3b</sub>**

Check :

**128n+7 O<sub>3b</sub>** : z = 64n+3 → f(z) = 432n+26 → 216n+13 O<sub>1</sub> : x = 108n+6 →

f(x) = 162n+10 → **81n+5 < 128n+7 O<sub>3b</sub>** = {7; 135; ...} : N(s) = **11**

Chain of connections :

O<sub>3b</sub> → E → O<sub>1</sub> → E → **81n+5 < 128n+7 O<sub>3b</sub>**

(b) f(z) = 54n+13 [O<sub>2</sub>] : n = **4n+1**

**32n+7 O<sub>3b</sub>** → 32(4n+1)+7 = **128n+39 O<sub>3b</sub>**

54n+13 → 54(4n+1)+13 = 216n+67 O<sub>2</sub> : y = 108n+33 → f(y) = 243n+76 [E] : n = **2n** (1)

**128n+39 O<sub>3b</sub>** → 128(2n)+39 = **256n+39 O<sub>3b</sub>**

243n+76 → 243(2n)+76 = 486n+76 → **243n+38 < 256n+39 O<sub>3b</sub>**

Check :

**256n+39 O<sub>3b</sub>** : z = 128n+19 → f(z) = 864n+134 → 432n+67 O<sub>2\*</sub> : y = 216n+33 →

f(y) = 486n+76 → **243n+38 < 256n+39 O<sub>3b</sub>** = {39; 295; ...} : N(s) = **13**

Chain of connections :

O<sub>3b</sub> → E → O<sub>2\*</sub> → E → **243n+38 < 256n+39 O<sub>3b</sub>**

(2) f(x) = 81n+10 [O] : n = **2n+1**

**64n+7 O<sub>3b</sub>** → 64(2n+1)+7 = **128n+71 O<sub>3b</sub>**

81n+10 → 81(2n+1)+10 = 162n+91 O<sub>1</sub> ∨ O<sub>2</sub> ∨ O<sub>3</sub> ... ...

(2) f(y) = 243n+76 [O] : n = **2n+1**

**128n+39 O<sub>3b</sub>** → 128(2n+1)+39 = **256n+167 O<sub>3b</sub>**

243n+76 → 243(2n+1)+76 = 486n+319 O<sub>1</sub> ∨ O<sub>2</sub> ∨ O<sub>3</sub> (a) (b) (c)

(a) f(y) = 486n+319 [O<sub>1</sub>] : n = **2n+1**

**256n+167 O<sub>3b</sub>** → 256(2n+1)+167 = **512n+423 O<sub>3b</sub>**

486n+319 → 486(2n+1)+319 = 972n+805 O<sub>1</sub> : x = 486n+402 → f(x) = 729n+604 [E] : n = **2n** (1)

**512n+423 O<sub>3b</sub>** → 512(2n)+423 = **1024n+423 O<sub>3b</sub>**

729n+604 → 729(2n)+604 = 1458n+604 = **729n+302 < 1024n+423 O<sub>3b</sub>**

Check :

**1024n+423 O<sub>3b</sub>** : z = 512n+211 → f(z) = 3456n+1430 → 1728n+715 O<sub>2a</sub> : y = 864n+357 →

f(y) = 1944n+805 O<sub>1</sub> : x = 972n+402 → f(x) = 1458n+604 → **729n+302 < 1024n+423 O<sub>3b</sub>** =

{423; 1447; ...} : N(s) = **16**

Chain of connections :

O<sub>3b</sub> → E → O<sub>2a</sub> → O<sub>1</sub> → E → **729n+302 < 1024n+423 O<sub>3b</sub>**

$$(2) f(x) = 729n+604 [O] : n = \mathbf{2n+1} \dots \dots$$

$$(c) f(z) = 54n+13 [O_3] : n = \mathbf{4n+3}$$

$$\mathbf{32n+7} O_{3b} \rightarrow 32(\mathbf{4n+3})+7 = \mathbf{128n+103} O_{3b}$$

$$54n+13 \rightarrow 54(\mathbf{4n+3})+13 = 216n+175 O_3 : z = 108n+87 \rightarrow f(z) = 729n+593 [O] : n = \mathbf{2n+1}$$

$$\mathbf{128n+103} O_{3b} \rightarrow 128(\mathbf{2n+1})+103 = \mathbf{256n+103} O_{3b}$$

$$729n+593 \rightarrow 729(\mathbf{2n+1})+593 = 1458n+593 O_1 \vee O_2 \vee O_3 \text{ (a) (b) (c)}$$

$$(a) f(z) = 1458n+593 [O_1] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{256n+103} O_{3b} \rightarrow 256(\mathbf{2n})+103 = \mathbf{512n+103} O_{3b}$$

$$1458n+593 \rightarrow 1458(\mathbf{2n})+593 = 2916n+593 O_1 : x = 1458n+296 \rightarrow$$

$$f(x) = 2187n+445 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n+1}$$

$$\mathbf{512n+103} O_{3b} \rightarrow 512(\mathbf{2n+1})+103 = \mathbf{1024n+615} O_{3b}$$

$$2187n+445 \rightarrow 2187(\mathbf{2n+1})+445 = 4374n+2632 \rightarrow 2187n+1316 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{1024n+615} O_{3b} \rightarrow 1024(\mathbf{2n})+615 = \mathbf{2048n+615} O_{3b}$$

$$2187n+1316 \rightarrow 2187(\mathbf{2n})+1316 = 4374n+2632 \rightarrow 2187n+658 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{2048n+615} O_{3b} \rightarrow 2048(\mathbf{2n})+615 = \mathbf{4096n+615} O_{3b}$$

$$2187n+658 \rightarrow 2187(\mathbf{2n})+658 = 4374n+658 \rightarrow \mathbf{2187n+329} < \mathbf{4096n+615} O_{3b}$$

Check :

$$\mathbf{4096n+615} O_{3b} : z = 2048n+307 \rightarrow f(z) = 13824n+2078 \rightarrow 6912n+1039 O_{3c} : z = 3456n+519 \rightarrow$$

$$f(z) = 23328n+3509 O_1 : x = 11664n+1754 \rightarrow f(x) = 17496n+2632 \rightarrow 8748n+1316 \rightarrow$$

$$4374n+658 \rightarrow \mathbf{2187n+329} < \mathbf{4096n+615} O_{3b} = \{615; \dots\} : N(s) = \mathbf{19}$$

Chain of connections :

$$O_{3b} \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_{3c} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow \mathbf{2187n+329} < \mathbf{4096n+615} O_{3b}$$

$$(b) f(z) = 1458n+593 [O_2] : n = \mathbf{4n+1} \dots \dots$$

$$(c) f(z) = 1458n+593 [O_3] : n = \mathbf{4n+3} \dots \dots$$

$$(b) f(y) = 486n+319 [O_2] : n = \mathbf{4n+2} \dots \dots$$

$$(c) f(y) = 486n+319 [O_3] : n = \mathbf{4n}$$

$$\mathbf{256n+167} O_{3b} \rightarrow 256(\mathbf{4n})+167 = \mathbf{1024n+167} O_{3b}$$

$$486n+319 \rightarrow 486(\mathbf{4n})+319 = 1944n+319 O_3 : z = 972n+159 \rightarrow f(z) = 6561n+1079 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n+1}$$

$$\mathbf{1024n+167} O_{3b} \rightarrow 1024(\mathbf{2n+1})+167 = \mathbf{2048n+1191} O_{3b}$$

$$6561n+1079 \rightarrow 6561(\mathbf{2n+1})+1079 = 13122n+7640 \rightarrow 6561n+3820 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{2048n+1191} O_{3b} \rightarrow 2048(\mathbf{2n})+1191 = \mathbf{4096n+1191} O_{3b}$$

$$6561n+3820 \rightarrow 6561(\mathbf{2n})+3820 = 13122n+3820 \rightarrow 6561n+1910 [E] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{4096n+1191} O_{3b} \rightarrow 4096(\mathbf{2n})+1191 = \mathbf{8192n+1191} O_{3b}$$

$$6561n+1910 \rightarrow 6561(\mathbf{2n})+1910 = 13122n+1910 \rightarrow \mathbf{6561n+955} < \mathbf{8192n+1191} O_{3b}$$

Check :

$$\mathbf{8192n+1191} O_{3b} : z = 4096n+595 \rightarrow f(z) = 27648n+4022 \rightarrow$$

$$13824n+2011 O_{2a} : y = 6912n+1005 \rightarrow f(y) = 15552n+2263 O_3^* : z = 7776n+1131 \rightarrow$$

$$f(z) = 52488n+7640 \rightarrow 26244n+3820 \rightarrow 13122n+1910 \rightarrow \mathbf{6561n+955} < \mathbf{8192n+1191} O_{3b} =$$

$$\{1191; \dots\} : N(s) = \mathbf{21}$$

Chain of connections :

$$O_{3b} \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_{2a} \rightarrow O_3^* \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow \mathbf{6561n+955} < \mathbf{8192n+1191} O_{3b}$$

....

**O<sub>3c</sub>**

$$\mathbf{32n+15} \text{ O}_{3c} : z = 16n+7 \rightarrow f(z) = 108n+53 \text{ O}_1 : x = 54n+26 \rightarrow f(x) = 81n+40 \text{ E} \vee \text{O} \quad (1) \quad (2)$$

$$(1) f(x) = 81n+40 \text{ [E]} : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{32n+15} \text{ O}_{3c} \rightarrow 32(2n)+15 = \mathbf{64n+15} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$81n+40 \rightarrow 81(2n)+40 = 162n+40 \rightarrow 81n+20 \text{ [E]} : n = \mathbf{2n} \quad (1)$$

$$\mathbf{64n+15} \text{ O}_{3c} \rightarrow 64(2n)+15 = \mathbf{128n+15} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$81n+20 \rightarrow 81(2n)+20 = 162n+20 \rightarrow \mathbf{81n+10} < \mathbf{128n+15} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

Check :

$$\mathbf{128n+15} \text{ O}_{3c} : z = 64n+7 \rightarrow f(z) = 432n+53 \text{ O}_1 : x = 216n+26 \rightarrow f(x) = 324n+40 \rightarrow$$

$$162n+20 \rightarrow \mathbf{81n+10} < \mathbf{128n+15} \text{ O}_{3c} = \{15; 143; \dots\} : N(s) = \mathbf{11}$$

Chain of connections :

$$\text{O}_{3c} \rightarrow \text{O}_1 \rightarrow \text{E} \rightarrow \mathbf{81n+10} < \mathbf{128n+15} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$(2) f(x) = 81n+20 \text{ [O]} : n = \mathbf{2n+1}$$

$$\mathbf{64n+15} \text{ O}_{3c} \rightarrow 64(2n+1)+15 = \mathbf{128n+79} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$81n+20 \rightarrow 81(2n+1)+20 = 162n+101 \text{ O}_1 \vee \text{O}_2 \vee \text{O}_3 \quad (\text{a}) \quad (\text{b}) \quad (\text{c})$$

$$(a) f(x) = 162n+101 \text{ [O}_1\text{]} : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{128n+79} \text{ O}_{3c} \rightarrow 128(2n)+79 = \mathbf{256n+79} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$162n+101 \rightarrow 162(2n)+101 = 324n+101 \text{ O}_1 : x = 162n+50 \rightarrow f(x) = \mathbf{243n+76} < \mathbf{256n+79} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

Check :

$$\mathbf{256n+79} \text{ O}_{3c} : z = 128n+39 \rightarrow f(z) = 864n+269 \text{ O}_1 : x = 432n+134 \rightarrow$$

$$f(x) = 648n+202 \rightarrow 324n+101 \text{ O}_1 : x = 162n+50 \rightarrow f(x) = \mathbf{243n+76} < \mathbf{256n+79} \text{ O}_{3c} =$$

$$\{79; 335; \dots\} : N(s) = \mathbf{13}$$

Chain of connections :

$$\text{O}_{3c} \rightarrow \text{O}_1 \rightarrow \text{E} \rightarrow \mathbf{243n+76} < \mathbf{256n+79} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$(2) f(x) = 81n+40 \text{ [O]} : n = \mathbf{2n+1}$$

$$\mathbf{32n+15} \text{ O}_{3c} \rightarrow 32(2n+1)+15 = \mathbf{64n+47} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$81n+40 \rightarrow 81(2n+1)+40 = 162n+121 \text{ O}_1 \vee \text{O}_2 \vee \text{O}_3 \quad (\text{a}) \quad (\text{b}) \quad (\text{c})$$

$$(a) f(x) = 162n+121 \text{ [O}_1\text{]} : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{64n+47} \text{ O}_{3c} \rightarrow 64(2n)+47 = \mathbf{128n+47} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$162n+121 \rightarrow 162(2n)+121 = 324n+121 \text{ O}_1 : x = 162n+60 \rightarrow f(x) = 243n+91 \text{ E} \vee \text{O} \quad (1) \quad (2)$$

$$(b) f(x) = 162n+121 \text{ [O}_2\text{]} : n = \mathbf{4n+1}$$

$$\mathbf{64n+47} \text{ O}_{3c} \rightarrow 64(4n+1)+47 = \mathbf{256n+111} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$162n+121 \rightarrow 162(4n+1)+121 = 648n+283 \text{ O}_2 : y = 324n+141 \rightarrow f(y) = 729n+319 \text{ [E]} : n = \mathbf{2n+1}$$

$$\mathbf{256n+111} \text{ O}_{3c} \rightarrow 256(2n+1)+111 = \mathbf{512n+367} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$729n+319 \rightarrow 729(2n+1)+319 = 1458n+1048 \rightarrow 729n+524 \text{ [E]} : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{512n+367} \text{ O}_{3c} \rightarrow 512(2n)+367 = \mathbf{1024n+367} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$729n+524 \rightarrow 729(2n)+524 = 1458n+524 \rightarrow \mathbf{729n+262} < \mathbf{1024n+367} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

Check :

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{1024n+367} \text{ O}_{3c} : z = 512n+183 \rightarrow f(z) = 3456n+1241 \text{ O}_1 : x = 1728n+620 \rightarrow \\ f(x) = 2592n+931 \text{ O}_2^* : y = 1296n+465 \rightarrow f(y) = 2916n+1048 \rightarrow 1458n+524 \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{729n+262 < 1024n+367} \text{ O}_{3c} = \{367; 1391; \dots\} : N(s) = \mathbf{16} \end{aligned}$$

Chain of connections :

$$\text{O}_{3c} \rightarrow \text{O}_1 \rightarrow \text{O}_2^* \rightarrow \text{E} \rightarrow \text{E} \rightarrow \mathbf{729n+262 < 1024n+367} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$(c) f(x) = 162n+121 [\text{O}_3] : n = \mathbf{4n+3} \dots \dots$$

$$(b) f(x) = 162n+101 [\text{O}_2] : n = \mathbf{4n+3}$$

$$\mathbf{128n+79} \text{ O}_{3c} \rightarrow 128(\mathbf{4n+3})+79 = \mathbf{512n+463} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$162n+101 \rightarrow 162(\mathbf{4n+3})+101 = 648n+587 \text{ O}_2 : y = 324n+293 \rightarrow f(y) = 729n+661 [\text{O}] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{512n+463} \text{ O}_{3c} \rightarrow 512(\mathbf{2n})+463 = \mathbf{1024n+463} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$729n+661 \rightarrow 729(\mathbf{2n})+661 = 1458n+661 \text{ O}_1 \vee \text{O}_2 \vee \text{O}_3 \text{ (a) (b) (c)}$$

$$(a) f(y) = 1458n+661 [\text{O}_1] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{1024n+463} \text{ O}_{3c} \rightarrow 1024(\mathbf{2n})+463 = \mathbf{2048n+463} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$1458n+661 \rightarrow 1458(\mathbf{2n})+661 = 2916n+661 \text{ O}_1 : x = 1458n+330 \rightarrow f(x) = 2187n+496 [\text{E}] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{2048n+463} \text{ O}_{3c} \rightarrow 2048(\mathbf{2n})+463 = \mathbf{4096n+463} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$2187n+496 \rightarrow 2187(\mathbf{2n})+496 = 4374n+496 \rightarrow \mathbf{2187n+248 < 4096n+463} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

Check :

$$\mathbf{4096n+463} \text{ O}_{3c} : z = 2048n+231 \rightarrow f(z) = 13824n+1565 \text{ O}_1 : x = 6912n+782 \rightarrow$$

$$f(x) = 10368n+1174 \rightarrow 5184n+587 \text{ O}_{2a} : y = 2592n+293 \rightarrow$$

$$f(y) = 5832n+661 \text{ O}_1 : x = 2916n+330 \rightarrow f(x) = 4374n+496 \rightarrow$$

$$\mathbf{2187n+248 < 4096n+463} \text{ O}_{3c} = \{463; \dots\} : N(s) = \mathbf{19}$$

Chain of connections :

$$\text{O}_{3c} \rightarrow \text{O}_1 \rightarrow \text{E} \rightarrow \text{O}_{2a} \rightarrow \text{O}_1 \rightarrow \text{E} \rightarrow \mathbf{2187n+248 < 4096n+463} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$(b) f(y) = 1458n+661 [\text{O}_2] : n = \mathbf{4n+3} \dots \dots$$

$$(c) f(y) = 1458n+661 [\text{O}_1] : n = \mathbf{4n+1} \dots \dots$$

$$(1) f(x) = 243n+91 [\text{E}] : n = \mathbf{2n+1} \dots \dots$$

$$(2) \text{ Let's consider } f(x) = 243n+91 [\text{O}] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{128n+47} \text{ O}_{3c} \rightarrow 128(\mathbf{2n})+47 = \mathbf{256n+47} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$243n+91 \rightarrow 243(\mathbf{2n})+91 = 486n+91 \text{ O}_1 \vee \text{O}_2 \vee \text{O}_3 \text{ (a) (b) (c)}$$

$$(a) f(x) = 486n+91 [\text{O}_1] : n = \mathbf{2n+1} \dots \dots$$

$$(b) f(x) = 486n+91 [\text{O}_2] : n = \mathbf{4n} \dots \dots$$

$$(c) f(x) = 486n+91 [\text{O}_3] : n = \mathbf{4n+2}$$

$$\mathbf{256n+47} \text{ O}_{3c} \rightarrow 256(\mathbf{4n+2})+47 = \mathbf{1024n+559} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$486n+91 \rightarrow 486(\mathbf{4n+2})+91 = 1944n+1063 \text{ O}_3 : z = 972n+531 \rightarrow f(z) = 6561n+3590 [\text{E}] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$\mathbf{1024n+559} \text{ O}_{3c} \rightarrow 1024(\mathbf{2n})+559 = \mathbf{2048n+559} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$6561n+3590 \rightarrow 6561(\mathbf{2n})+3590 = 13122n+3590 \rightarrow 6561n+1795 [\text{E}] : n = \mathbf{2n+1}$$

$$\mathbf{2048n+559} \text{ O}_{3c} \rightarrow 2048(\mathbf{2n+1})+559 = \mathbf{4096n+2607} \text{ O}_{3c}$$

$$6561n+1795 \rightarrow 6561(\mathbf{2n+1})+1795 = 13122n+8356 \rightarrow 6561n+4178 [\text{E}] : n = \mathbf{2n}$$

$$4096n+2607 O_{3c} \rightarrow 4096(2n)+2607 = 8192n+2607 O_{3c}$$

$$6561n+4178 \rightarrow 6561(2n)+4178 \quad 13122n+4178 \rightarrow 6561n+2089 < 8192n+2607 O_{3c}$$

Check:

$$\begin{aligned} 8192n+2607 O_{3c} : z = 4096n+1303 \rightarrow f(z) = 27648n+8801 O_1 : x = 13824n+4400 \rightarrow \\ f(x) = 20736n+6601 O_1 : x = 10368n+3300 \rightarrow f(x) = 15552n+4951 O_3^* : z = 7776n+2475 \rightarrow \\ f(z) = 52488n+16712 \rightarrow 26244n+8356 \rightarrow 13122n+4178 \rightarrow \\ 6561n+2089 < 8192n+2607 O_{3c} = \{2607; \dots\} : N(s) = 21 \end{aligned}$$

Chain of connections :

$$O_{3c} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_3^* \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow 6561n+2089 < 8192n+2607 O_{3c}$$

... ...

... ...

... ...

By the procedure previously illustrated, appropriately choosing the connections between the eight cycles, applying the formulas obtained from Theorem 2n+1, using Theorem of Independence explained later (§ 3.2.); we arrive to the following general list binomial inequalities  $N(s) \leq 21$ .

## 2.4. General List binomial inequalities $N(s) \leq 21$

$$N(s) = 3$$

$$3n+1 < 4n+1 O_1 = 3n+1 < 2^2 \cdot n+1 O_1$$

$$N(s) = 6$$

$$9n+2 < 16n+3 O_2^* = 3^2 \cdot n+2 < 2^4 \cdot n+3 O_2^*$$

$$N(s) = 8$$

$$\begin{aligned} 27n+10 &< 32n+11 O_{2a} = 3^3 \cdot n+10 < 2^5 \cdot n+11 O_{2a} \\ 27n+20 &< 32n+23 O_3^* = 3^3 \cdot n+20 < 2^5 \cdot n+23 O_3^* \end{aligned}$$

$$N(s) = 11$$

$$\begin{aligned} 81n+5 &< 128n+7 O_{3b} = 3^4 \cdot n+5 < 2^7 \cdot n+7 O_{3b} \\ 81n+10 &< 128n+15 O_{3c} = 3^4 \cdot n+10 < 2^7 \cdot n+15 O_{3c} \\ 81n+38 &< 128n+59 O_{2a} = 3^4 \cdot n+38 < 2^7 \cdot n+59 O_{2a} \end{aligned}$$

$$N(s) = 13$$

$$\begin{aligned} 243n+38 &< 256n+39 O_{3b} = 3^5 \cdot n+38 < 2^8 \cdot n+39 O_{3b} \\ 243n+76 &< 256n+79 O_{3c} = 3^5 \cdot n+76 < 2^8 \cdot n+79 O_{3c} \\ 243n+91 &< 256n+95 O_{3a} = 3^5 \cdot n+91 < 2^8 \cdot n+95 O_{3a} \\ 243n+118 &< 256n+123 O_{2a} = 3^5 \cdot n+118 < 2^8 \cdot n+123 O_{2a} \\ 243n+167 &< 256n+175 O_{3c} = 3^5 \cdot n+167 < 2^8 \cdot n+175 O_{3c} \\ 243n+190 &< 256n+199 O_{3b} = 3^5 \cdot n+190 < 2^8 \cdot n+199 O_{3b} \\ 243n+209 &< 256n+219 O_{2a} = 3^5 \cdot n+209 < 2^8 \cdot n+219 O_{2a} \end{aligned}$$

N(s) = **16**

$$\begin{aligned} 729n+205 &< 1024n+287 O_{3a} = 3^6 \cdot n + 205 < 2^{10} \cdot n + 287 O_{3a} \\ 729n+248 &< 1024n+347 O_{2a} = 3^6 \cdot n + 248 < 2^{10} \cdot n + 347 O_{2a} \\ 729n+262 &< 1024n+367 O_{3c} = 3^6 \cdot n + 262 < 2^{10} \cdot n + 367 O_{3c} \\ 729n+302 &< 1024n+423 O_{3b} = 3^6 \cdot n + 302 < 2^{10} \cdot n + 423 O_{3b} \\ 729n+362 &< 1024n+507 O_{2a} = 3^6 \cdot n + 362 < 2^{10} \cdot n + 507 O_{2a} \\ 729n+410 &< 1024n+575 O_{3a} = 3^6 \cdot n + 410 < 2^{10} \cdot n + 575 O_{3a} \\ 729n+416 &< 1024n+583 O_{3b} = 3^6 \cdot n + 416 < 2^{10} \cdot n + 583 O_{3b} \\ 729n+524 &< 1024n+735 O_{3a} = 3^6 \cdot n + 524 < 2^{10} \cdot n + 735 O_{3a} \\ 729n+581 &< 1024n+815 O_{3c} = 3^6 \cdot n + 581 < 2^{10} \cdot n + 815 O_{3c} \\ 729n+658 &< 1024n+923 O_{2a} = 3^6 \cdot n + 658 < 2^{10} \cdot n + 923 O_{2a} \\ 729n+695 &< 1024n+975 O_{3c} = 3^6 \cdot n + 695 < 2^{10} \cdot n + 975 O_{3c} \\ 729n+712 &< 1024n+999 O_{3b} = 3^6 \cdot n + 712 < 2^{10} \cdot n + 999 O_{3b} \end{aligned}$$

N(s) = **19**

$$\begin{aligned} 2187n+124 &< 4096n+231 O_{3b} = 3^7 \cdot n + 124 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 231 O_{3b} \\ 2187n+205 &< 4096n+383 O_{3a} = 3^7 \cdot n + 205 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 383 O_{3a} \\ 2187n+248 &< 4096n+463 O_{3c} = 3^7 \cdot n + 248 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 463 O_{3c} \\ 2187n+329 &< 4096n+615 O_{3b} = 3^7 \cdot n + 329 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 615 O_{3b} \\ 2187n+470 &< 4096n+879 O_{3c} = 3^7 \cdot n + 470 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 879 O_{3c} \\ 2187n+500 &< 4096n+935 O_{3b} = 3^7 \cdot n + 500 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 935 O_{3b} \\ 2187n+545 &< 4096n+1019 O_{2a} = 3^7 \cdot n + 545 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 1019 O_{2a} \\ 2187n+581 &< 4096n+1087 O_{3a} = 3^7 \cdot n + 581 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 1087 O_{3a} \\ 2187n+658 &< 4096n+1231 O_{3c} = 3^7 \cdot n + 658 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 1231 O_{3c} \\ 2187n+767 &< 4096n+1435 O_{2a} = 3^7 \cdot n + 767 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 1435 O_{2a} \\ 2187n+880 &< 4096n+1647 O_{3c} = 3^7 \cdot n + 880 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 1647 O_{3c} \\ 2187n+910 &< 4096n+1703 O_{3b} = 3^7 \cdot n + 910 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 1703 O_{3b} \\ 2187n+955 &< 4096n+1787 O_{2a} = 3^7 \cdot n + 955 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 1787 O_{2a} \\ 2187n+974 &< 4096n+1823 O_{3a} = 3^7 \cdot n + 974 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 1823 O_{3a} \\ 2187n+991 &< 4096n+1855 O_{3a} = 3^7 \cdot n + 991 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 1855 O_{3a} \\ 2187n+1085 &< 4096n+2031 O_{3c} = 3^7 \cdot n + 1085 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 2031 O_{3c} \\ 2187n+1177 &< 4096n+2203 O_{2a} = 3^7 \cdot n + 1177 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 2203 O_{2a} \\ 2187n+1196 &< 4096n+2239 O_{3a} = 3^7 \cdot n + 1196 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 2239 O_{3a} \\ 2187n+1256 &< 4096n+2351 O_{3c} = 3^7 \cdot n + 1256 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 2351 O_{3c} \\ 2187n+1382 &< 4096n+2587 O_{2a} = 3^7 \cdot n + 1382 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 2587 O_{2a} \\ 2187n+1384 &< 4096n+2591 O_{3a} = 3^7 \cdot n + 1384 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 2591 O_{3a} \\ 2187n+1553 &< 4096n+2907 O_{2a} = 3^7 \cdot n + 1553 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 2907 O_{2a} \\ 2187n+1589 &< 4096n+2975 O_{3a} = 3^7 \cdot n + 1589 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 2975 O_{3a} \\ 2187n+1666 &< 4096n+3119 O_{3c} = 3^7 \cdot n + 1666 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 3119 O_{3c} \\ 2187n+1679 &< 4096n+3143 O_{3b} = 3^7 \cdot n + 1679 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 3143 O_{3b} \\ 2187n+1760 &< 4096n+3295 O_{3a} = 3^7 \cdot n + 1760 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 3295 O_{3a} \\ 2187n+1901 &< 4096n+3559 O_{3b} = 3^7 \cdot n + 1901 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 3559 O_{3b} \\ 2187n+1963 &< 4096n+3675 O_{2a} = 3^7 \cdot n + 1963 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 3675 O_{2a} \\ 2187n+2089 &< 4096n+3911 O_{3b} = 3^7 \cdot n + 2089 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 3911 O_{3b} \\ 2187n+2170 &< 4096n+4063 O_{3a} = 3^7 \cdot n + 2170 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 4063 O_{3a} \end{aligned}$$

N(s) = **21**

$$6561n+154 < 8192n+191 O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 154 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 191 O_{3a}$$

$6561n+167 < 8192n+207$   $O_{3c} = 3^8 \cdot n + 167 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 207$   $O_{3c}$   
 $6561n+205 < 8192n+255$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 205 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 255$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+244 < 8192n+303$   $O_{3c} = 3^8 \cdot n + 244 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 303$   $O_{3c}$   
 $6561n+433 < 8192n+539$   $O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 433 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 539$   $O_{2a}$   
 $6561n+436 < 8192n+543$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 436 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 543$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+500 < 8192n+623$   $O_{3c} = 3^8 \cdot n + 500 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 623$   $O_{3c}$   
 $6561n+545 < 8192n+679$   $O_{3b} = 3^8 \cdot n + 545 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 679$   $O_{3b}$   
 $6561n+577 < 8192n+719$   $O_{3c} = 3^8 \cdot n + 577 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 719$   $O_{3c}$   
 $6561n+641 < 8192n+799$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 641 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 799$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+859 < 8192n+1071$   $O_{3c} = 3^8 \cdot n + 859 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 1071$   $O_{3c}$   
 $6561n+910 < 8192n+1135$   $O_{3c} = 3^8 \cdot n + 910 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 1135$   $O_{3c}$   
 $6561n+955 < 8192n+1191$   $O_{3b} = 3^8 \cdot n + 955 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 1191$   $O_{3b}$   
 $6561n+974 < 8192n+1215$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 974 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 1215$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+1000 < 8192n+1247$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 1000 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 1247$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+1064 < 8192n+1327$   $O_{3c} = 3^8 \cdot n + 1064 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 1327$   $O_{3c}$   
 $6561n+1253 < 8192n+1563$   $O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 1253 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 1563$   $O_{2a}$   
 $6561n+1256 < 8192n+1567$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 1256 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 1567$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+1384 < 8192n+1727$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 1384 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 1727$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+1589 < 8192n+1983$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 1589 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 1983$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+1615 < 8192n+2015$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 1615 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 2015$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+1663 < 8192n+2075$   $O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 1663 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 2075$   $O_{2a}$   
 $6561n+1666 < 8192n+2079$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 1666 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 2079$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+1679 < 8192n+2095$   $O_{3c} = 3^8 \cdot n + 1679 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 2095$   $O_{3c}$   
 $6561n+1820 < 8192n+2271$   $O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 1820 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 2271$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+1868 < 8192n+2331$   $O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 1868 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 2331$   $O_{2a}$   
 $6561n+1948 < 8192n+2431$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 1948 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 2431$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+2089 < 8192n+2607$   $O_{3c} = 3^8 \cdot n + 2089 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 2607$   $O_{3c}$   
 $6561n+2134 < 8192n+2663$   $O_{3b} = 3^8 \cdot n + 2134 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 2663$   $O_{3b}$   
 $6561n+2435 < 8192n+3039$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 2435 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 3039$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+2458 < 8192n+3067$   $O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 2458 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 3067$   $O_{2a}$   
 $6561n+2512 < 8192n+3135$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 2512 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 3135$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+2768 < 8192n+3455$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 2768 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 3455$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+2791 < 8192n+3483$   $O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 2791 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 3483$   $O_{2a}$   
 $6561n+2845 < 8192n+3551$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 2845 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 3551$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+2954 < 8192n+3687$   $O_{3b} = 3^8 \cdot n + 2954 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 3687$   $O_{3b}$   
 $6561n+3073 < 8192n+3835$   $O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 3073 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 3835$   $O_{2a}$   
 $6561n+3127 < 8192n+3903$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 3127 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 3903$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+3178 < 8192n+3967$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 3178 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 3967$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+3268 < 8192n+4079$   $O_{3c} = 3^8 \cdot n + 3268 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 4079$   $O_{3c}$   
 $6561n+3278 < 8192n+4091$   $O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 3278 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 4091$   $O_{2a}$   
 $6561n+3332 < 8192n+4159$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 3332 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 4159$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+3364 < 8192n+4199$   $O_{3b} = 3^8 \cdot n + 3364 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 4199$   $O_{3b}$   
 $6561n+3383 < 8192n+4223$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 3383 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 4223$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+3406 < 8192n+4251$   $O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 3406 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 4251$   $O_{2a}$   
 $6561n+3569 < 8192n+4455$   $O_{3b} = 3^8 \cdot n + 3569 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 4455$   $O_{3b}$   
 $6561n+3661 < 8192n+4507$   $O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 3661 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 4507$   $O_{2a}$   
 $6561n+3893 < 8192n+4859$   $O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 3893 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 4859$   $O_{2a}$   
 $6561n+3947 < 8192n+4927$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 3947 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 4927$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+3970 < 8192n+4955$   $O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 3970 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 4955$   $O_{2a}$   
 $6561n+4024 < 8192n+5023$   $O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 4024 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 5023$   $O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+4088 < 8192n+5103$   $O_{3c} = 3^8 \cdot n + 4088 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 5103$   $O_{3c}$

$6561n+4159 < 8192n+5191 O_{3b} = 3^8 \cdot n + 4159 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 5191 O_{3b}$   
 $6561n+4226 < 8192n+5275 O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 4226 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 5275 O_{2a}$   
 $6561n+4303 < 8192n+5371 O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 4303 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 5371 O_{2a}$   
 $6561n+4357 < 8192n+5439 O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 4357 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 5439 O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+4492 < 8192n+5607 O_{3b} = 3^8 \cdot n + 4492 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 5607 O_{3b}$   
 $6561n+4498 < 8192n+5615 O_{3c} = 3^8 \cdot n + 4498 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 5615 O_{3c}$   
 $6561n+4585 < 8192n+5723 O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 4585 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 5723 O_{2a}$   
 $6561n+4636 < 8192n+5787 O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 4636 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 5787 O_{2a}$   
 $6561n+4703 < 8192n+5871 O_{3c} = 3^8 \cdot n + 4703 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 5871 O_{3c}$   
 $6561n+4774 < 8192n+5959 O_{3b} = 3^8 \cdot n + 4774 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 5959 O_{3b}$   
 $6561n+4790 < 8192n+5979 O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 4790 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 5979 O_{2a}$   
 $6561n+4844 < 8192n+6047 O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 4844 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 6047 O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+4979 < 8192n+6215 O_{3b} = 3^8 \cdot n + 4979 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 6215 O_{3b}$   
 $6561n+5107 < 8192n+6375 O_{3b} = 3^8 \cdot n + 5107 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 6375 O_{3b}$   
 $6561n+5254 < 8192n+6559 O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 5254 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 6559 O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+5293 < 8192n+6607 O_{3c} = 3^8 \cdot n + 5293 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 6607 O_{3c}$   
 $6561n+5312 < 8192n+6631 O_{3b} = 3^8 \cdot n + 5312 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 6631 O_{3b}$   
 $6561n+5405 < 8192n+6747 O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 5405 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 6747 O_{2a}$   
 $6561n+5459 < 8192n+6815 O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 5459 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 6815 O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+5594 < 8192n+6983 O_{3b} = 3^8 \cdot n + 5594 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 6983 O_{3b}$   
 $6561n+5626 < 8192n+7023 O_{3c} = 3^8 \cdot n + 5626 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 7023 O_{3c}$   
 $6561n+5671 < 8192n+7079 O_{3b} = 3^8 \cdot n + 5671 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 7079 O_{3b}$   
 $6561n+5815 < 8192n+7259 O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 5815 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 7259 O_{2a}$   
 $6561n+5908 < 8192n+7375 O_{3c} = 3^8 \cdot n + 5908 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 7375 O_{3c}$   
 $6561n+5927 < 8192n+7399 O_{3b} = 3^8 \cdot n + 5927 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 7399 O_{3b}$   
 $6561n+6004 < 8192n+7495 O_{3b} = 3^8 \cdot n + 6004 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 7495 O_{3b}$   
 $6561n+6113 < 8192n+7631 O_{3c} = 3^8 \cdot n + 6113 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 7631 O_{3c}$   
 $6561n+6241 < 8192n+7791 O_{3c} = 3^8 \cdot n + 6241 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 7791 O_{3c}$   
 $6561n+6286 < 8192n+7847 O_{3b} = 3^8 \cdot n + 6286 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 7847 O_{3b}$   
 $6561n+6337 < 8192n+7911 O_{3b} = 3^8 \cdot n + 6337 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 7911 O_{3b}$   
 $6561n+6382 < 8192n+7967 O_{3a} = 3^8 \cdot n + 6382 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 7967 O_{3a}$   
 $6561n+6446 < 8192n+8047 O_{3c} = 3^8 \cdot n + 6446 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 8047 O_{3c}$   
 $6561n+6491 < 8192n+8103 O_{3b} = 3^8 \cdot n + 6491 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 8103 O_{3b}$

The binomial inequalities are of type:

$$3^h \cdot n + q < 2^k \cdot n + p$$

- $p$  is the well-known term of the binomial main horizons;  $q$  is the corresponding well-known term of the binomial lower horizons :  $q < p$ .
- $h + k = N(s)$  number of steps :  $N(s)$  increment = 2 or 3
- Increase of  $k$  1 or 2 : 1 if  $N(s)$  increment = 2 ; 2 if  $N(s)$  increment = 3
- Increase of  $h$  always 1

Collatz sequences arrive at their respective links by unpredictable ways and without generalized rules, except those indicated above. For  $N(s) = 21$  there are 85 chains of connections and related links. The number of links increase considerably with the increase of  $N(s)$ , but, at the same time, their percentage is significantly reduced as well as the coverage of  $\mathbb{N}$  (§ 2.4.1 ; § 3.6.).

### *Remark*

To compile the above list, in some cases of the same N(s), the following method was used.  
 If  $\Theta(m1) < \Theta(m2)$  ( $p_1 < p_2$ ) are two consecutive main horizons of two equivalent cycles and  $p$  is a generic well-known term, such that  $p_1 < p < p_2$ , then:  $p = \{p_2 \bmod 4 - p \in O_2^* \cup p \in O_3^* \cup p \sim N(s)$  previously calculated} (§ 3.3.3.).

### 2.4.1. Percentages

From the general list above we have the following percentages:

The remaining 4% is covered by the binomial inequalities of the infinite cycles of links. By apposite calculation tools it is possible to reach close by 100% of  $\mathbb{N}$ , but, as it will be proved, it's not possible to arrive 100% coverage of  $\mathbb{N}$ .

### 3. SC Quadrature

### 3.1. Theorem of duplication

### **Statement:**

If a binomial inequality is valid for the horizon  $2^a \cdot n + p$  then it also applies to the horizon  $2 \cdot 2^a \cdot n + p$ , i.e.:  $2^{a+1} \cdot n + p$ .

### Demonstration:

$$O_1 : 2^{a+1} \cdot n + 1 \quad O_1 : x = 2^a \cdot n \rightarrow f(x) = 3 \cdot 2^{a-1} \cdot n + 1 < 2^{a+1} \cdot n + 1 \quad O_1$$

$$\alpha = 1 \rightarrow 3n + 1 < 4n + 1 \quad O_1 \text{ principal inequality}$$

In O<sub>2</sub> we take into consideration just O<sub>2a</sub> (O<sub>2\*</sub> is perfectly similar)

$$\begin{aligned} O_{2a} : 2^{a+1} \cdot n + 11 & O_{2a} : y = 2^a \cdot n + 5 \rightarrow f(y) = 3^2 \cdot 2^{a-2} \cdot n + 13 \\ O_1 : x = 3^2 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 6 & \rightarrow \\ f(x) = 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-4} \cdot n + 10 & < 2^{a+1} \cdot n + 11 \quad O_{2a} \\ a = 4 \rightarrow 27n + 10 & < 32n + 11 \quad O_{2a} \text{ principal inequality} \end{aligned}$$

In  $O_3$  we take into consideration just  $O_{3c}$  ( $O_{3*}$ ,  $O_{3a}$  and  $O_{3b}$  are perfectly similar).

$$\begin{aligned} O_{3c} : 2^{a+1} \cdot n + 15 & O_{3c} : z = 2^a \cdot n + 7 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-2} \cdot n + 53 \\ O_1 : x = 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 26 & \rightarrow \\ f(x) = 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-4} \cdot n + 40 & \rightarrow 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-5} \cdot n + 20 \rightarrow 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 10 < 2^{a+1} \cdot n + 15 \\ O_{3c} \\ a = 6 \rightarrow 81n + 10 & < 128n + 15 \\ O_{3c} \text{ principal inequality} \end{aligned}$$

### 3.1.1. Corollary

If a binomial inequality is valid for the horizon  $2^\alpha \cdot n + p$  then it's valid for the horizon  $2^{\alpha+i} \cdot n + p$  for every  $i \in \mathbb{N}$

We use the principle of induction:

- (1)  $i = 1 \rightarrow 2^{\alpha+1} \cdot n + p$  is true for Theorem of duplication
- (2) Supposed true  $2^{\alpha+i} \cdot n + p$
- (3)  $2^{\alpha+i+1} \cdot n + p = 2 \cdot (2^{\alpha+i} \cdot n + p) \sim 2^{\alpha+i} \cdot n + p$  (1)  $\rightarrow 2^{\alpha+i} \cdot n + p$  is true (2)  $\rightarrow$  QED

## 3.2. Theorem of Independence

Statement:

In every horizon  $2^\alpha \cdot n + p$  the well-known term of the principal binomial inequality is independent of the term parametric from an appropriate exponent  $\alpha$  onwards.

Demonstration:

$$O_1 : 4k+1 \quad O_1 : k = \{1; 2; 3; \dots\}$$

$$2^\alpha \cdot n + 4k+1 \quad O_1 : x = 2^{\alpha-1} \cdot n + 2k \rightarrow f(x) = 3 \cdot 2^{\alpha-2} \cdot n + 3k+1 < 2^\alpha \cdot n + 4k+1 \quad O_1 : [\alpha \geq 2]$$

$$\alpha = 2 \rightarrow 3n+3k+1 < 4n+4k+1 \rightarrow 3(n+k)+1 < 4(n+k)+1 \quad O_1$$

$$n = 0 \rightarrow 3k+1 < 4k+1 \quad O_1 \text{ principal inequality : } N(s) = 3$$

$$O_2^* : 16k+3 \quad O_2^* : k = \{0; 1; 2; \dots\}$$

$$2^\alpha \cdot n + 16k+3 \quad O_2^* : y = 2^{\alpha-1} \cdot n + 8k+1 \rightarrow f(y) = 3^2 \cdot 2^{\alpha-3} \cdot n + 18k+4 \rightarrow$$

$$3^2 \cdot 2^{\alpha-4} \cdot n + 9k+2 < 2^\alpha \cdot n + 16k+3 \quad O_2^* : [\alpha \geq 4]$$

$$\alpha = 4 \rightarrow 9n+9k+2 < 16n+16k+3 \rightarrow 9(n+k)+2 < 16(n+k)+3 \quad O_2^*$$

$$n = 0 \rightarrow 9k+2 < 16k+3 \quad O_2^* \text{ principal inequality : } N(s) = 6$$

$$O_3^* : 32k-9 \sim 32k+23 \quad O_3^* : k = \{0; 1; 2; \dots\}$$

$$2^\alpha \cdot n + 32k+23 \quad O_3^* : z = 2^{\alpha-1} \cdot n + 16k+11 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^3 \cdot 2^{\alpha-3} \cdot n + 108k+80 \rightarrow 3^3 \cdot 2^{\alpha-4} \cdot n + 54k+40 \rightarrow$$

$$3^3 \cdot 2^{\alpha-5} \cdot n + 27k+20 < 2^\alpha \cdot n + 32k+23 \quad O_3^* : [\alpha \geq 5]$$

$$\alpha = 5 \rightarrow 27n+27k+20 < 32n+32k+23 = 27(n+k)+20 < 32(n+k)+23 \quad O_3^*$$

$$n = 0 \rightarrow 27k+20 < 32k+23 \quad O_3^* \text{ principal inequality : } N(s) = 8$$

If  $2k+1 \in O_{2a} \vee O_{3a} \vee O_{3b} \vee O_{3c}$  now we prove the theorem of independence for the most favorable cycles with the fewest number of steps. As it will be proved it's applicable to all other cycles.

$$O_{2a} : 16k+11 \quad O_{2a} : k = \{0; 1; 2; \dots\}$$

$$2^\alpha \cdot n + 16k+11 \quad O_{2a} : y = 2^{\alpha-1} \cdot n + 8k+5 \rightarrow f(y) = 3^2 \cdot 2^{\alpha-3} \cdot n + 18k+13 \quad [O_1] : k = 2k$$

$$2^\alpha \cdot n + 16k+11 \rightarrow 2^\alpha \cdot n + 16(2k)+11 = 2^\alpha \cdot n + 32k+11 \quad O_{2a}$$

$$3^2 \cdot 2^{\alpha-3} \cdot n + 18k+13 \rightarrow 3^2 \cdot 2^{\alpha-3} \cdot n + 18(2k)+13 = 3^2 \cdot 2^{\alpha-3} \cdot n + 36k+13 \quad O_1 : x = 3^2 \cdot 2^{\alpha-4} \cdot n + 18k+6 \rightarrow$$

$$f(x) = 3^3 \cdot 2^{\alpha-5} \cdot n + 27k+10 < 2^\alpha \cdot n + 32k+11 \quad O_{2a} : [\alpha \geq 5]$$

$$\alpha = 5 \rightarrow 27n+27k+10 < 32n+32k+11 = 27(n+k)+10 < 32(n+k)+11 \quad O_{2a}$$

$$n = 0 \rightarrow 27k+10 < 32k+11 \quad O_{2a} \text{ principal inequality : } N(s) = 8$$

$$n = k = 0 \rightarrow 10 < 11 \quad O_{2a} \text{ nude number}$$

$O_{3a} : 32k-1 \sim 32k+31$   $O_{3a} : k = \{0; 1; 2; \dots\}$

$$2^a \cdot n + 32k + 31 \quad O_{3a} : z = 2^{a-1} \cdot n + 16k + 15 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 108k + 107 \quad [O_2] : k = 2k$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2^a \cdot n + 32k + 31 &\rightarrow 2^a \cdot n + 32(2k) + 31 = 2^a \cdot n + 64k + 31 \quad O_{3a} \\ 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 108k + 107 &\rightarrow 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 108(2k) + 107 = 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 216k + 107 \quad O_2 : \\ y = 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-4} \cdot n + 108k + 53 &\rightarrow f(y) = 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 243k + 121 \quad [E] : k = 2k+1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2^a \cdot n + 64k + 31 &\rightarrow 2^a \cdot n + 64(2k+1) + 31 \rightarrow 2^a \cdot n + 128k + 95 \quad O_{3a} \\ 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 243k + 121 &\rightarrow 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 243(2k+1) + 121 \rightarrow 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 486k + 364 \rightarrow \\ 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 243k + 182 &\rightarrow [E] : k = 2k \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2^a \cdot n + 128k + 95 &\rightarrow 2^a \cdot n + 128(2k) + 5 = 2^a \cdot n + 256k + 95 \quad O_{3a} \\ 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 243k + 182 &\rightarrow 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 243(2k) + 182 \rightarrow 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 486k + 182 \rightarrow \\ 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-8} \cdot n + 243k + 91 &< 2^a \cdot n + 256k + 95 \quad O_{3a} : [\alpha \geq 8] \end{aligned}$$

$$\alpha = 8 \rightarrow 243n + 243k + 91 < 256n + 256k + 95 = 243(n + k) + 91 < 256(n + k) + 95 \quad O_{3a}$$

$n = 0 \rightarrow 243k + 91 < 256k + 95 \quad O_{3a}$  principal inequality :  $N(s) = 13$

$n = k = 0 \rightarrow 91 \quad O_{2a} < 95 \quad O_{3a}$  nude number

$O_{3b} : 32k+7 \quad O_{3b} : k = \{0; 1; 2; \dots\}$

$$2^a \cdot n + 32k + 7 \quad O_{3b} : z = 2^{a-1} \cdot n + 16k + 3 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 108k + 26 \rightarrow \\ 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-4} \cdot n + 54k + 13 \quad [O_1] : k = 2k$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2^a \cdot n + 32k + 7 &\rightarrow 2^a \cdot n + 32(2k) + 7 = 2^a \cdot n + 64k + 7 \quad O_{3b} \\ 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-4} \cdot n + 54k + 13 &\rightarrow 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-4} \cdot n + 54(2k) + 13 = 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-4} \cdot n + 108k + 13 \quad O_1 : \\ x = 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-5} \cdot n + 54k + 6 &\rightarrow f(x) = 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 81k + 10 \quad [E] : k = 2k \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2^a \cdot n + 64k + 7 &\rightarrow 2^a \cdot n + 64(2k) + 7 = 2^a \cdot n + 128k + 7 \quad O_{3b} \\ 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 81k + 10 &\rightarrow 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 81(2k) + 10 = 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 162k + 10 \rightarrow \\ 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 81k + 5 &< 2^a \cdot n + 128k + 7 \quad O_{3b} : [\alpha \geq 7] \end{aligned}$$

$$\alpha = 7 \rightarrow 81n + 81k + 5 < 128n + 128k + 7 = 81(n + k) + 5 < 128(n + k) + 7 \quad O_{3b}$$

$n = 0 \rightarrow 81k + 5 < 128k + 7 \quad O_{3b}$  principal inequality :  $N(s) = 11$

$n = k = 0 \rightarrow 5 \quad O_1 < 7 \quad O_{3b}$  nude number

$O_{3c} : 32k+15 \quad O_{3c} : k = \{0; 1; 2; \dots\}$

$$2^a \cdot n + 32k + 15 \quad O_{3c} : z = 2^{a-1} \cdot n + 16k + 7 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 108k + 53 \quad O_1 : \\ x = 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-4} \cdot n + 54k + 26 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-5} \cdot n + 81k + 40 \quad [E] : k = 2k$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2^a \cdot n + 32k + 15 &\rightarrow 2^a \cdot n + 32(2k) + 15 = 2^a \cdot n + 64k + 15 \quad O_{3c} \\ 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-5} \cdot n + 81k + 40 &\rightarrow 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-5} \cdot n + 81(2k) + 40 = 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-5} \cdot n + 162k + 40 \rightarrow \\ 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 81k + 20 &\rightarrow [E] : k = 2k \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2^a \cdot n + 64k + 15 &\rightarrow 2^a \cdot n + 64(2k) + 15 = 2^a \cdot n + 128k + 15 \quad O_{3c} \\ 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 81k + 20 &\rightarrow 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 81(2k) + 20 = 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 162k + 20 \rightarrow \\ 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 81k + 10 &< 2^a \cdot n + 128k + 15 \quad O_{3c} : [\alpha \geq 7] \end{aligned}$$

$$\alpha = 7 \rightarrow 81n+81k+10 < 128n+128k+15 = 81(n+k)+10 < 128(n+k)+15 O_{3c}$$

$$n = 0 \rightarrow \mathbf{81k+10 < 128k+15} O_{3c} \text{ principal inequality : } N(s) = \mathbf{11}$$

$$n = k = 0 \rightarrow \mathbf{10 < 15} O_{3c} \text{ nude number}$$

Now we take  $16k+11 O_{2a}$  into consideration and we apply a cycle managed by us

$$\mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 16k + 11} O_{2a} : y = 2^{a-1} \cdot n + 8k + 5 \rightarrow f(y) = 3^2 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 18k + 13 [O_3] : k = \mathbf{4k+1}$$

$$\mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 16k + 11} O_{2a} \rightarrow 2^a \cdot n + 16(4k+1) + 11 = \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 64k + 27} O_{2a}$$

$$3^2 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 18k + 13 \rightarrow 3^2 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 18(4k+1) + 13 = 3^2 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 72k + 31 O_3 :$$

$$z = 3^2 \cdot 2^{a-4} \cdot n + 36k + 15 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 243k + 107 [E] : k = \mathbf{2k+1}$$

$$\mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 64k + 27} O_{2a} \rightarrow 2^a \cdot n + 64(2k+1) + 27 = \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 128k + 91} O_{2a}$$

$$3^5 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 243k + 107 \rightarrow 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 243(2k+1) + 107 = 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 486k + 350 \rightarrow$$

$$3^5 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 243k + 175 [O] : k = \mathbf{2k}$$

$$\mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 128k + 91} O_{2a} \rightarrow 2^a \cdot n + 128(2k) + 91 = \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 256k + 91} O_{2a}$$

$$3^5 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 243k + 175 \rightarrow 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 243(2k) + 175 = 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 486k + 175 [O_3] : k = \mathbf{4k}$$

$$\mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 256k + 91} O_{2a} \rightarrow 2^a \cdot n + 256(4k) + 91 = \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 1024k + 91} O_{2a}$$

$$3^5 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 486k + 175 \rightarrow 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 486(4k) + 175 = 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 1944k + 175 O_3 :$$

$$z = 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-8} \cdot n + 972k + 87 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^8 \cdot 2^{a-10} \cdot n + 6561k + 593 [E] : k = \mathbf{2k+1}$$

$$\mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 1024k + 91} O_{2a} \rightarrow 2^a \cdot n + 1024(2k+1) + 91 = \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 2048k + 1115} O_{2a}$$

$$3^8 \cdot 2^{a-10} \cdot n + 6561k + 593 \rightarrow 3^8 \cdot 2^{a-10} \cdot n + 6561(2k+1) + 593 = 3^8 \cdot 2^{a-10} \cdot n + 13122k + 7154 \rightarrow$$

$$3^8 \cdot 2^{a-11} \cdot n + 6561k + 3577 [O] : k = \mathbf{2k}$$

$$\mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 2048k + 1115} O_{2a} \rightarrow 2^a \cdot n + 2048(2k) + 1115 = \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 4096k + 1115} O_{2a}$$

$$3^8 \cdot 2^{a-11} \cdot n + 6561k + 3577 \rightarrow 3^8 \cdot 2^{a-11} \cdot n + 6561(2k) + 3577 = 3^8 \cdot 2^{a-11} \cdot n + 13122k + 3577 [O_1] : k = \mathbf{2k}$$

$$\mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 4096k + 1115} O_{2a} \rightarrow 2^a \cdot n + 4096(2k) + 1115 = \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 8192k + 1115} O_{2a}$$

$$3^8 \cdot 2^{a-11} \cdot n + 13122k + 3577 \rightarrow 3^8 \cdot 2^{a-11} \cdot n + 13122(2k) + 3577 = 3^8 \cdot 2^{a-11} \cdot n + 26244k + 3577 O_1 :$$

$$x = 3^8 \cdot 2^{a-12} \cdot n + 13122k + 1788 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^9 \cdot 2^{a-13} \cdot n + 19683k + 2683 [E] : k = \mathbf{2k+1}$$

$$\mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 8192k + 1115} O_{2a} \rightarrow 2^a \cdot n + 8192(2k+1) + 1115 = \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 16384k + 9307} O_{2a}$$

$$3^9 \cdot 2^{a-13} \cdot n + 19683k + 2683 \rightarrow 3^9 \cdot 2^{a-13} \cdot n + 19683(2k+1) + 2683 = 3^9 \cdot 2^{a-13} \cdot n + 39366k + 22366 \rightarrow$$

$$3^9 \cdot 2^{a-14} \cdot n + 19683k + 11183 [E] : k = \mathbf{2k+1}$$

$$\mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 16384k + 9307} O_{2a} \rightarrow 2^a \cdot n + 16384(2k+1) + 9307 = \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 32768k + 25691} O_{2a}$$

$$3^9 \cdot 2^{a-14} \cdot n + 19683k + 11183 \rightarrow 3^9 \cdot 2^{a-14} \cdot n + 19683(2k+1) + 11183 = 3^9 \cdot 2^{a-14} \cdot n + 39366k + 30866 \rightarrow$$

$$3^9 \cdot 2^{a-15} \cdot n + 19683k + 15433 < 2^a \cdot n + 32768k + 25691 O_{2a} [\alpha \geq 15]$$

$$\alpha = 15 \rightarrow 3^9 \cdot n + 3^9 \cdot k + 15433 < 2^{15} \cdot n + 2^{15} \cdot k + 25691 O_{2a} = 3^9 \cdot (n+k) + 15433 < 2^{15} \cdot (n+k) + 25691 O_{2a}$$

$$n = 0 \rightarrow \mathbf{3^9 \cdot k + 15433 < 2^{15} \cdot k + 25691} O_{2a} \text{ principal inequality : } N(s) = \mathbf{24}$$

$$n = k = 0 \rightarrow \mathbf{15433} O_1 < \mathbf{25691} O_{2a} \text{ nude number}$$

Check link nude number :

$$\mathbf{25691} O_{2a} : y = 12845 \rightarrow f(y) = 28903 O_{3b} : z = 14451 \rightarrow f(z) = 97550 \rightarrow 48775 O_{3b} :$$

$$z = 24387 \rightarrow f(z) = 164618 \rightarrow 82309 O_1 : x = 41154 \rightarrow f(x) = 61732 \rightarrow 30866 \rightarrow$$

$$\mathbf{15433} O_1 < \mathbf{25691} O_{2a} : N(s) = \mathbf{24}$$

Chain of connections :

$$O_{2a} \rightarrow O_{3b} \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_{3b} \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow \mathbf{15433} O_1 < \mathbf{25691} O_{2a}$$

Another cycle of link by immediate substitutions managed so:

$$O_{3a} \rightarrow O_2 \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow O_2 \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow O_2 \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow \dots \dots < O_{3a}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 32k + 31} O_{3a} : z = 2^{a-1} \cdot n + 16k + 15 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 108k + 107 \rightarrow 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 324k + 322 \rightarrow \\ 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-4} \cdot n + 162k + 161 [O_2] : k = \mathbf{4k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 128k + 63} O_{3a} \\ 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-4} \cdot n + 648k + 323 O_2 : y = 3^4 \cdot 2^{a-5} \cdot n + 324k + 161 \rightarrow f(y) = 3^6 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 729k + 364 [O] : k = \mathbf{2k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 256k + 191} O_{3a} \\ 3^6 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 1458k + 1093 [O_3] : k = \mathbf{4k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 1024k + 447} O_{3a} \\ 3^6 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 5832k + 2551 O_3 : z = 3^6 \cdot 2^{a-8} \cdot n + 2916k + 1275 \rightarrow \\ f(z) = 3^9 \cdot 2^{a-10} \cdot n + 19683k + 8612 [O] : k = \mathbf{2k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 2048k + 1471} O_{3a} \\ 3^9 \cdot 2^{a-10} \cdot n + 19683k + 8612 \rightarrow 3^9 \cdot 2^{a-10} \cdot n + 39366k + 28295 [O_2] : k = \mathbf{4k+2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 8192k + 5567} O_{3a} \\ 3^9 \cdot 2^{a-10} \cdot n + 157464k + 107027 O_2 : y = 3^9 \cdot 2^{a-11} \cdot n + 78732k + 53513 \rightarrow \\ f(y) = 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-13} \cdot n + 177147k + 120406 [O] : k = \mathbf{2k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 16384k + 13759} O_{3a} \\ 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-13} \cdot n + 354294k + 297553 [O_3] : k = \mathbf{4k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 65536k + 30143} O_{3a} \\ 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-13} \cdot n + 1417176k + 651847 O_3 : z = 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-14} \cdot n + 708588k + 325923 \rightarrow \\ f(z) = 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-16} \cdot n + 4782969k + 2199986 [O] : k = \mathbf{2k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 131072k + 95679} O_{3a} \\ 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-16} \cdot n + 9565938k + 6982955 [O_2] : k = \mathbf{4k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 524288k + 95679} O_{3a} \\ 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-16} \cdot n + 38263752k + 6982955 O_2 : y = 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-17} \cdot n + 19131876k + 3491477 \rightarrow \\ 3^{16} \cdot 2^{a-19} \cdot n + 43046721k + 7855825 [E] : k = \mathbf{2k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 1048576k + 619967} O_{3a} \\ 3^{16} \cdot 2^{a-19} \cdot n + 86093442k + 50902546 \rightarrow 3^{16} \cdot 2^{a-20} \cdot n + 43046721k + 25451273 [E] : k = \mathbf{2k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 2097152k + 1668543} O_{3a} \\ 3^{16} \cdot 2^{a-20} \cdot n + 86093442k + 68497994 \rightarrow 3^{16} \cdot 2^{a-21} \cdot n + 43046721k + 34248997 [E] : k = \mathbf{2k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 4194304k + 3765695} O_{3a} \\ 3^{16} \cdot 2^{a-21} \cdot n + 86093442k + 77295718 \rightarrow 3^{16} \cdot 2^{a-22} \cdot n + 43046721k + 38647859 [E] : k = \mathbf{2k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 8388608k + 7959999 O_{3a} \\ 3^{16} \cdot 2^{a-22} \cdot n + 86093442k + 81694580 \rightarrow 3^{16} \cdot 2^{a-23} \cdot n + 43046721k + 40847290 [E] : k = 2k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 16777216k + 7959999 O_{3a} \\ 3^{16} \cdot 2^{a-23} \cdot n + 86093442k + 40847290 \rightarrow 3^{16} \cdot 2^{a-24} \cdot n + 43046721k + 20423645 [E] : k = 2k+1$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 33554432k + 24737215 O_{3a} \\ 3^{16} \cdot 2^{a-24} \cdot n + 86093442k + 63470366 \rightarrow 3^{16} \cdot 2^{a-25} \cdot n + 43046721k + 31735183 [E] : k = 2k+1$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 67108864k + 58291647 O_{3a} \\ 3^{16} \cdot 2^{a-25} \cdot n + 86093442k + 74781904 \rightarrow \\ 3^{16} \cdot 2^{a-26} \cdot n + 43046721k + 37390952 < 2^a \cdot n + 67108864k + 58291647 O_{3a} [\alpha \geq 26]$$

$$\alpha = 26 \rightarrow 3^{16} \cdot n + 3^{16} \cdot k + 37390952 < 2^{26} \cdot n + 2^{26} \cdot k + 58291647 O_{3a} = \\ 3^{16} \cdot (n + k) + 37390952 < 2^{26} \cdot (n + k) + 58291647 O_{3a} \\ n = 0 \rightarrow 3^{16} \cdot k + 37390952 < 2^{26} \cdot k + 58291647 O_{3a} \text{ principal inequality : } N(s) = 42 \\ n = k = 0 \rightarrow 37390952 < 58291647 O_{3a} \text{ nude number}$$

Check link nude number :

$$58291647 O_{3a} : z = 29145823 \rightarrow f(z) = 196734311 O_{3b} : z = 98367155 \rightarrow \\ f(z) = 663978302 \rightarrow 331989151 O_{3a} : z = 165994575 \rightarrow f(z) = 1120463387 O_{2a} : \\ y = 560231693 \rightarrow f(y) = 1260521311 O_{3a} : z = 630260655 \rightarrow f(z) = 4254259427 O_2^* : \\ y = 2127129713 \rightarrow f(y) = 4786041856 \rightarrow 2393020928 \rightarrow 1196510464 \rightarrow 598255232 \rightarrow \\ 299127616 \rightarrow 149563808 \rightarrow 74781904 \rightarrow 37390952 < 58291647 O_{3a} : N(s) = 42$$

Chain of connections :

$$O_{3a} \rightarrow O_{3b} \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_{3a} \rightarrow O_{2a} \rightarrow O_{3a} \rightarrow O_2^* \rightarrow E \rightarrow \\ 37390952 < 58291647 O_{3a}$$

At beginning of the chain we observe a small difference from our initial choices because we have applied the formulas Theorem 2n+1 to do the calculations of the check link nude number.

... ...  
... ...

Whatever cycle of link we decide to choose Theorem of Independence is always valid, also in the worst conditions for to reach highest horizons.

### 3.2.1. A cycle of link in worst conditions

*Remark*

In the calculus of the cycles of links in this paragraph and in the following ones (§ 3.2.2. ; § 3.2.3) we apply immediate substitutions as usual highlighted by bold font. We used the utmost accuracy in making the calculations.

$$2^a \cdot n + 16k+11 O_{2a} : y = 2^{a-1} \cdot n + 8k+5 \rightarrow f(y) = 3^2 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 18k+13 [O_3] : k = 4k+1$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 64k+27 O_{2a} \\ 3^2 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 72k+31 O_3 : z = 3^2 \cdot 2^{a-4} \cdot n + 36k+15 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 243k+107 [O] : k = 2k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 128k + 27 O_{2a} \\ 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 486k + 107 [O_3] : k = 4k+2$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 512k + 283 O_{2a} \\ 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 1944k + 1079 O_3 : z = 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 972k + 539 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^8 \cdot 2^{a-9} \cdot n + 6561k + 3644 [O] : k = 2k+1$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 1024k + 795 O_{2a} \\ 3^8 \cdot 2^{a-9} \cdot n + 13122k + 10205 [O_3] : k = 4k+1$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 4096k + 1819 O_{2a} \\ 3^8 \cdot 2^{a-9} \cdot n + 52488k + 23327 O_3 : z = 3^8 \cdot 2^{a-10} \cdot n + 26244k + 11663 \rightarrow \\ f(z) = 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-12} \cdot n + 177147k + 78731 [O] : k = 2k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 8192k + 1819 O_{2a} \\ 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-12} \cdot n + 354294k + 78731 [O_3] : k = 4k+2$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 32768k + 18203 O_{2a} \\ 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-12} \cdot n + 1417176k + 787319 O_3 : z = 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-13} \cdot n + 708588k + 393659 \rightarrow \\ f(z) = 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-15} \cdot n + 4782969k + 2657204 [O] : k = 2k+1 \dots \dots \text{we decide to go back, then:}$$

$$f(z) = 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-15} \cdot n + 4782969k + 2657204 [E] : k = 2k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 65536k + 18203 O_{2a} \\ 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-15} \cdot n + 9565938k + 2657204 \rightarrow 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-16} \cdot n + 4782969k + 1328602 [E] : k = 2k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 131072k + 18203 O_{2a} \\ 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-16} \cdot n + 9565938k + 1328602 \rightarrow 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-17} \cdot n + 4782969k + 664301 [E] : k = 2k+1$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 262144k + 149275 O_{2a} \\ 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-17} \cdot n + 9565938k + 5447270 \rightarrow 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-18} \cdot n + 4782969k + 2723635 [E] : k = 2k+1$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 524288k + 411419 O_{2a} \\ 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-18} \cdot n + 9565938k + 7506604 \rightarrow 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-19} \cdot n + 4782969k + 3753302 [E] : k = 2k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 524288k + 411419 O_{2a} \rightarrow 2^a \cdot n + 524288(2k) + 411419 = 2^a \cdot n + 1048576k + 411419 O_{2a} \\ 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-19} \cdot n + 4782969k + 3753302 \rightarrow 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-19} \cdot n + 9565938k + 3753302 \rightarrow \\ 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-20} \cdot n + 4782969k + 1876651 [E] : k = 2k+1$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 2097152k + 1459995 O_{2a} \\ 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-20} \cdot n + 9565938k + 6659620 \rightarrow 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-21} \cdot n + 4782969k + 3329810 [E] : k = 2k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 4194304k + 1459995 O_{2a} \\ 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-21} \cdot n + 9565938k + 3329810 \rightarrow 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-22} \cdot n + 4782969k + 1664905 [E] : k = 2k+1$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 8388608k + 5654299 O_{2a} \\ 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-22} \cdot n + 9565938k + 6447874 \rightarrow \\ 3^{14} \cdot 2^{a-23} \cdot n + 4782969k + 3223937 < 2^a \cdot n + 8388608k + 5654299 O_{2a} [a \geq 23]$$

$$\alpha = 23 \rightarrow 3^{14} \cdot n + 4782969k + 3223937 < 2^{23} \cdot n + 8388608k + 5654299 O_{2a} = \\ 3^{14} \cdot n + 3^{14} \cdot k + 3223937 < 2^{23} \cdot n + 2^{23} \cdot k + 5654299 O_{2a} = \\ 3^{14} \cdot (n + k) + 3223937 < 2^{23} \cdot (n + k) + 5654299 O_{2a}$$

$n = 0 \rightarrow 3^{14} \cdot k + 3223937 < 2^{23} \cdot n + 5654299$   $O_{2a}$  principal inequality :  $N(s) = 37$   
 $n = k = 0 \rightarrow 3223937 O_1 < 5654299 O_{2a}$  nude number.

Check link nude number :

**5654299**  $O_{2a}$  :  $y = 2827149 \rightarrow f(y) = 6361087 O_{3a}$  :  $z = 3180543 \rightarrow f(z) = 21468671 O_{3a}$  :  
 $z = 10734335 \rightarrow f(z) = 72456767 O_{3a}$  :  $z = 36228383 \rightarrow f(z) = 244541591 O_3^*$  :  
 $z = 122270795 \rightarrow f(z) = 825327872 \rightarrow 412663936 \rightarrow 206331968 \rightarrow 103165984 \rightarrow$   
 $51582992 \rightarrow 25791496 \rightarrow 12895748 \rightarrow 6447874 \rightarrow 3223937 O_1 < 5654299 O_{2a}$  :  $N(s) = 37$

Chain of connections :

$O_{2a} \rightarrow O_{3a} \rightarrow O_{3a} \rightarrow O_{3a} \rightarrow O_3^* \rightarrow E \rightarrow$   
**3223937**  $O_1 < 5654299 O_{2a}$

Another cycle of link in worst conditions

**2<sup>a</sup>·n+32k+7**  $O_{3b}$  :  $z = 2^{a-1} \cdot n + 16k + 3 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 108k + 26 \rightarrow$   
 $3^3 \cdot 2^{a-4} \cdot n + 54k + 13 [O_3]$  :  $k = 4k+3$

**2<sup>a</sup>·n+128k+103**  $O_{3b}$   
 $3^3 \cdot 2^{a-4} \cdot n + 216k + 175 O_3$  :  $z = 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-5} \cdot n + 108k + 87 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^6 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 729k + 593 [O]$  :  $k = 2k$

**2<sup>a</sup>·n+256k+103**  $O_{3b}$   
 $3^6 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 1458k + 593 [O_3]$  :  $k = 4k+3$

**2<sup>a</sup>·n+1024k+871**  $O_{3b}$   
 $3^6 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 5832k + 4967 O_3$  :  $z = 3^6 \cdot 2^{a-8} \cdot n + 2916k + 2483 \rightarrow$   
 $f(z) = 3^9 \cdot 2^{a-10} \cdot n + 19683k + 16766 [O]$  :  $k = 2k+1$

**2<sup>a</sup>·n+2048k+1895**  $O_{3b}$   
 $3^9 \cdot 2^{a-10} \cdot n + 39366k + 36449 [O_3]$  :  $k = 4k+1$

**2<sup>a</sup>·n+8192k+3943**  $O_{3b}$   
 $3^9 \cdot 2^{a-10} \cdot n + 157464k + 75815 O_3$  :  $z = 3^9 \cdot 2^{a-11} \cdot n + 78732k + 37907 \rightarrow$   
 $f(z) = 3^{12} \cdot 2^{a-13} \cdot n + 531441k + 255878 [O]$  :  $k = 2k+1$

**2<sup>a</sup>·n+16384k+12135**  $O_{3b}$   
 $3^{12} \cdot 2^{a-13} \cdot n + 1062882k + 787319 \dots \dots$  We decide to go back, then:

$3^{12} \cdot 2^{a-13} \cdot n + 1062882k + 787319 [O_1]$  :  $k = 2k+1$

**2<sup>a</sup>·n+32768k+28519**  $O_{3b}$   
 $3^{12} \cdot 2^{a-13} \cdot n + 2125764k + 1850201 O_1$  :  $x = 3^{12} \cdot 2^{a-14} \cdot n + 1062882k + 925100 \rightarrow$   
 $f(x) = 3^{13} \cdot 2^{a-15} \cdot n + 1594323k + 1387651 [E]$  :  $k = 2k+1$

**2<sup>a</sup>·n+65536k+61287**  $O_{3b}$   
 $3^{13} \cdot 2^{a-15} \cdot n + 3188646k + 2981974 \rightarrow 3^{13} \cdot 2^{a-16} \cdot n + 1594323k + 1490987 [E]$  :  $k = 2k+1$

**2<sup>a</sup>·n+131072k+126823**  $O_{3b}$   
 $3^{13} \cdot 2^{a-16} \cdot n + 3188646k + 3085310 \rightarrow 3^{13} \cdot 2^{a-17} \cdot n + 1594323k + 1542655 [E]$  :  $k = 2k+1$

$$2^a \cdot n + 262144k + 257895 O_{3b} \\ 3^{13} \cdot 2^{a-17} \cdot n + 3188646k + 3136978 \rightarrow 3^{13} \cdot 2^{a-18} \cdot n + 1594323k + 1568489 [E] : k = 2k+1$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 524288k + 520039 O_{3b} \\ 3^{13} \cdot 2^{a-18} \cdot n + 3188646k + 3162812 \rightarrow 3^{13} \cdot 2^{a-19} \cdot n + 1594323k + 1581406 [E] : k = 2k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 1048576k + 520039 O_{3b} \\ 3^{13} \cdot 2^{a-19} \cdot n + 3188646k + 1581406 \rightarrow 3^{13} \cdot 2^{a-20} \cdot n + 1594323k + 790703 [E] : k = 2k+1$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 2097152k + 1568615 O_{3b} \\ 3^{13} \cdot 2^{a-20} \cdot n + 3188646k + 2385026 \rightarrow \\ 3^{13} \cdot 2^{a-21} \cdot n + 1594323k + 1192513 < 2^a \cdot n + 2097152k + 1568615 O_{3b} [\alpha \geq 21]$$

$$\alpha = 21 \rightarrow 3^{13} \cdot n + 1594323k + 1192513 < 2^{21} \cdot n + 2097152k + 1568615 O_{3b} = \\ 3^{13} \cdot n + 3^{13} \cdot k + 1192513 < 2^{21} \cdot n + 2^{21} \cdot k + 1568615 O_{3b} = \\ 3^{13} \cdot (n+k) + 1192513 < 2^{21} \cdot (n+k) + 1568615 O_{3b} \\ n=0 \rightarrow 3^{13} \cdot k + 1192513 < 2^{21} \cdot k + 1568615 O_{3b} \text{ principal inequality : } N(s) = 34 \\ n=k=0 \rightarrow 1192513 O_1 < 1568615 O_{3b} \text{ nude number.}$$

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$$1568615 O_{3b} : z = 784307 \rightarrow f(z) = 5294078 \rightarrow 2647039 O_{3a} : z = 1323519 \rightarrow f(z) = 8933759 O_{3a} : \\ z = 4466879 \rightarrow f(z) = 30151439 O_{3c} : z = 16075719 \rightarrow f(z) = 101761109 O_1 : x = 50880554 \rightarrow \\ f(x) = 76320832 \rightarrow 38160416 \rightarrow 19080208 \rightarrow 9540104 \rightarrow 4770052 \rightarrow 2385026 \rightarrow \\ 1192513 O_1 < 1568615 O_{3b} : N(s) = 34 \text{ steps.}$$

Chain of connections :

$$O_{3b} \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_{3a} \rightarrow O_{3a} \rightarrow O_{3c} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow \\ 1192513 O_1 < 1568615 O_{3b}$$

### 3.2.2. Two cycles of links high horizons and related checks nude numbers

(1)

$$2^a \cdot n + 32k + 31 O_{3a} : z = 2^{a-1} \cdot n + 16k + 15 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 108k + 107 [O_2] : k = 4k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 128k + 31 O_{3a} \\ 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 432k + 107 O_2 : y = 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-4} \cdot n + 216k + 53 \rightarrow f(y) = 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 486k + 121 [O_2] : k = 4k+3$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 512k + 415 O_{3a} \\ 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 1944k + 1579 O_2 : y = 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 972k + 789 \rightarrow f(y) = 3^7 \cdot 2^{a-9} \cdot n + 2187k + 1777 [O] : k = 2k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 1024k + 415 O_{3a} \\ 3^7 \cdot 2^{a-9} \cdot n + 4374k + 1777 [O_3] : k = 4k+1$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 4096k + 1439 O_{3a} \\ 3^7 \cdot 2^{a-9} \cdot n + 17496k + 6151 O_3 : z = 3^7 \cdot 2^{a-10} \cdot n + 8748k + 3075 \rightarrow \\ f(z) = 3^{10} \cdot 2^{a-12} \cdot n + 59049k + 20762 [O] : k = 2k+1$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 8192k + 5535 O_{3a} \\ 3^{10} \cdot 2^{a-12} \cdot n + 118098k + 79811 [O_1] : k = 2k+1$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 16384k + 13727 O_{3a}} \\ & 3^{10} \cdot 2^{a-12} \cdot n + 236196 + 197909 O_1 : x = 3^{10} \cdot 2^{a-13} \cdot n + 118098k + 98954 \rightarrow \\ & f(x) = 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-14} \cdot n + 177147k + 148432 [O] : k = \mathbf{2k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 32768k + 30111 O_{3a}} \\ & 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-14} \cdot n + 354294k + 325579 [O_1] : k = \mathbf{2k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 65536k + 62879 O_{3a}} \\ & 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-14} \cdot n + 708588k + 679873 O_1 : x = 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-15} \cdot n + 354294k + 339936 \rightarrow \\ & f(x) = 3^{12} \cdot 2^{a-16} \cdot n + 531441k + 509905 [E] : k = \mathbf{2k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 131072k + 128415 O_{3a}} \\ & 3^{12} \cdot 2^{a-16} \cdot n + 1062882k + 1041346 \rightarrow 3^{12} \cdot 2^{a-17} \cdot n + 531441k + 520673 [O] : k = \mathbf{2k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 262144k + 128415 O_{3a}} \\ & 3^{12} \cdot 2^{a-17} \cdot n + 1062882k + 520673 [O_1] : k = \mathbf{2k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 524288k + 128415 O_{3a}} \\ & 3^{12} \cdot 2^{a-17} \cdot n + 2125764 + 520673 O_1 : x = 3^{12} \cdot 2^{a-18} \cdot n + 1062882 + 260336 \rightarrow \\ & f(x) = 3^{13} \cdot 2^{a-19} \cdot n + 1594323k + 390505 [O] : k = \mathbf{2k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 1048576k + 128415 O_{3a}} \\ & 3^{13} \cdot 2^{a-19} \cdot n + 3188646k + 390505 [O_2] : k = \mathbf{4k+3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 4194304k + 3274143 O_{3a}} \\ & 3^{13} \cdot 2^{a-19} \cdot n + 12754584k + 9956443 O_2 : y = 3^{13} \cdot 2^{a-20} \cdot n + 6377292k + 4978221 \rightarrow \\ & f(y) = 3^{15} \cdot 2^{a-22} \cdot n + 14348907k + 11200999 [E] : k = \mathbf{2k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 8388608k + 7468447 O_{3a}} \\ & 3^{15} \cdot 2^{a-22} \cdot n + 28697814k + 25549906 \rightarrow 3^{15} \cdot 2^{a-23} \cdot n + 14348907k + 12774953 [O] : k = \mathbf{2k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 16777216k + 7468447 O_{3a}} \\ & 3^{15} \cdot 2^{a-23} \cdot n + 28697814k + 12774953 [O_1] : k = \mathbf{2k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 33554432k + 7468447 O_{3a}} \\ & 3^{15} \cdot 2^{a-23} \cdot n + 57395628k + 12774953 O_1 : x = 3^{15} \cdot 2^{a-24} \cdot n + 28697814k + 6387476 \rightarrow \\ & f(x) = 3^{16} \cdot 2^{a-25} \cdot n + 43046721k + 9581215 [O] : k = \mathbf{2k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 67108864k + 7468447 O_{3a}} \\ & 3^{16} \cdot 2^{a-25} \cdot n + 86093442k + 9581215 [O_2] : k = \mathbf{4k+2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 268435456k + 141686175 O_{3a}} \\ & 3^{16} \cdot 2^{a-25} \cdot n + 344373768k + 181768099 O_2 : y = 3^{16} \cdot 2^{a-26} \cdot n + 172186884k + 90884049 \rightarrow \\ & f(y) = 3^{18} \cdot 2^{a-28} \cdot n + 387420489k + 204489112 [O] : k = \mathbf{2k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 536870912k + 410121631 O_{3a}} \\ & 3^{18} \cdot 2^{a-28} \cdot n + 774840978k + 591909601 [O_3] : k = \mathbf{4k+3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 2147483648k + 2020734367 O_{3a}} \\ & 3^{18} \cdot 2^{a-28} \cdot n + 3099363912k + 2916432535 O_3 : z = 3^{18} \cdot 2^{a-29} \cdot n + 1549681956k + 1458216267 \rightarrow \\ & f(z) = 3^{21} \cdot 2^{a-31} \cdot n + 10460353203k + 9842959808 [E] : k = \mathbf{2k} \end{aligned}$$

**$2^a \cdot n + 4294967296k + 2020734367 O_{3a}$**   
 $3^{21} \cdot 2^{a-31} \cdot n + 20920706406k + 9842959808 \rightarrow 3^{21} \cdot 2^{a-32} \cdot n + 10460353203k + 9842959808 [E] : k = 2k$

**$2^a \cdot n + 8589934592k + 2020734367 O_{3a}$**   
 $3^{21} \cdot 2^{a-32} \cdot n + 20920706406k + 4921479904 \rightarrow 3^{21} \cdot 2^{a-33} \cdot n + 10460353203k + 2460739952 [O] : k = 2k+1$

**$2^a \cdot n + 17179869184k + 10610668959 O_{3a}$**   
 $3^{21} \cdot 2^{a-33} \cdot n + 20920706406k + 12921093155 [O_2] : k = 4k$

**$2^a \cdot n + 68719476736k + 10610668959 O_{3a}$**   
 $3^{21} \cdot 2^{a-33} \cdot n + 83682825624k + 12921093155 O_2 : y = 3^{21} \cdot 2^{a-34} \cdot n + 41841412812k + 6460546577 \rightarrow$   
 $f(y) = 3^{23} \cdot 2^{a-36} \cdot n + 94143178827k + 14536229800 [O] : k = 2k+1$

**$2^a \cdot n + 137438953472k + 79330145695 O_{3a}$**   
 $3^{23} \cdot 2^{a-36} \cdot n + 188286357654k + 108679408627 [O_1] : k = 2k+1$

**$2^a \cdot n + 274877906944k + 216769099167 O_{3a}$**   
 $3^{23} \cdot 2^{a-36} \cdot n + 376572715308k + 296965766281 O_1 :$   
 $x = 3^{23} \cdot 2^{a-37} \cdot n + 188286357654k + 148482883140 \rightarrow$   
 $f(x) = 3^{24} \cdot 2^{a-38} \cdot n + 282429536481k + 222724324711 [E] : k = 2k+1$

**$2^a \cdot n + 549755813888k + 491647006111 O_{3a}$**   
 $3^{24} \cdot 2^{a-38} \cdot n + 564859072962k + 505153861192 \rightarrow$   
 $3^{24} \cdot 2^{a-39} \cdot n + 282429536481k + 252576930596 < 2^a \cdot n + 549755813888k + 491647006111 O_{3a}$

$\alpha = 39 \rightarrow 3^{24} \cdot n + 3^{24} \cdot k + 252576930596 < 2^{39} \cdot n + 2^{39} \cdot k + 491647006111 O_{3a} =$   
 $3^{24} \cdot (n+k) + 252576930596 < 2^{39} \cdot (n+k) + 491647006111 O_{3a} : N(s) = 63$   
 $n = 0 \rightarrow 3^{24} \cdot k + 252576930596 < 2^{39} \cdot k + 491647006111 O_{3a}$  principal inequality  
 $n = k = 0 \rightarrow 252576930596 < 491647006111 O_{3a}$  nude number

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**$491647006111 O_{3a}$**  :  $z = 245823503055 \rightarrow f(z) = 1659308645627 O_{2a} : y = 829654322813 \rightarrow$   
 $f(y) = 1866722226331 O_{2a} : y = 933361113165 \rightarrow f(y) = 2100062504623 O_{3c} :$   
 $z = 1050031252311 \rightarrow f(z) = 7087710953105 O_1 : x = 3543855476552 \rightarrow$   
 $f(x) = 5315783214829 O_1 : x = 2857891607414 \rightarrow f(x) = 3986837411122 \rightarrow 1993418705561 O_1 :$   
 $x = 996709352780 \rightarrow f(x) = 1495064029171 O_2^* : y = 747532014585 \rightarrow$   
 $f(y) = 1681947032818 \rightarrow 840973516409 O_1 : x = 420486758204 \rightarrow f(x) = 630730137307 O_{2a} :$   
 $y = 315365068653 \rightarrow f(y) = 709571404471 O_3^* : z = 354785702235 \rightarrow f(z) = 2394803490092 \rightarrow$   
 $1197401745046 \rightarrow 598700872523 O_{2a} : y = 299350436261 \rightarrow f(y) = 673538481589 O_1 :$   
 $x = 336769240794 \rightarrow f(x) = 505153861192 \rightarrow 252576930596 < 491647006111 O_{3a}$

Chain of connections :

$O_{3a} \rightarrow O_{2a} \rightarrow O_{2a} \rightarrow O_{3c} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_2^* \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_{2a} \rightarrow O_3^* \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow$   
 $O_{2a} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow E \rightarrow E < O_{3a} : N(s) = 63$

(2)

**$2^a \cdot n + 16k+11 O_{2a}$**  :  $y = 2^{a-1} \cdot n + 8k+5 \rightarrow f(y) = 3^2 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 18k+13 [O_3] : k = 4k+1$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 64k + 27} \text{ O}_{2a} \\ & 3^2 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 72k + 31 \text{ O}_3 : z = 3^2 \cdot 2^{a-4} \cdot n + 36k + 15 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 243k + 107 \text{ [O]} : k = \mathbf{2k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 128k + 27} \text{ O}_{2a} \\ & 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 486k + 107 \text{ [O}_1\text{]} : k = \mathbf{2k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 256k + 155} \text{ O}_{2a} \\ & 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 972k + 593 \text{ O}_1 : x = 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 486k + 296 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^6 \cdot 2^{a-8} \cdot n + 729k + 445 \text{ [E]} : k = \mathbf{2k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 512k + 411} \text{ O}_{2a} \\ & 3^6 \cdot 2^{a-8} \cdot n + 1458k + 1174 \rightarrow 3^6 \cdot 2^{a-9} \cdot n + 729k + 587 \text{ [O]} : k = \mathbf{2k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 1024k + 411} \text{ O}_{2a} \\ & 3^6 \cdot 2^{a-9} \cdot n + 1458k + 587 \text{ [O}_2\text{]} : k = \mathbf{4k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 4096k + 411} \text{ O}_{2a} \\ & 3^6 \cdot 2^{a-9} \cdot n + 5832k + 587 \text{ O}_2 : y = 3^6 \cdot 2^{a-10} \cdot n + 2916k + 293 \rightarrow f(y) = 3^8 \cdot 2^{a-12} \cdot n + 6561k + 661 \text{ [O]} : k = \mathbf{2k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 8192k + 411} \text{ O}_{2a} \\ & 3^8 \cdot 2^{a-12} \cdot n + 13122k + 661 \text{ [O}_1\text{]} : k = \mathbf{2k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 16384k + 411} \text{ O}_{2a} \\ & 3^8 \cdot 2^{a-12} \cdot n + 26244k + 661 \text{ O}_1 : x = 3^8 \cdot 2^{a-13} \cdot n + 13122k + 330 \rightarrow \\ & f(x) = 3^9 \cdot 2^{a-14} \cdot n + 19683k + 496 \text{ [O]} : k = \mathbf{2k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 32768k + 16795} \text{ O}_{2a} \\ & 3^9 \cdot 2^{a-14} \cdot n + 39366k + 20179 \text{ [O}_2\text{]} : k = \mathbf{4k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 1310728k + 16795} \text{ O}_{2a} \\ & 3^9 \cdot 2^{a-14} \cdot n + 157464k + 20179 \text{ O}_2 : y = 3^9 \cdot 2^{a-15} \cdot n + 78732k + 10089 \rightarrow \\ & f(y) = 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-17} \cdot n + 177147k + 22702 \text{ [O]} : k = \mathbf{2k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 262144k + 147867} \text{ O}_{2a} \\ & 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-17} \cdot n + 354294k + 199849 \text{ [O}_1\text{]} : k = \mathbf{2k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 524288k + 147867} \text{ O}_{2a} \\ & 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-17} \cdot n + 708588k + 199849 \text{ O}_1 : x = 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-18} \cdot n + 354294k + 99924 \rightarrow \\ & f(x) = 3^{12} \cdot 2^{a-19} \cdot n + 531441k + 149887 \text{ [O]} : k = \mathbf{2k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 1048576k + 147867} \text{ O}_{2a} \\ & 3^{12} \cdot 2^{a-19} \cdot n + 1062882k + 149887 \text{ [O}_3\text{]} : k = \mathbf{4k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 4194304k + 147867} \text{ O}_{2a} \\ & 3^{12} \cdot 2^{a-19} \cdot n + 4251528k + 149887 \text{ O}_3 : z = 3^{12} \cdot 2^{a-20} \cdot n + 2125764k + 149887 \rightarrow \\ & f(z) = 3^{15} \cdot 2^{a-22} \cdot n + 14348907k + 505871 \text{ [O]} : k = \mathbf{2k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 8388608k + 147867} \text{ O}_{2a} \\ & 3^{15} \cdot 2^{a-22} \cdot n + 28697814k + 505871 \text{ [O}_3\text{]} : k = \mathbf{4k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2^a \cdot n + 33554432k + 147867} \text{ O}_{2a} \\ & 3^{15} \cdot 2^{a-22} \cdot n + 114791256k + 505871 \text{ O}_3 : z = 3^{15} \cdot 2^{a-23} \cdot n + 57395628k + 252935 \rightarrow \end{aligned}$$

$$f(z) = 3^{18} \cdot 2^{\alpha-25} \cdot n + 387420489k + 1707317 [O] : k = 2k$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2}^{\alpha} \cdot \mathbf{n+67108864k+147867} O_{2a} \\ & 3^{18} \cdot 2^{\alpha-25} \cdot n + 774840978k + 1707317 [O_1] : k = 2k \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2}^{\alpha} \cdot \mathbf{n+134217728k+147867} O_{2a} \\ & 3^{18} \cdot 2^{\alpha-25} \cdot n + 1549681956k + 1707317 [O_1] : x = 3^{18} \cdot 2^{\alpha-26} \cdot n + 774840978k + 853658 \rightarrow \\ & f(x) = 3^{19} \cdot 2^{\alpha-27} \cdot n + 1162261467k + 1280488 [E] : k = 2k \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2}^{\alpha} \cdot \mathbf{n+268435456k+147867} O_{2a} \\ & 3^{19} \cdot 2^{\alpha-27} \cdot n + 2324522934k + 1280488 E \rightarrow 3^{19} \cdot 2^{\alpha-28} \cdot n + 1162261467k + 640244 [E] : k = 2k \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2}^{\alpha} \cdot \mathbf{n+536870912k+147867} O_{2a} \\ & 3^{19} \cdot 2^{\alpha-28} \cdot n + 2324522934k + 640244 \rightarrow 3^{19} \cdot 2^{\alpha-29} \cdot n + 1162261467k + 320122 [E] : k = 2k \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2}^{\alpha} \cdot \mathbf{n+1073741824k+147867} O_{2a} \\ & 3^{19} \cdot 2^{\alpha-29} \cdot n + 2324522934k + 320122 \rightarrow 3^{19} \cdot 2^{\alpha-30} \cdot n + 1162261467k + 160061 [O] : k = 2k \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2}^{\alpha} \cdot \mathbf{n+2147483648k+147867} O_{2a} \\ & 3^{19} \cdot 2^{\alpha-30} \cdot n + 2324522934k + 160061 [O_3] : k = 4k+3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2}^{\alpha} \cdot \mathbf{n+8589934592k+6442598811} O_{2a} \\ & 3^{19} \cdot 2^{\alpha-30} \cdot n + 9298091736k + 6973728863 [O_3] : z = 3^{19} \cdot 2^{\alpha-31} \cdot n + 4649045868k + 3486864431 \rightarrow \\ & f(z) = 3^{22} \cdot 2^{\alpha-33} \cdot n + 31381059609k + 23536334915 [E] : k = 2k+1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2}^{\alpha} \cdot \mathbf{n+17179869184k+15032533403} O_{2a} \\ & 3^{22} \cdot 2^{\alpha-33} \cdot n + 62762119218k + 54917394524 \rightarrow 3^{22} \cdot 2^{\alpha-34} \cdot n + 31381059609k + 27458697262 [E] : k = 2k \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2}^{\alpha} \cdot \mathbf{n+34359738368k+15032533403} O_{2a} \\ & 3^{22} \cdot 2^{\alpha-34} \cdot n + 62762119218k + 27458697262 \rightarrow \\ & 3^{22} \cdot 2^{\alpha-35} \cdot n + 31381059609k + 13729348631 < 2^{\alpha} \cdot n + 34359738368k + 15032533403 O_{2a} \end{aligned}$$

$$\alpha = 35 \rightarrow 3^{22} \cdot n + 3^{22} \cdot k + 13729348631 < 2^{35} \cdot n + 2^{35} \cdot k + 15032533403 O_{2a} =$$

$$3^{22} \cdot (n+k) + 13729348631 < 2^{35} \cdot (n+k) + 15032533403 O_{2a} : N(s) = 57$$

$$n = 0 \rightarrow 3^{22} \cdot k + 13729348631 < 2^{35} \cdot k + 15032533403 O_{2a} \text{ principal inequality}$$

$$n = k = 0 \rightarrow 13729348631 < 15032533403 O_{2a} \text{ nude number}$$

Check link nude number :

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{15032533403} O_{2a} : y = 7516266701 \rightarrow f(y) = 16911600079 O_{3c} : z = 8.455800039 \rightarrow \\ & f(z) = 57076650269 O_1 : x = 28538325134 \rightarrow f(x) = 42807487702 \rightarrow 21403743851 O_{2a} : \\ & y = 10701871925 \rightarrow f(y) = 24079211833 O_1 : x = 12039605916 \rightarrow f(x) = 18059408875 O_{2a} : \\ & y = 9029704437 \rightarrow f(y) = 20316834985 O_1 : x = 10158417492 \rightarrow f(x) = 15237626239 O_{3a} : \\ & z = 7618813119 \rightarrow f(z) = 51426988559 O_{3c} : z = 25713494279 \rightarrow f(z) = 173566086389 O_1 : \\ & x = 86783043194 \rightarrow f(x) = 130174564792 \rightarrow 65087282396 \rightarrow 32543641198 \rightarrow \\ & 16271820599 O_3^* : z = 8135910299 \rightarrow f(z) = 54917394524 \rightarrow 27458697262 \rightarrow \\ & \mathbf{13729348631 < 15032533403} O_{2a} \end{aligned}$$

Chain of connections :

$$\begin{aligned} & O_{2a} \rightarrow O_{3c} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_{2a} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_{2a} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_{3a} \rightarrow O_{3c} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow \\ & E \rightarrow O_3^* \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow < O_{2a} : N(s) = 57 \end{aligned}$$

Changing the last connection in the cycle of links high horizons exposed above, we found two higher horizons  $\Theta(m)$  and  $\Theta(l)$  such that  $\Theta(l) < \Theta(m)$ , and so on for an endless of links; it would be enough to have appropriate calculation tools. Therefore we can affirm that for every biggest horizon we are able to cover by a binomial inequality after  $N(s)$  steps, there is an upper horizon that needs a greater number of steps to become lower than itself. So it's proved that SC is not fully confirmable and it's a sort of *Circle Quadrature*.

### *The magical harmony of odd numbers*

In the cycles of links if we compared our choices with the chain of connections, we note that :

$O_3$  is  $O_3^*$  if it's connected to  $E$ ;  $O_3$  is  $O_{3a}$  if it's connected to  $O_2$  or  $O_3$ ;  $O_3$  is  $O_{3b}$  if it's connected to  $E$  just a time;  $O_3$  is  $O_{3c}$  if it's connects to  $O_1$ .

$O_2$  is  $O_2^*$  if it's connected to  $E$ ;  $O_2$  is  $O_{2a}$  if it's connected to  $O_3$  or  $O_2$  or  $O_1$ .

$O_1$  can be connected to  $E$  or  $O_1$  or  $O_2$  or  $O_3$  and then follow the rules illustrated above.

Independence Theorem shows the beauty of SCQ and the magical harmony of odd numbers link cycles.

#### **3.2.3. An example of a cycle of link with an infinite number of steps**

$$16k+11 O_{2a}$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 16k+11 O_{2a} : y = 2^{a-1} \cdot n + 8k+5 \rightarrow f(y) = 3^2 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 18k+13 [O_3] : k = 4k+1$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 64k+27 O_{2a} \\ 3^2 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 72k+31 O_3 : z = 3^2 \cdot 2^{a-4} \cdot n + 36k+15 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 243k+107 [O] : k = 2k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 128k+27 O_{2a} \\ 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 486k+107 [O_1] : k = 2k+1$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 256k+155 O_{2a} \\ 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-6} \cdot n + 972k+593 O_1 : x = 3^5 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 486k+296 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^6 \cdot 2^{a-8} \cdot n + 729k+445 [O] : k = 2k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 512k+155 O_{2a} \\ 3^6 \cdot 2^{a-8} \cdot n + 1458k+445 [O_1] : k = 2k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 1024k+155 O_{2a} \\ 3^6 \cdot 2^{a-8} \cdot n + 2916k+445 O_1 : x = 3^6 \cdot 2^{a-9} \cdot n + 1458k+222 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^7 \cdot 2^{a-10} \cdot n + 2187k+334 [O] : k = 2k+1$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 2048k+1179 O_{2a} \\ 3^7 \cdot 2^{a-10} \cdot n + 4374k+2521 [O_1] : k = 2k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 4096k+1179 O_{2a} \\ 3^7 \cdot 2^{a-10} \cdot n + 8748k+2521 O_1 : x = 3^7 \cdot 2^{a-11} \cdot n + 4374k+1260 \rightarrow \\ f(x) = 3^8 \cdot 2^{a-12} \cdot n + 6561k+1891 [O] : k = 2k \dots \dots \text{here we stop.}$$

We could continue to go on for an infinity of steps, where  $O_1$  is always presents, but its value doesn't becomes (never) lesser than that of  $O_{2a}$ . Only if we decide to go back this is possible; and this is possible if we choose  $[E]$  and not  $[O]$ . In fact:

$$f(x) = 3^8 \cdot 2^{a-12} \cdot n + 6561k+1891 [E] : k = 2k+1$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 4096k + 1179 O_{2a} \rightarrow 2^a \cdot n + 8192k + 5275 O_{2a}$$

$$3^8 \cdot 2^{a-12} \cdot n + 6561k + 1891 \rightarrow 3^8 \cdot 2^{a-12} \cdot n + 13122k + 8452 \rightarrow$$

$$3^8 \cdot 2^{a-13} \cdot n + 6561k + 4226 < 2^a \cdot n + 8192k + 5275 O_{2a} [a \geq 13]$$

$$\alpha = 13 \rightarrow 3^8 \cdot n + 3^8 \cdot k + 4226 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 2^{13} \cdot k + 5275 O_{2a} = 3^8 \cdot (n + k) + 4226 < 2^{13} \cdot (n + k) + 5275 O_{2a}$$

$$n = 0 \rightarrow 3^8 \cdot k + 4226 < 2^{13} \cdot k + 5275 O_{2a} \text{ principal inequality : } N(s) = 21$$

$$n = k = 0 \rightarrow 4226 < 5275 O_{2a} \text{ nude number.}$$

Another cycle of link with an infinite number of steps managed as following:

$$O_{3b} \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow \dots \dots \rightarrow E \rightarrow \dots \dots$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 32k + 7 O_{3b} : z = 2^{a-1} \cdot n + 16k + 3 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-3} \cdot n + 108k + 26 \rightarrow 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-4} \cdot n + 54k + 13 [O_3] :$$

$$k = 4k+3$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 128k + 103 O_{3b}$$

$$3^3 \cdot 2^{a-4} \cdot n + 216k + 175 O_3 : z = 3^3 \cdot 2^{a-5} \cdot n + 108k + 87 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^6 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 729k + 593 [O] : k = 2k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 256k + 103 O_{3b}$$

$$3^6 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 1458k + 593 [O_1] : k = 2k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 512k + 103 O_{3b}$$

$$3^6 \cdot 2^{a-7} \cdot n + 2916k + 593 O_1 : x = 3^6 \cdot 2^{a-8} \cdot n + 1458k + 296 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^7 \cdot 2^{a-9} \cdot n + 2187k + 445 [O] : k = 2k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 1024k + 103 O_{3b}$$

$$3^7 \cdot 2^{a-9} \cdot n + 4374k + 445 [O_3] : k = 4k+3$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 4096k + 3175 O_{3b}$$

$$3^7 \cdot 2^{a-9} \cdot n + 17496k + 13567 O_3 : z = 3^7 \cdot 2^{a-10} \cdot n + 8748k + 6783 \rightarrow$$

$$f(z) = 3^{10} \cdot 2^{a-12} \cdot n + 59049k + 45791 [O] : k = 2k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 8192k + 3175 O_{3b}$$

$$3^{10} \cdot 2^{a-12} \cdot n + 118098k + 45791 [O_1] : k = 2k+1$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 16384k + 11367 O_{3b}$$

$$3^{10} \cdot 2^{a-12} \cdot n + 236196k + 163889 O_1 : x = 3^{10} \cdot 2^{a-13} \cdot n + 118098k + 81944 \rightarrow$$

$$f(x) = 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-14} \cdot n + 177147k + 122917 [O] : k = 2k \dots \dots \text{we could go on for an infinite number of steps, but we decide to go back, so:}$$

$$f(x) = 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-14} \cdot n + 177147k + 122917 [E] : k = 2k+1$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 16384k + 11367 O_{3b} \rightarrow 2^a \cdot n + 32768k + 27751 O_{3b}$$

$$3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-14} \cdot n + 177147k + 122917 \rightarrow 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-14} \cdot n + 354294k + 300064 \rightarrow$$

$$3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-15} \cdot n + 177147k + 150032 [E] : k = 2k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 65536k + 27751 O_{3b}$$

$$3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-15} \cdot n + 354294k + 150032 \rightarrow 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-16} \cdot n + 177147k + 75016 [E] : k = 2k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 131072k + 27751 O_{3b}$$

$$3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-16} \cdot n + 354294k + 75016 \rightarrow 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-17} \cdot n + 177147k + 37508 [E] : k = 2k$$

$$2^a \cdot n + 262144k + 27751 O_{3b} \\ 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-17} \cdot n + 354294k + 37508 \rightarrow 3^{11} \cdot 2^{a-18} \cdot n + 177147k + 18754 < 2^a \cdot n + 262144k + 27751 O_{3b} [a \geq 18]$$

$$\alpha = 18 \rightarrow 3^{11} \cdot n + 3^{11} \cdot k + 18754 < 2^{18} \cdot n + 2^{18} \cdot k + 27751 O_{3b} = \\ 3^{11} \cdot (n+k) + 18754 < 2^{18} \cdot (n+k) + 27751 O_{3b} \\ n = 0 \rightarrow 3^{11} \cdot k + 18754 < 2^{18} \cdot k + 27751 O_{3b} \text{ principal inequality : } N(s) = 29 \\ n = k = 0 \rightarrow 18754 < 27751 O_{3b} \text{ nude number}$$

Check link nude number :

$$27751 O_{3b} : z = 13875 \rightarrow f(z) = 93662 \rightarrow 46831 O_{3c} : z = 23415 \rightarrow f(z) = 158057 O_1 : \\ x = 79028 \rightarrow f(x) = 118543 O_{3c} : z = 59271 \rightarrow f(z) = 400085 O_1 : x = 200042 \rightarrow \\ f(x) = 300064 \rightarrow 150032 \rightarrow 75016 \rightarrow 37508 \rightarrow 18754 < 27751 O_{3b} : N(s) = 29$$

The verification satisfies the chain of connections chosen initially

*Two chains of connections with an infinite number of steps*

$$O_{3a} \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow O_2 \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow \\ E \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_2 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow O_2 \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow \dots \dots N(s) \rightarrow \infty$$

$$O_{3a} \rightarrow O_2 \rightarrow O_2 \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_2 \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_2 \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow O_2 \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow \\ O_2 \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_2 \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow O_2 \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_3 \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow \dots \dots N(s) \rightarrow \infty$$

There are an infinity of possible combinations of connections in the cycles of links which could contain a number of steps  $N(s) \rightarrow \infty$ . So, by the procedure applied above, is further confirmed that Syracuse Conjecture is a particular type of *Circle Quadrature*.

Furthermore Independence Theorem allows to manage the cycles of links to our liking. So, chosen an odd number  $p \in O$  we can associate the horizon  $2^k \cdot n + p$  to it. By formulas plan Theorem 2n+1 we can calculate  $3^h \cdot n + q < 2^k \cdot n + p$  and the number of steps needed to move from the main horizon  $\Theta(m) = 2^k \cdot n + p$  to its lower horizon  $\Theta(l) = 3^h \cdot n + q : N(s) = h + k$ .

*Test of some binomial inequalities in General List by Theorem of Independence*

$$N(s) = 8 : 27n+20 < 32n+23 O_3^* \\ 2^k \cdot n + 23 O_3^* : z = 2^{k-1} \cdot n + 11 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-3} \cdot n + 80 \rightarrow 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-4} \cdot n + 40 \rightarrow \\ 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-5} \cdot n + 20 < 2^k \cdot n + 23 O_3^* [k \geq 5] : k = 5 \rightarrow 27n+20 < 32n+23 O_3^*$$

$$N(s) = 11 : 81n+38 < 128n+59 O_{2a} \\ 2^k \cdot n + 59 O_{2a} : y = 2^{k-1} \cdot n + 29 \rightarrow f(y) = 3^2 \cdot 2^{k-3} \cdot n + 67 O_2^* : y = 3^2 \cdot 2^{k-4} \cdot n + 33 \rightarrow \\ f(y) = 3^4 \cdot 2^{k-6} \cdot n + 76 \rightarrow 3^4 \cdot 2^{k-7} \cdot n + 38 < 2^k \cdot n + 59 O_{2a} [k \geq 7] : k = 7 \rightarrow 81n+38 < 128n+59 O_{2a}$$

$$N(s) = 13 : 243n+91 < 256n+95 O_{3a} \\ 2^k \cdot n + 95 O_{3a} : z = 2^{k-1} \cdot n + 47 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-3} \cdot n + 323 O_2^* : y = 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-4} \cdot n + 161 \rightarrow \\ f(y) = 3^5 \cdot 2^{k-6} \cdot n + 364 \rightarrow 3^5 \cdot 2^{k-7} \cdot n + 182 \rightarrow 3^5 \cdot 2^{k-8} \cdot n + 91 < 2^k \cdot n + 95 O_{3a} [k \geq 8] : k = 8 \rightarrow \\ 243n+91 < 256n+95 O_{3a}$$

$$N(s) = 16 : 729n+302 < 1024n+423 O_{3b} \\ 2^k \cdot n + 423 O_{3b} : z = 2^{k-1} \cdot n + 211 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-3} \cdot n + 1430 \rightarrow 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-4} \cdot n + 715 O_{2a} : \\ y = 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-5} \cdot n + 357 \rightarrow f(y) = 3^5 \cdot 2^{k-7} \cdot n + 805 O_1 : x = 3^5 \cdot 2^{k-8} \cdot n + 402 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^6 \cdot 2^{k-9} \cdot n + 604 \rightarrow \\ 3^6 \cdot 2^{k-10} \cdot n + 302 < 2^k \cdot n + 423 O_{3b} [k \geq 10] : k = 10 \rightarrow 729n+302 < 1024n+423 O_{3b}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
N(s) = 19 : 2187n + 205 &< 4096n + 383 O_{3a} \\
2^k \cdot n + 383 O_{3a} : z = 2^{k-1} \cdot n + 191 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-3} \cdot n + 1295 O_{3c} : z = 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-4} \cdot n + 647 \rightarrow \\
f(z) = 3^6 \cdot 2^{k-6} \cdot n + 4373 O_1 : x = 3^6 \cdot 2^{k-7} \cdot n + 2186 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^7 \cdot 2^{k-8} \cdot n + 3280 \rightarrow \\
3^7 \cdot 2^{k-9} \cdot n + 1640 \rightarrow 3^7 \cdot 2^{k-10} \cdot n + 820 \rightarrow 3^7 \cdot 2^{k-11} \cdot n + 410 \rightarrow \\
3^7 \cdot 2^{k-12} \cdot n + 205 < 2^k \cdot n + 383 O_{3a} [k \geq 12] : k = 12 \rightarrow 2187n + 205 < 4096n + 383 O_{3a}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
N(s) = 21 : 6561n + 205 &< 8192n + 255 O_{3a} \\
2^k \cdot n + 255 O_{3a} : z = 2^{k-1} \cdot n + 127 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-3} \cdot n + 863 O_{3a} : z = 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-4} \cdot n + 431 \rightarrow \\
f(z) = 3^6 \cdot 2^{k-6} \cdot n + 2915 O_2^* : y = 3^6 \cdot 2^{k-7} \cdot n + 1457 \rightarrow f(y) = 3^8 \cdot 2^{k-9} \cdot n + 3280 \rightarrow \\
3^8 \cdot 2^{k-10} \cdot n + 1640 \rightarrow 3^8 \cdot 2^{k-11} \cdot n + 820 \rightarrow 3^8 \cdot 2^{k-12} \cdot n + 410 \rightarrow \\
3^8 \cdot 2^{k-13} \cdot n + 205 < 2^k \cdot n + 255 O_{3a} [k \geq 13] : k = 13 \rightarrow 6561n + 205 < 8192n + 255 O_{3a}
\end{aligned}$$

### 3.3. Long cycles of links

In this paragraph we analyze the odd generating numbers which require many steps to become lesser than themselves, i.e. :  $N(s) > 21$ .

#### 3.3.1. The cycle of link number 27 and its internal binomial inequalities

$$\begin{aligned}
2^k \cdot n + 27 O_{2a} \rightarrow 3 \cdot 2^k \cdot n + 82 \rightarrow 3 \cdot 2^{k-1} \cdot n + 41 O_1 \rightarrow 3^2 \cdot 2^{k-1} \cdot n + 124 \rightarrow 3^2 \cdot 2^{k-2} \cdot n + 62 \rightarrow \\
3^2 \cdot 2^{k-3} \cdot n + 31 O_{3a} \rightarrow 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-3} \cdot n + 94 \rightarrow 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-4} \cdot n + 47 O_{3c} \rightarrow 3^4 \cdot 2^{k-4} \cdot n + 142 \rightarrow 3^4 \cdot 2^{k-5} \cdot n + 71 O_{3b} \rightarrow \\
3^5 \cdot 2^{k-5} \cdot n + 214 \rightarrow 3^5 \cdot 2^{k-6} \cdot n + 107 O_{2a} \rightarrow 3^6 \cdot 2^{k-6} \cdot n + 322 \rightarrow 3^6 \cdot 2^{k-7} \cdot n + 161 O_1 \rightarrow 3^7 \cdot 2^{k-7} \cdot n + 484 \rightarrow \\
3^7 \cdot 2^{k-8} \cdot n + 242 \rightarrow 3^7 \cdot 2^{k-9} \cdot n + 121 O_1 \rightarrow 3^8 \cdot 2^{k-9} \cdot n + 364 \rightarrow 3^8 \cdot 2^{k-10} \cdot n + 182 \rightarrow 3^8 \cdot 2^{k-11} \cdot n + 91 O_{2a} \rightarrow \\
3^9 \cdot 2^{k-11} \cdot n + 274 \rightarrow 3^9 \cdot 2^{k-12} \cdot n + 137 O_1 \rightarrow 3^{10} \cdot 2^{k-12} \cdot n + 412 \rightarrow 3^{10} \cdot 2^{k-13} \cdot n + 206 \rightarrow \\
3^{10} \cdot 2^{k-14} \cdot n + 103 O_{3b} \rightarrow 3^{11} \cdot 2^{k-14} \cdot n + 310 \rightarrow 3^{11} \cdot 2^{k-15} \cdot n + 155 O_{2a} \rightarrow 3^{12} \cdot 2^{k-15} \cdot n + 466 \rightarrow \\
3^{12} \cdot 2^{k-16} \cdot n + 233 O_1 \rightarrow 3^{13} \cdot 2^{k-16} \cdot n + 700 \rightarrow 3^{13} \cdot 2^{k-17} \cdot n + 350 \rightarrow 3^{13} \cdot 2^{k-18} \cdot n + 175 O_{3c} \rightarrow \\
3^{14} \cdot 2^{k-18} \cdot n + 526 \rightarrow 3^{14} \cdot 2^{k-19} \cdot n + 263 O_{3b} \rightarrow 3^{15} \cdot 2^{k-19} \cdot n + 790 \rightarrow 3^{15} \cdot 2^{k-20} \cdot n + 395 O_{2a} \rightarrow \\
3^{16} \cdot 2^{k-20} \cdot n + 1186 \rightarrow 3^{16} \cdot 2^{k-21} \cdot n + 593 O_1 \rightarrow 3^{17} \cdot 2^{k-21} \cdot n + 1780 \rightarrow 3^{17} \cdot 2^{k-22} \cdot n + 890 \rightarrow \\
3^{17} \cdot 2^{k-23} \cdot n + 445 O_1 \rightarrow 3^{18} \cdot 2^{k-23} \cdot n + 1336 \rightarrow 3^{18} \cdot 2^{k-24} \cdot n + 668 \rightarrow 3^{18} \cdot 2^{k-25} \cdot n + 334 \rightarrow \\
3^{18} \cdot 2^{k-26} \cdot n + 167 O_{3b} \rightarrow 3^{19} \cdot 2^{k-26} \cdot n + 502 \rightarrow 3^{19} \cdot 2^{k-27} \cdot n + 251 O_{2a} \rightarrow 3^{20} \cdot 2^{k-27} \cdot n + 754 \rightarrow \\
3^{20} \cdot 2^{k-28} \cdot n + 377 O_1 \rightarrow 3^{21} \cdot 2^{k-28} \cdot n + 1132 \rightarrow 3^{21} \cdot 2^{k-29} \cdot n + 566 \rightarrow 3^{21} \cdot 2^{k-30} \cdot n + 283 O_{2a} \rightarrow \\
3^{22} \cdot 2^{k-30} \cdot n + 850 \rightarrow 3^{22} \cdot 2^{k-31} \cdot n + 425 O_1 \rightarrow 3^{23} \cdot 2^{k-31} \cdot n + 1276 \rightarrow 3^{23} \cdot 2^{k-32} \cdot n + 638 \rightarrow \\
3^{23} \cdot 2^{k-33} \cdot n + 319 O_{3a} \rightarrow 3^{24} \cdot 2^{k-33} \cdot n + 958 \rightarrow 3^{24} \cdot 2^{k-34} \cdot n + 479 O_{3a} \rightarrow 3^{25} \cdot 2^{k-34} \cdot n + 1438 \rightarrow \\
3^{25} \cdot 2^{k-35} \cdot n + 719 O_{3c} \rightarrow 3^{26} \cdot 2^{k-35} \cdot n + 2158 \rightarrow 3^{26} \cdot 2^{k-36} \cdot n + 1079 O_2^* \rightarrow 3^{27} \cdot 2^{k-36} \cdot n + 3238 \rightarrow \\
3^{27} \cdot 2^{k-37} \cdot n + 1619 O_2^* \rightarrow 3^{28} \cdot 2^{k-37} \cdot n + 4858 \rightarrow 3^{28} \cdot 2^{k-38} \cdot n + 2429 O_1 \rightarrow 3^{29} \cdot 2^{k-38} \cdot n + 7288 \rightarrow \\
3^{29} \cdot 2^{k-39} \cdot n + 3644 \rightarrow 3^{29} \cdot 2^{k-40} \cdot n + 1822 \rightarrow 3^{29} \cdot 2^{k-41} \cdot n + 911 O_{3c} \rightarrow 3^{30} \cdot 2^{k-41} \cdot n + 2734 \rightarrow \\
3^{30} \cdot 2^{k-42} \cdot n + 1367 O_3^* \rightarrow 3^{31} \cdot 2^{k-42} \cdot n + 4102 \rightarrow 3^{31} \cdot 2^{k-43} \cdot n + 2051 O_2^* \rightarrow 3^{32} \cdot 2^{k-43} \cdot n + 6154 \rightarrow \\
3^{32} \cdot 2^{k-44} \cdot n + 3077 O_1 \rightarrow 3^{33} \cdot 2^{k-44} \cdot n + 9232 \rightarrow 3^{33} \cdot 2^{k-45} \cdot n + 4616 \rightarrow 3^{33} \cdot 2^{k-46} \cdot n + 2308 \rightarrow \\
3^{33} \cdot 2^{k-47} \cdot n + 1154 \rightarrow 3^{33} \cdot 2^{k-48} \cdot n + 577 O_1 \rightarrow 3^{34} \cdot 2^{k-48} \cdot n + 1732 \rightarrow 3^{34} \cdot 2^{k-49} \cdot n + 866 \rightarrow \\
3^{34} \cdot 2^{k-50} \cdot n + 433 O_1 \rightarrow 3^{35} \cdot 2^{k-50} \cdot n + 1300 \rightarrow 3^{35} \cdot 2^{k-51} \cdot n + 650 \rightarrow 3^{35} \cdot 2^{k-52} \cdot n + 325 O_1 \rightarrow \\
3^{36} \cdot 2^{k-52} \cdot n + 976 \rightarrow 3^{36} \cdot 2^{k-53} \cdot n + 488 \rightarrow 3^{36} \cdot 2^{k-54} \cdot n + 244 \rightarrow 3^{36} \cdot 2^{k-55} \cdot n + 122 \rightarrow \\
3^{36} \cdot 2^{k-56} \cdot n + 61 O_1 \rightarrow 3^{37} \cdot 2^{k-56} \cdot n + 184 \rightarrow 3^{37} \cdot 2^{k-57} \cdot n + 92 \rightarrow 3^{37} \cdot 2^{k-58} \cdot n + 46 \rightarrow \\
3^{37} \cdot 2^{k-59} \cdot n + 23 < 2^k \cdot n + 27 O_{2a}
\end{aligned}$$

$$k = 59 \rightarrow 3^{37} \cdot n + 23 < 2^{59} \cdot n + 27 O_{2a} : N(s) = 96$$

Chain of transformations:

$$\begin{aligned}
O_{2a} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_{3a} \rightarrow O_{3c} \rightarrow O_{3b} \rightarrow O_{2a} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_{2a} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_{3b} \rightarrow O_{2a} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_{3c} \rightarrow \\
O_{3b} \rightarrow O_{2a} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_{3b} \rightarrow O_{2a} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_{2a} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_{3a} \rightarrow O_{3a} \rightarrow O_{3c} \rightarrow O_3^* \rightarrow O_2^* \rightarrow \\
O_1 \rightarrow O_{3c} \rightarrow O_3^* \rightarrow O_2^* \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow E
\end{aligned}$$

In the chain of transformations we note that  $O_1$  appears many more times than the other subsets in perfect agreement with Theorem 2n+1 and its addition.

Inside the cycle of link of 27  $O_{2a}$  are present the following binomial inequalities

$$3^{37} \cdot 2^{k-59} \cdot n + 23 O_3^* < 3^2 \cdot 2^{k-3} \cdot n + 31 O_{3a} \rightarrow 3^{35} \cdot 2^{k-59} \cdot n + 23 < 2^{k-3} \cdot n + 31 : k = 59 \rightarrow \\ 3^{35} \cdot n + 23 < 2^{56} \cdot n + 31 O_{3a} : N(s) = 91$$

$$3^{37} \cdot 2^{k-58} \cdot n + 46 < 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-4} \cdot n + 47 O_{3c} \rightarrow 3^{34} \cdot 2^{k-58} \cdot n + 46 < 2^{k-4} \cdot n + 47 : k = 58 \rightarrow \\ 3^{34} \cdot n + 46 < 2^{54} \cdot n + 47 O_{3c} : N(s) = 88$$

$$3^{36} \cdot 2^{k-56} \cdot n + 61 O_1 < 3^4 \cdot 2^{k-5} \cdot n + 71 O_{3b} \rightarrow 3^{32} \cdot 2^{k-56} \cdot n + 61 < 2^{k-5} \cdot n + 71 : k = 56 \rightarrow \\ 3^{32} \cdot n + 61 < 2^{51} \cdot n + 71 O_{3b} : N(s) = 83$$

$$3^{36} \cdot 2^{k-56} \cdot n + 61 O_1 < 3^8 \cdot 2^{k-11} \cdot n + 91 O_{2a} \rightarrow 3^{28} \cdot 2^{k-56} \cdot n + 61 < 2^{k-11} \cdot n + 91 : k = 56 \rightarrow \\ 3^{28} \cdot n + 61 < 2^{45} \cdot n + 91 O_{2a} : N(s) = 73$$

$$3^{36} \cdot 2^{k-56} \cdot n + 61 O_1 < 3^{10} \cdot 2^{k-14} \cdot n + 103 O_{3b} \rightarrow 3^{26} \cdot 2^{k-56} \cdot n + 61 < 2^{k-14} \cdot n + 103 : k = 56 \rightarrow \\ 3^{26} \cdot n + 61 < 2^{42} \cdot n + 103 O_{3b} : N(s) = 68$$

$$3^{36} \cdot 2^{k-55} \cdot n + 122 < 3^{11} \cdot 2^{k-15} \cdot n + 155 O_{2a} \rightarrow 3^{25} \cdot 2^{k-55} \cdot n + 122 < 2^{k-15} \cdot n + 155 : k = 55 \rightarrow \\ 3^{25} \cdot n + 122 < 2^{40} \cdot n + 155 O_{2a} : N(s) = 65$$

$$3^{36} \cdot 2^{k-55} \cdot n + 122 < 3^{18} \cdot 2^{k-26} \cdot n + 167 O_{3b} \rightarrow 3^{18} \cdot 2^{k-55} \cdot n + 122 < 2^{k-26} \cdot n + 167 : k = 55 \rightarrow \\ 3^{18} \cdot n + 122 < 2^{29} \cdot n + 167 O_{3b} : N(s) = 47$$

$$3^{36} \cdot 2^{k-54} \cdot n + 244 < 3^{19} \cdot 2^{k-27} \cdot n + 251 O_{2a} \rightarrow 3^{17} \cdot 2^{k-54} \cdot n + 244 < 2^{k-27} \cdot n + 251 : k = 54 \rightarrow \\ 3^{17} \cdot n + 244 < 2^{27} \cdot n + 251 O_{2a} : N(s) = 44$$

$$3^{36} \cdot 2^{k-54} \cdot n + 244 < 3^{21} \cdot 2^{k-30} \cdot n + 283 O_{2a} \rightarrow 3^{15} \cdot 2^{k-54} \cdot n + 244 < 2^{k-30} \cdot n + 283 : k = 54 \rightarrow \\ 3^{15} \cdot n + 244 < 2^{24} \cdot n + 283 O_{2a} : N(s) = 39$$

$$3^{36} \cdot 2^{k-54} \cdot n + 244 < 3^{23} \cdot 2^{k-33} \cdot n + 319 O_{3a} \rightarrow 3^{13} \cdot 2^{k-54} \cdot n + 244 < 2^{k-33} \cdot n + 319 : k = 54 \rightarrow \\ 3^{13} \cdot n + 244 < 2^{21} \cdot n + 319 O_{3a} : N(s) = 34$$

$$3^{34} \cdot 2^{k-50} \cdot n + 433 O_1 < 3^{24} \cdot 2^{k-34} \cdot n + 479 O_{3a} \rightarrow 3^{10} \cdot 2^{k-50} \cdot n + 433 < 2^{k-34} \cdot n + 479 : k = 50 \rightarrow \\ 3^{10} \cdot n + 433 < 2^{16} \cdot n + 479 O_{3a} : N(s) = 26$$

$$3^{33} \cdot 2^{k-48} \cdot n + 577 O_1 < 3^{25} \cdot 2^{k-35} \cdot n + 719 O_{3c} \rightarrow 3^8 \cdot 2^{k-48} \cdot n + 577 < 2^{k-35} \cdot n + 719 : k = 48 \rightarrow \\ 3^8 \cdot n + 577 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 719 O_{3c} : N(s) = 21$$

In the cycle of link of 27 we applied Collatz algorithm, because applying Independence Theorem and formulas plan Theorem 2n+1 (as in the § 3.3.2 below) we would have lost some of the internal binomial inequalities.

### 3.3.2. Applications Independence Theorem

*Cycle of link number 27 by application Independence Theorem*

$$2^k \cdot n + 27 O_{2a} : y = 2^{k-1} \cdot n + 13 \rightarrow 3^2 \cdot 2^{k-3} \cdot n + 31 O_{3a} : z = 3^2 \cdot 2^{2k-4} \cdot n + 15 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^5 \cdot 2^{k-6} \cdot n + 107 O_{2a} : \\ y = 3^5 \cdot 2^{k-7} \cdot n + 53 \rightarrow f(y) = 3^7 \cdot 2^{k-9} \cdot n + 121 O_1 : x = 3^7 \cdot 2^{k-10} \cdot n + 60 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^8 \cdot 2^{k-11} \cdot n + 91 O_{2a} :$$

$$\begin{aligned}
y = 3^8 \cdot 2^{k-12} \cdot n + 45 \rightarrow f(y) = 3^{10} \cdot 2^{k-14} \cdot n + 103 \quad O_{3b} : z = 3^{10} \cdot 2^{k-15} \cdot n + 51 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^{13} \cdot 2^{k-17} \cdot n + 350 \rightarrow \\
3^{13} \cdot 2^{k-18} \cdot n + 175 \quad O_{3c} : z = 3^{13} \cdot 2^{k-19} \cdot n + 87 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^{16} \cdot 2^{k-21} \cdot n + 593 \quad O_1 : x = 3^{16} \cdot 2^{k-22} \cdot n + 296 \rightarrow \\
3^{17} \cdot 2^{k-23} \cdot n + 445 \quad O_1 : x = 3^{17} \cdot 2^{k-24} \cdot n + 222 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^{18} \cdot 2^{k-26} \cdot n + 167 \quad O_{3b} : z = 3^{18} \cdot 2^{k-27} \cdot n + 83 \rightarrow \\
f(z) = 3^{21} \cdot 2^{k-29} \cdot n + 566 \rightarrow 3^{21} \cdot 2^{k-30} \cdot n + 283 \quad O_{2a} : y = 3^{21} \cdot 2^{k-31} \cdot n + 141 \rightarrow f(y) = 3^{23} \cdot 2^{k-33} \cdot n + 319 \quad O_{3a} : \\
z = 3^{23} \cdot 2^{k-34} \cdot n + 159 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^{26} \cdot 2^{k-36} \cdot n + 1079 \quad O_3^* : z = 3^{26} \cdot 2^{k-37} \cdot n + 539 \rightarrow \\
f(z) = 3^{29} \cdot 2^{k-39} \cdot n + 3644 \rightarrow 3^{29} \cdot 2^{k-40} \cdot n + 1822 \rightarrow 3^{29} \cdot 2^{k-41} \cdot n + 911 \quad O_{3c} : z = 3^{29} \cdot 2^{k-42} \cdot n + 455 \rightarrow \\
f(z) = 3^{32} \cdot 2^{k-44} \cdot n + 3077 \quad O_1 : x = 3^{32} \cdot 2^{k-45} \cdot n + 1538 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^{33} \cdot 2^{k-46} \cdot n + 2308 \rightarrow \\
3^{33} \cdot 2^{k-47} \cdot n + 1154 \rightarrow 3^{33} \cdot 2^{k-48} \cdot n + 577 \quad O_1 : x = 3^{33} \cdot 2^{k-49} \cdot n + 288 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^{34} \cdot 2^{k-50} \cdot n + 433 \quad O_1 : \\
x = 3^{34} \cdot 2^{k-51} \cdot n + 216 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^{35} \cdot 2^{k-52} \cdot n + 325 \quad O_1 : x = 3^{35} \cdot 2^{k-53} \cdot n + 162 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^{36} \cdot 2^{k-54} \cdot n + 244 \rightarrow \\
3^{36} \cdot 2^{k-55} \cdot n + 122 \rightarrow 3^{36} \cdot 2^{k-56} \cdot n + 61 \quad O_1 : x = 3^{36} \cdot 2^{k-57} \cdot n + 30 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^{37} \cdot 2^{k-58} \cdot n + 46 \rightarrow \\
3^{37} \cdot 2^{k-59} \cdot n + 23 < 2^k \cdot n + 27 \quad O_{2a}
\end{aligned}$$

$$k = 59 \rightarrow 3^{37} \cdot n + 23 < 2^{59} \cdot n + 27 \quad O_{2a} : N(s) = 96$$

Chain of connections:

$$\begin{aligned}
O_{2a} \rightarrow O_{3a} \rightarrow O_{2a} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_{2a} \rightarrow O_{3b} \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_{3c} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_{3b} \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_{2a} \rightarrow \\
O_{3a} \rightarrow O_3^* \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_{3c} \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow E \rightarrow E \rightarrow O_1 \rightarrow E \rightarrow \\
E < O_{2a} : N(s) = 96
\end{aligned}$$

The chain of connections number 27 confirms the magical harmony of odd numbers link cycles.

*Example*

We apply Theorem of Independence to odd numbers in  $O_{2a}$ ;  $O_{3a}$ ;  $O_{3b}$ ;  $O_{3c}$ . We don't take into consideration  $O_1$ ;  $O_2^*$ ;  $O_3^*$  because they are completely covered by their own respective binomial inequalities.

$$\text{Remembering: } \begin{cases} x = \frac{n-1}{2} \rightarrow f(x) = \frac{3x+2}{2} : N(s) = 3 \\ y = \frac{n-1}{2} \rightarrow f(y) = \frac{9y+7}{4} : N(s) = 5 \\ z = \frac{n-1}{2} \rightarrow f(z) = \frac{27z+23}{4} : N(s) = 6 \end{cases}$$

$$n = 2407$$

$$\begin{aligned}
16n+11 = 38523 \quad O_{2a} \\
2^k \cdot n + 38523 \quad O_{2a} : y = 2^{k-1} \cdot n + 19261 \rightarrow f(y) = 3^2 \cdot 2^{k-3} \cdot n + 43339 \quad O_{2a} : y = 3^2 \cdot 2^{k-4} \cdot n + 21669 \rightarrow \\
f(y) = 3^4 \cdot 2^{k-6} \cdot n + 48757 \quad O_1 : x = 3^4 \cdot 2^{k-7} \cdot n + 24378 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^5 \cdot 2^{k-8} \cdot n + 36568 < 2^k \cdot n + 38523 \quad O_{2a} \\
k = 8 \rightarrow 3^5 \cdot n + 36568 < 2^8 \cdot n + 38523 \quad O_{2a} : N(s) = 13 \sim 243n + 118 < 256n + 123 \quad O_{2a} : n = 150
\end{aligned}$$

$$32n-1 = 77023 \quad O_{3a}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
2^k \cdot n + 77023 \quad O_{3a} : z = 2^{k-1} \cdot n + 38511 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-3} \cdot n + 259955 \quad O_2^* : y = 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-4} \cdot n + 129977 \rightarrow \\
f(y) = 3^5 \cdot 2^{k-6} \cdot n + 292450 \rightarrow 3^5 \cdot 2^{k-7} \cdot n + 146225 \quad O_1 : x = 3^5 \cdot 2^{k-8} \cdot n + 73112 \rightarrow \\
f(x) = 3^6 \cdot 2^{k-9} \cdot n + 109669 \quad O_1 : x = 3^6 \cdot 2^{k-10} \cdot n + 54834 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^7 \cdot 2^{k-11} \cdot n + 82252 \rightarrow \\
3^7 \cdot 2^{k-12} \cdot n + 41126 < 2^k \cdot n + 77023 \quad O_{3a} \\
k = 12 \rightarrow 3^7 \cdot n + 41126 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 77023 \quad O_{3a} : N(s) = 19 \sim 2187n + 1760 < 4096n + 3295 \quad O_{3a} : n = 18
\end{aligned}$$

**32n+7 = 77031 O<sub>3b</sub>**

**2<sup>k</sup>·n+77031 O<sub>3b</sub>** : z = 2<sup>k-1</sup>·n+38515 → f(z) = 3<sup>3</sup>·2<sup>k-3</sup>·n+259982 → 3<sup>3</sup>·2<sup>k-4</sup>·n+129991 O<sub>3b</sub> :  
z = 3<sup>3</sup>·2<sup>k-5</sup>·n+64995 → f(z) = 3<sup>6</sup>·2<sup>k-7</sup>·n+438722 → 3<sup>6</sup>·2<sup>k-8</sup>·n+219361 O<sub>1</sub> : x = 3<sup>6</sup>·2<sup>k-9</sup>·n+109680 →  
f(x) = 3<sup>7</sup>·2<sup>k-10</sup>·n+164521 O<sub>1</sub> : x = 3<sup>7</sup>·2<sup>k-11</sup>·n+82260 → f(x) = 3<sup>8</sup>·2<sup>k-12</sup>·n+123391 O<sub>3a</sub> :  
z = 3<sup>8</sup>·2<sup>k-13</sup>·n+61695 → f(z) = 3<sup>11</sup>·2<sup>k-15</sup>·n+416447 O<sub>3a</sub> : z = 3<sup>11</sup>·2<sup>k-16</sup>·n+208223 →  
f(z) = 3<sup>14</sup>·2<sup>k-18</sup>·n+1405511 O<sub>3b</sub> : z = 3<sup>14</sup>·2<sup>k-19</sup>·n+702755 → f(z) = 3<sup>17</sup>·2<sup>k-21</sup>·n+4743602 →  
3<sup>17</sup>·2<sup>k-22</sup>·n+2371801 O<sub>1</sub> : x = 3<sup>17</sup>·2<sup>k-23</sup>·n+1185900 → f(x) = 3<sup>18</sup>·2<sup>k-24</sup>·n+1778851 O<sub>2</sub> \* :  
y = 3<sup>18</sup>·2<sup>k-25</sup>·n+889425 → f(y) = 3<sup>20</sup>·2<sup>k-27</sup>·n+2001208 → 3<sup>20</sup>·2<sup>k-28</sup>·n+1000604 →  
3<sup>20</sup>·2<sup>k-29</sup>·n+500302 → 3<sup>20</sup>·2<sup>k-30</sup>·n+250151 O<sub>3b</sub> : z = 3<sup>20</sup>·2<sup>k-31</sup>·n+125075 →  
f(z) = 3<sup>23</sup>·2<sup>k-33</sup>·n+844262 → 3<sup>23</sup>·2<sup>k-34</sup>·n+422131 O<sub>2</sub> \* : y = 3<sup>23</sup>·2<sup>k-35</sup>·n+211065 →  
f(y) = 3<sup>25</sup>·2<sup>k-37</sup>·n+474898 → 3<sup>25</sup>·2<sup>k-38</sup>·n+237449 O<sub>1</sub> : x = 3<sup>25</sup>·2<sup>k-39</sup>·n+118724 →  
f(x) = 3<sup>26</sup>·2<sup>k-40</sup>·n+178087 O<sub>3b</sub> : z = 3<sup>26</sup>·2<sup>k-41</sup>·n+189043 → f(z) = 3<sup>29</sup>·2<sup>k-43</sup>·n+601046 →  
3<sup>29</sup>·2<sup>k-44</sup>·n+300523 O<sub>2a</sub> : y = 3<sup>29</sup>·2<sup>k-45</sup>·n+150261 → f(y) = 3<sup>31</sup>·2<sup>k-47</sup>·n+338089 O<sub>1</sub> :  
x = 3<sup>31</sup>·2<sup>k-48</sup>·n+169044 → f(x) = 3<sup>32</sup>·2<sup>k-49</sup>·n+253567 O<sub>3a</sub> : z = 3<sup>32</sup>·2<sup>k-50</sup>·n+126783 →  
f(z) = 3<sup>35</sup>·2<sup>k-52</sup>·n+855791 O<sub>3c</sub> : z = 3<sup>35</sup>·2<sup>k-53</sup>·n+855791 → f(z) = 3<sup>38</sup>·2<sup>k-55</sup>·n+2888297 O<sub>1</sub> :  
x = 3<sup>38</sup>·2<sup>k-56</sup>·n+1444148 → f(x) = 3<sup>39</sup>·2<sup>k-57</sup>·n+2166223 O<sub>3c</sub> : z = 3<sup>39</sup>·2<sup>k-58</sup>·n+1083111 →  
f(z) = 3<sup>42</sup>·2<sup>k-60</sup>·n+7311005 O<sub>1</sub> : x = 3<sup>42</sup>·2<sup>k-61</sup>·n+3655502 → f(x) = 3<sup>43</sup>·2<sup>k-62</sup>·n+5483254 →  
3<sup>43</sup>·2<sup>k-63</sup>·n+2741627 O<sub>2a</sub> : y = 3<sup>43</sup>·2<sup>k-64</sup>·n+1370813 → f(y) = 3<sup>45</sup>·2<sup>k-66</sup>·n+3084331 O<sub>2a</sub> :  
y = 3<sup>45</sup>·2<sup>k-67</sup>·n+1542165 → f(y) = 3<sup>47</sup>·2<sup>k-69</sup>·n+3469873 O<sub>1</sub> : x = 3<sup>47</sup>·2<sup>k-70</sup>·n+1734936 →  
f(x) = 3<sup>48</sup>·2<sup>k-71</sup>·n+2602405 O<sub>1</sub> : x = 3<sup>48</sup>·2<sup>k-72</sup>·n+1301202 → f(x) = 3<sup>49</sup>·2<sup>k-73</sup>·n+1951804 →  
3<sup>49</sup>·2<sup>k-74</sup>·n+975902 → 3<sup>49</sup>·2<sup>k-75</sup>·n+487951 O<sub>3b</sub> : z = 3<sup>49</sup>·2<sup>k-76</sup>·n+243975 →  
f(z) = 3<sup>52</sup>·2<sup>k-78</sup>·n+1646837 O<sub>1</sub> : x = 3<sup>52</sup>·2<sup>k-79</sup>·n+823418 → f(x) = 3<sup>53</sup>·2<sup>k-80</sup>·n+1235128 →  
3<sup>53</sup>·2<sup>k-81</sup>·n+617564 → 3<sup>53</sup>·2<sup>k-82</sup>·n+308782 → 3<sup>53</sup>·2<sup>k-83</sup>·n+154391 O<sub>3</sub> \* : z = 3<sup>53</sup>·2<sup>k-84</sup>·n+77195 →  
f(z) = 3<sup>56</sup>·2<sup>k-86</sup>·n+521072 → 3<sup>56</sup>·2<sup>k-87</sup>·n+260536 → 3<sup>56</sup>·2<sup>k-88</sup>·n+130268 →  
3<sup>56</sup>·2<sup>k-89</sup>·n+65134 < 2<sup>k</sup>·n+77031 O<sub>3b</sub>

$$k = 89 \rightarrow 3^{56} \cdot n + 65134 < 2^{89} \cdot n + 77031 \text{ O}_{3b} : N(s) = 145$$

**32n+15 = 77039 O<sub>3c</sub>**

**2<sup>k</sup>·n+77039 O<sub>3c</sub>** : z = 2<sup>k-1</sup>·n+38519 → f(z) = 3<sup>3</sup>·2<sup>k-3</sup>·n+260009 O<sub>1</sub> : x = 3<sup>3</sup>·2<sup>k-4</sup>·n+130004 →  
f(x) = 3<sup>4</sup>·2<sup>k-5</sup>·n+195007 O<sub>3a</sub> : z = 3<sup>4</sup>·2<sup>k-6</sup>·n+97503 → f(z) = 3<sup>7</sup>·2<sup>k-8</sup>·n+658151 O<sub>3b</sub> :  
z = 3<sup>7</sup>·2<sup>k-9</sup>·n+329075 → f(z) = 3<sup>10</sup>·2<sup>k-11</sup>·n+2221262 → 3<sup>10</sup>·2<sup>k-12</sup>·n+1110631 O<sub>3b</sub> :  
z = 3<sup>10</sup>·2<sup>k-13</sup>·n+555315 → f(z) = 3<sup>13</sup>·2<sup>k-15</sup>·n+3748382 → 3<sup>13</sup>·2<sup>k-16</sup>·n+1874191 O<sub>3c</sub> :  
z = 3<sup>13</sup>·2<sup>k-17</sup>·n+937095 → f(z) = 3<sup>16</sup>·2<sup>k-19</sup>·n+6325397 O<sub>1</sub> : x = 3<sup>16</sup>·2<sup>k-20</sup>·n+3162698 →  
f(x) = 3<sup>17</sup>·2<sup>k-21</sup>·n+4744048 → 3<sup>17</sup>·2<sup>k-22</sup>·n+2372024 → 3<sup>17</sup>·2<sup>k-23</sup>·n+1186012 →  
3<sup>17</sup>·2<sup>k-24</sup>·n+593006 → 3<sup>17</sup>·2<sup>k-25</sup>·n+296503 O<sub>3</sub> \* : z = 3<sup>17</sup>·2<sup>k-26</sup>·n+148251 →  
f(z) = 3<sup>20</sup>·2<sup>k-28</sup>·n+1000700 → 3<sup>20</sup>·2<sup>k-29</sup>·n+500350 → 3<sup>20</sup>·2<sup>k-30</sup>·n+250175 O<sub>3a</sub> :  
z = 3<sup>20</sup>·2<sup>k-31</sup>·n+125087 → f(z) = 3<sup>23</sup>·2<sup>k-33</sup>·n+844343 O<sub>3</sub> \* : z = 3<sup>23</sup>·2<sup>k-34</sup>·n+422171 →  
f(z) = 3<sup>26</sup>·2<sup>k-36</sup>·n+2849660 → 3<sup>26</sup>·2<sup>k-37</sup>·n+1424830 → 3<sup>26</sup>·2<sup>k-38</sup>·n+712415 O<sub>3a</sub> :  
z = 3<sup>26</sup>·2<sup>k-39</sup>·n+356207 → f(z) = 3<sup>29</sup>·2<sup>k-41</sup>·n+2404403 O<sub>2</sub> \* : y = 3<sup>29</sup>·2<sup>k-42</sup>·n+1202201 →  
f(y) = 3<sup>31</sup>·2<sup>k-44</sup>·n+2704954 → 3<sup>31</sup>·2<sup>k-45</sup>·n+1352477 O<sub>1</sub> : x = 3<sup>31</sup>·2<sup>k-46</sup>·n+676238 →  
f(x) = 3<sup>32</sup>·2<sup>k-47</sup>·n+1014358 → 3<sup>32</sup>·2<sup>k-48</sup>·n+507179 O<sub>2a</sub> : y = 3<sup>32</sup>·2<sup>k-49</sup>·n+253589 →  
f(y) = 3<sup>34</sup>·2<sup>k-51</sup>·n+570577 O<sub>1</sub> : x = 3<sup>34</sup>·2<sup>k-52</sup>·n+285288 → f(x) = 3<sup>35</sup>·2<sup>k-53</sup>·n+427933 O<sub>1</sub> :  
x = 3<sup>35</sup>·2<sup>k-54</sup>·n+213966 → f(x) = 3<sup>36</sup>·2<sup>k-55</sup>·n+320950 → 3<sup>36</sup>·2<sup>k-56</sup>·n+160475 O<sub>2a</sub> :  
y = 3<sup>36</sup>·2<sup>k-57</sup>·n+80237 → f(y) = 3<sup>38</sup>·2<sup>k-59</sup>·n+180535 O<sub>3</sub> \* : z = 3<sup>38</sup>·2<sup>k-60</sup>·n+90267 →  
f(z) = 3<sup>41</sup>·2<sup>k-62</sup>·n+609308 → 3<sup>41</sup>·2<sup>k-63</sup>·n+304654 → 3<sup>41</sup>·2<sup>k-64</sup>·n+152327 O<sub>3b</sub> :  
z = 3<sup>41</sup>·2<sup>k-65</sup>·n+76163 → f(z) = 3<sup>44</sup>·2<sup>k-67</sup>·n+514106 → 3<sup>44</sup>·2<sup>k-68</sup>·n+257053 O<sub>1</sub> :  
x = 3<sup>44</sup>·2<sup>k-69</sup>·n+128256 → f(x) = 3<sup>45</sup>·2<sup>k-70</sup>·n+192790 → 3<sup>45</sup>·2<sup>k-71</sup>·n+96395 O<sub>2a</sub> :  
y = 3<sup>45</sup>·2<sup>k-72</sup>·n+48197 → f(y) = 3<sup>47</sup>·2<sup>k-74</sup>·n+108445 O<sub>1</sub> : x = 3<sup>47</sup>·2<sup>k-75</sup>·n+54222 →  
f(x) = 3<sup>48</sup>·2<sup>k-76</sup>·n+81334 → 3<sup>48</sup>·2<sup>k-77</sup>·n+40667 < 2<sup>k</sup>·n+77039 O<sub>3c</sub>

$$k = 77 \rightarrow 3^{48} \cdot n + 40667 < 2^{77} \cdot n + 77039 \text{ O}_{3c} : N(s) = 125$$

### 3.3.3. Two examples completion General List

By Theorem of Independence and formulas derived from Theorem 2n+1, we research cycles of links  $N(s) \leq 21$ . If  $N(s) > 21$  we don't write the corresponding cycle.

$$N(s) = \mathbf{16} : 729n + 362 < 1024n + 507 \text{ O}_{2a}; 729n + 410 < 1024n + 575 \text{ O}_{3a}$$

$$p : 507 < p < 575 = \{575 \bmod 4 - p \in O_2^* \cup p \in O_3^* \cup p \sim N(s) = 8 \cup p \sim N(s) = 11 \cup p \sim N(s) = 13\} = \{511; 539; 543; 559\}$$

$$p = 511 \rightarrow 2^k \cdot n + 511 \text{ O}_{3a} : N(s) > 21$$

$$p = 539 \rightarrow 2^k \cdot n + 539 \text{ O}_{2a} : y = 2^{k-1} \cdot n + 269 \rightarrow f(y) = 3^2 \cdot 2^{k-3} \cdot n + 607 \text{ O}_{3a} : z = 3^2 \cdot 2^{k-4} \cdot n + 303 \rightarrow$$

$$f(z) = 3^5 \cdot 2^{k-6} \cdot n + 2051 \text{ O}_2^* : y = 3^5 \cdot 2^{k-7} \cdot n + 1025 \text{ O}_1 \rightarrow f(y) = 3^7 \cdot 2^{k-9} \cdot n + 2308 \rightarrow$$

$$3^7 \cdot 2^{k-10} \cdot n + 1154 \rightarrow 3^7 \cdot 2^{k-11} \cdot n + 577 \text{ O}_1 : x = 3^7 \cdot 2^{k-12} \cdot n + 288 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^8 \cdot 2^{k-13} \cdot n + 433 < 2^k \cdot n + 539 \text{ O}_{2a}$$

$$k = 13 \rightarrow \mathbf{3^8 \cdot n + 433 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 539} \text{ O}_{2a} : \text{to add General list } N(s) = 21$$

$$p = 543 \rightarrow 2^k \cdot n + 543 \text{ O}_{3a} : z = 2^{k-1} \cdot n + 271 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-3} \cdot n + 1835 \text{ O}_{2a} : y = 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-4} \cdot n + 917 \rightarrow$$

$$f(y) = 3^5 \cdot 2^{k-6} \cdot n + 2065 \text{ O}_1 : x = 3^5 \cdot 2^{k-7} \cdot n + 1032 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^6 \cdot 2^{k-8} \cdot n + 1549 \text{ O}_1 :$$

$$x = 3^6 \cdot 2^{k-9} \cdot n + 774 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^7 \cdot 2^{k-10} \cdot n + 1162 \rightarrow 3^7 \cdot 2^{k-11} \cdot n + 581 \text{ O}_1 : x = 3^7 \cdot 2^{k-12} \cdot n + 290 \rightarrow$$

$$f(x) = 3^8 \cdot 2^{k-13} \cdot n + 436 < 2^k \cdot n + 543 \text{ O}_{3a}$$

$$k = 13 \rightarrow \mathbf{3^8 \cdot n + 436 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 543} \text{ O}_{3a} : \text{to add General list } N(s) = 21$$

$$p = 559 \rightarrow 2^k \cdot n + 559 \text{ O}_{3c} : N(s) > 21$$

$$N(s) = \mathbf{19} : 3^7 \cdot n + 910 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 1703 \text{ O}_{3b}; 3^7 \cdot n + 955 < 2^{12} \cdot n + 1787 \text{ O}_{2a}$$

$$p : 1703 < p < 1787 = \{1787 \bmod 4 - p \in O_2^* \cup p \in O_3^* \cup p \sim N(s) = 8 \cup p \sim N(s) = 11 \cup p \sim N(s) = 13 \cup p \sim N(s) = 16\} = \{1727; 1743; 1775\}$$

$$p = 1727 : \mathbf{2^k \cdot n + 1727} \text{ O}_{3a} : z = 2^{k-1} \cdot n + 863 \rightarrow f(z) = 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-3} \cdot n + 5831 \text{ O}_{3b} : z = 3^3 \cdot 2^{k-4} \cdot n + 2915 \rightarrow$$

$$f(z) = 3^6 \cdot 2^{k-6} \cdot n + 19682 \rightarrow 3^6 \cdot 2^{k-7} \cdot n + 9841 \text{ O}_1 : x = 3^6 \cdot 2^{k-8} \cdot n + 4920 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^7 \cdot 2^{k-9} \cdot n + 7381 \text{ O}_1 :$$

$$x = 3^7 \cdot 2^{k-10} \cdot n + 3690 \rightarrow f(x) = 3^8 \cdot 2^{k-11} \cdot n + 5536 \rightarrow 3^8 \cdot 2^{k-12} \cdot n + 2768 \rightarrow$$

$$3^8 \cdot 2^{k-13} \cdot n + 1384 < 2^k \cdot n + 1727 \text{ O}_{3a}$$

$$k = 13 \rightarrow \mathbf{3^8 \cdot n + 1384 < 2^{13} \cdot n + 1727} \text{ O}_{3a} : \text{to add General list } N(s) = 21$$

$$p = 1743 \rightarrow 2^k \cdot n + 1743 \text{ O}_{3c} : N(s) > 21$$

$$p = 1775 \rightarrow 2^k \cdot n + 1775 \text{ O}_{3c} : N(s) > 21$$

### 3.4. Big Bang and Big Crunch

“The numbers reign on the Universe” (Pythagoras)

“ONE and DIADE are generators of Cosmos” (Plato)

Maybe the cycles of the links of SCQ represents a promising kind of law on expansion of Cosmos called BIG BANG. Starting from 1 we reach very high and very large horizons. As we saw BIG CRUNCH is always possible, but BIG BANG has no End.

BIG BANG :

$$\begin{aligned} 1 &\rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 16 \rightarrow 32 \rightarrow 128 \rightarrow 256 \rightarrow 1024 \rightarrow 4096 \rightarrow 8192 \rightarrow 2^{15} \rightarrow 2^{16} \rightarrow 2^{18} \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \\ 2^{21} &\rightarrow 2^{23} \rightarrow 2^{24} \rightarrow 2^{26} \rightarrow 2^{27} \rightarrow 2^{29} \rightarrow 2^{31} \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow 2^{35} \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow 2^{39} \rightarrow 2^{40} \rightarrow 2^{42} \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow 2^{45} \rightarrow \\ \dots &\rightarrow 2^{51} \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow 2^{54} \rightarrow 2^{56} \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow 2^{59} \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow 2^{77} \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow 2^{89} \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow 2^k \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \infty \end{aligned}$$

Where ... are occupied by  $2^k$  of the cycles of links to us still unknown. Increment of  $k = 1$  or  $2$ .

BIG CRUNCH :

$$3^h \rightarrow 3^{h-1} \rightarrow 3^{h-2} \rightarrow 3^{h-3} \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow 3^{37} \rightarrow 3^{36} \rightarrow 3^{35} \rightarrow 3^{34} \rightarrow 3^{33} \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow 3^{20} \rightarrow 3^{19} \rightarrow 3^{18} \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow 3^{12} \rightarrow 3^{11} \rightarrow 3^{10} \rightarrow 3^9 \rightarrow 6561 \rightarrow 2187 \rightarrow 729 \rightarrow 243 \rightarrow 81 \rightarrow 27 \rightarrow 9 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 1$$

Decrease of h always 1 .

### 3.5. Final Proof

We have seen that SC is a sort of *Circle Quadrature*, and this paper proves that is not possible to arrive 100% coverage of  $\mathbb{N}$  by binomial inequalities. So, SC (CC) is not fully demonstrable, but we can claim that its initial statement is true, in fact :

For any  $\Theta(m) = 2^k \cdot n + p$  ; there is  $\Theta(l) = 3^h \cdot n + q : \begin{cases} h < k \\ q < p \end{cases} : \Theta(l) < \Theta(m)$

Hence there exists  $a_n \in S(2n+1) : a_n < 2n+1$  after  $N(s) = h + k$  steps.

Since exists  $a_n \in S(2n) : a_n < 2n$  after  $N(s) = \text{one step} : 2n \rightarrow n$  . Being  $E \cup O = \mathbb{N}$  .

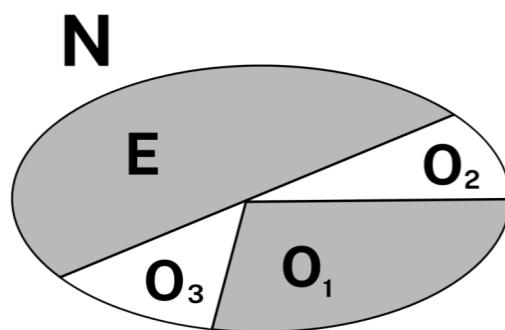
So every  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  falls down to 1 !!! → QED

### 3.6. Conclusion / Finale

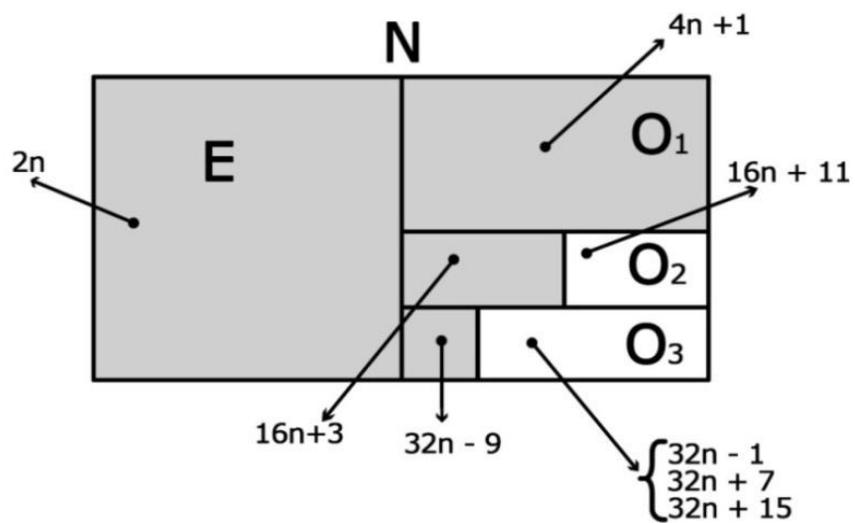
Odd generating numbers in  $O_1$  become lesser than themselves after one application of Theorem  $2n+1$ . So also it is for odd generating numbers in  $O_2^*$  of type  $16n+3$ . So also it is for odd generating numbers in  $O_3^*$  of type  $32n-9 \sim 32n+23$ . For the others odd generating numbers in  $O_2 - O_2^*$  of type  $16n+11$   $O_{2a}$  and in  $O_3 - O_3^*$  of type  $32n-1 \sim 32n+31$   $O_{3a}$  ;  $32n+7$   $O_{3b}$  ;  $32n+15$   $O_{3c}$  ; Theorem  $2n+1$  must be iterated two, three, or more times, or very many times, until the odd generating number becomes lesser than itself. In this way the blanks in the following patterns they fill more and more with grey almost to complete the set  $\mathbb{N}$ . We can conclude that the starting odd numbers  $O \subset \mathbb{N}$  become lesser than themselves after a number of steps (i.e. applications Collatz algorithm) from  $N(s) = 3$  ( $O_1$ ) until  $N(s) \rightarrow \infty$  . THERE ARE NO DOUBTS. Syracuse Conjecture (Collatz Conjecture) is a new marvelous type of *Circle Quadrature*.

## PATTERNS

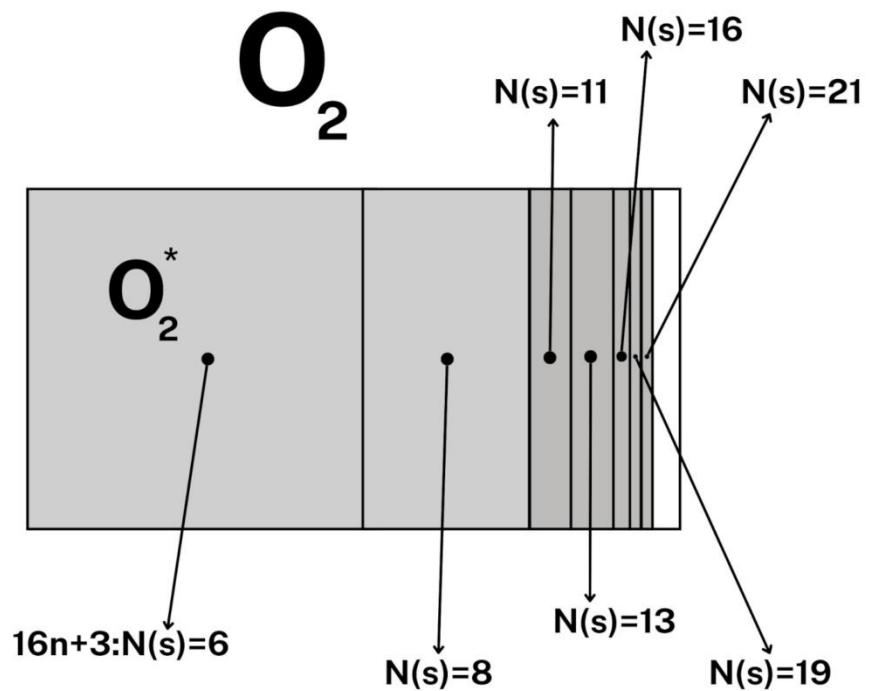
(1)



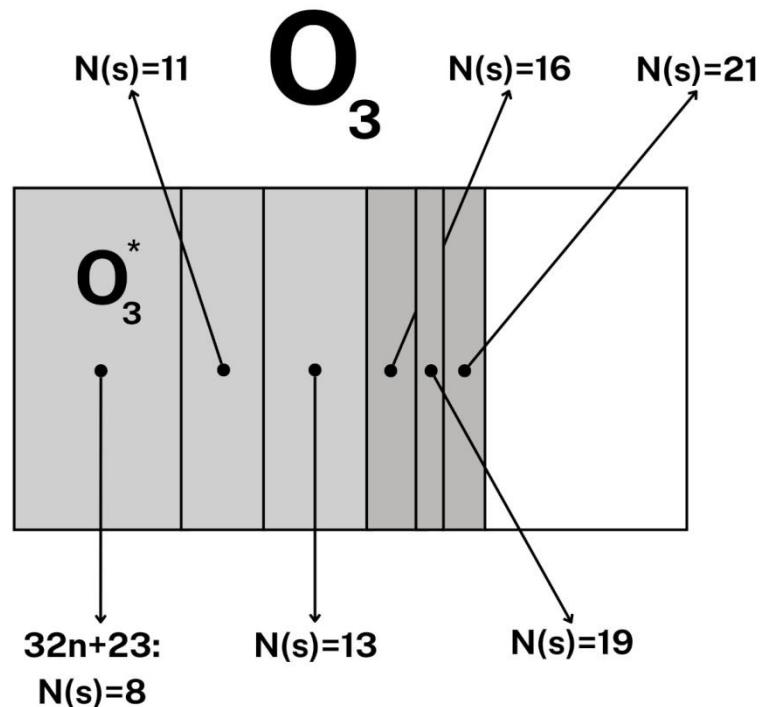
(2)



(3)



(4)



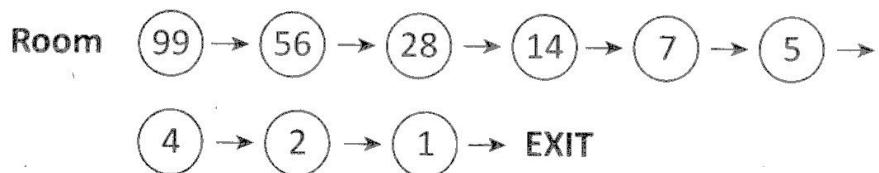
#### 4. Appendices

The following appendices are added as some types of exercises for teaching Collatz Conjecture in high schools with likely interest from students.

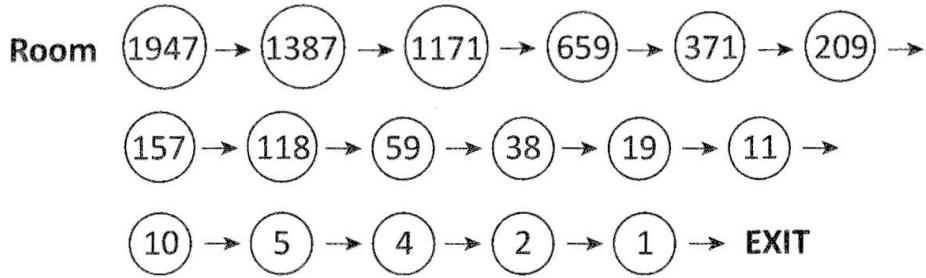
##### 4.1. The labyrinth of Syracuse

We have seen how the endless successions generated by algorithm of Collatz are an inextricable labyrinth of numbered rooms, in which it seems impossible to find the exit; but the applications of Theorem  $2n+1$  and Independence Theorem allow us to find always the exit, standing in any room of this maze that we will call: Labyrinth of Syracuse.

Strategy to exit labyrinth of Syracuse as we stand in room number 99.



Strategy to exit labyrinth of Syracuse as we stand in room number 1947.



### *Important observations*

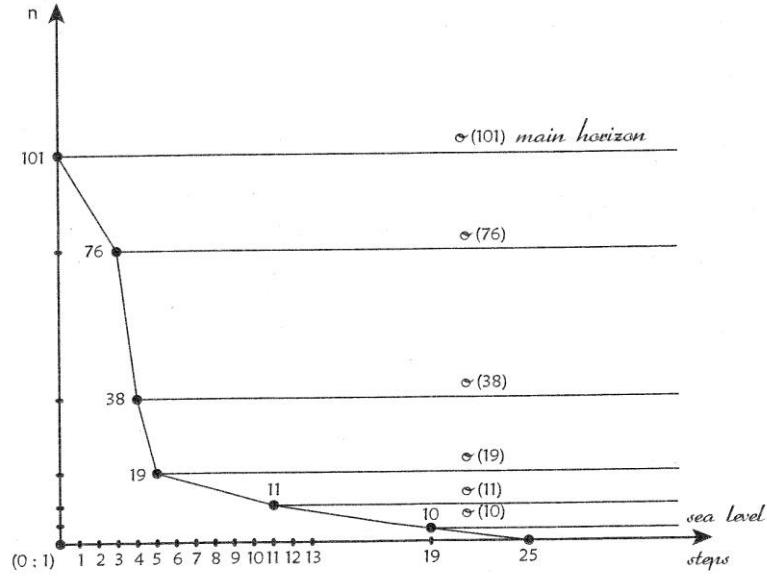
In all cycles of links, the final cycle (last five elements = four steps) to exit from labyrinth of Syracuse is: {10; 5; 4; 2; 1}; or {7; 5; 4; 2; 1}; unless in the cycle appears an even number like that of kind  $2^p$ , or an odd number of type  $(4^p-1)/3$ . In this case the subsequent steps are evaluable *a priori*, and the last five element are:  $16 \rightarrow 8 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1 = \{16; 8; 4; 2; 1\}$ .

Another final cycle in cycles of links is {12; 6; 3; 2; 1}. This cycle is anomalous, since it appears only if the generating numbers are of type  $n = 3 \cdot 2^p \in I(3) = \{3; 6; 12; 24; 48; 96; 192; \dots; 3 \cdot 2^p\}$ . The  $n \in I(3)$  do not appear in any other iterative cycle. Not in those generated by even numbers, in fact: if  $n \in E$ , then  $n \rightarrow n/2$ , if  $n/2 = 3 \cdot 2^p : n = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 2^p = 3 \cdot 2^{p+1} \in I(3)$ . Not in those generated by odd numbers; in fact if  $n \in O$  then  $n \rightarrow 3n+1$ , if  $3n+1 = 3 \cdot 2^p : n = (3 \cdot 2^p-1)/3 = 2^p-1/3$  which is impossible. The only odd number in  $I(3)$  is 3, which generates the sequence:  $3 \rightarrow 10 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 16 \rightarrow 8 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 2 < 3$ . In the labyrinth of Syracuse this anomalous cycle, up value 3, can be considered as an infinite sequence of even rooms, numbered one double of the other, aligned in a long hallway perfectly straight that is not connected to any other room of the maze. In the metaphor of the descent to the sea described in the following paragraph, instead, it can be interpreted in such a river that flows into the sea without having any tributaries or being affluent. For  $n > 3$  all sequences generated by  $n = 3 \cdot 2^p \in I(3)$  are monotone decreasing such that  $a_n = a_{n-1}/2$ . If, for example, the generating number is  $n = 3 \cdot 2^{10} = 3072$  we have  $S(3072) = \{3072; 1536; 768; 384; 192; 96; 48; 24; 12; 6; 3\}$ .

### **4.2. Descent to the sea**

Instead of using the metaphor of the labyrinth, we use that of the descent to the sea, the examples are translated into graphs. It should be borne in mind that the final cycle {10; 5; 4; 2; 1} is done in 6 steps, since  $\Theta(5)$  passes to  $\Theta(4)$  in three steps, while the final cycle {7; 5; 4; 2; 1} is accomplished in 16 steps, since  $\Theta(7)$  passes to  $\Theta(5)$  in 11 steps and, as we already said,  $\Theta(5)$  passes to  $\Theta(4)$  in three steps. For convenience these end cycles are represented by a single line section, one step.

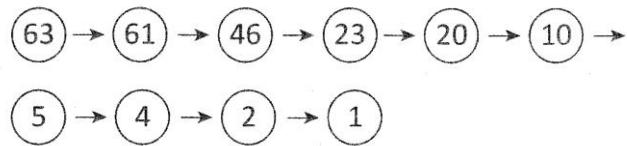
Graph of the descent to the sea from the main horizon  $\Theta(m) = 101$ . This arrives at the sea in 6 steps instead of 25.



In this way we can arrive at the sea level from highest heights, greatly reducing the number of steps and remaining always below the main horizon.

### 4.3. The skyscraper

If we wanted to get off on the first floor of a very high skyscraper finding ourselves on the 63rd floor, we should follow a clear strategy in pressing the buttons of the elevator, otherwise we will continue to go down and climb up again until to reach the 9232nd floor. Instead, using the method of the cycles of links, we know that we have to press the button 61 of the lift control panel. And then the button 46. And then the button 23. Since we already know the cycle of the links of number 23, we will get off on the first floor (1) with ease and from there, with the stairs, we will reach the ground floor. If we do not follow this strategy we would be forced to stay locked in the elevator, going up and down, for 107 floors. This is the summarized strategy.



### References / Bibliography

- [1] Zucchini R. *The logical solution Syracuse conjecture* (February 2022); Amazon on demand, Mnamon Milano Italy

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