Consideration of Twin Prime Conjecture Average difference is 2.296

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Abstract

In the process of pursuing Twin Prime Problem, I found that the Reciprocal of distribution of primes always increased at a rate of about 2.296.

When $1 \times 10^{3 \times 10^{12}}$ is reached, only 1 of 6889379491 is a prime number. This assumes that 2.296 continues all the time.

This seems to continue forever.

In other words, it was considered that in the ultimate, the existence of primes is very close to zero.

It is 4/3 times the square of the probability of primes is the probability of Twin Primes, and it is very questionable whether it can be said that Twin Primes are produced at such times.

key words

Distribution of primes, Average difference is 2.296, Forever

Introduction

From[5], 1×10^{24} is 18435599767349200867866, but this is a number assuming that the Riemann hypothesis is true.

And, the following, the value of from 1×10^4 to 1×10^{13} depends on [4].

 $(1 \times 10^{24})/(1.843559976734 \times 10^{22}) = 54.24287859...$ Average difference is (54.24287859-28.9862524)/11 = 2.296056926...

Discussion

And, as can be seen from the equation below, even if the number becomes large, the degree of production of primes only decreases little by little.

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However, it is the basis for supporting the above results.

$$\pi(x) \sim \frac{x}{\log x} \quad (x \to \infty)$$
 (1)

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{x}{\log x} = (10^{10})/\log(10^{10}) &\approx 4.343 \times 10^8 \\ \frac{x}{\log x} = (10^{11})/\log(10^{11}) &\approx 3.948 \times 10^9 \\ \frac{x}{\log x} = (10^{12})/\log(10^{12}) &\approx 3.619 \times 10^{10} \\ \frac{x}{\log x} = (10^{13})/\log(10^{13}) &\approx 3.341 \times 10^{11} \\ \frac{x}{\log x} = (10^{14})/\log(10^{14}) &\approx 3.102 \times 10^{12} \\ \frac{x}{\log x} = (10^{15})/\log(10^{15}) &\approx 2.895 \times 10^{13} \\ \frac{x}{\log x} = (10^{15})/\log(10^{16}) &\approx 2.714 \times 10^{14} \\ \frac{x}{\log x} = (10^{17})/\log(10^{17}) &\approx 2.555 \times 10^{15} \\ \frac{x}{\log x} = (10^{18})/\log(10^{18}) &\approx 2.413 \times 10^{16} \\ \frac{x}{\log x} = (10^{24})/\log(10^{24}) &\approx 1.809 \times 10^{22} \\ \frac{x}{\log x} = (10^{100})/\log(10^{100}) &\approx 4.343 \times 10^{97} \\ \frac{x}{\log x} = (10^{800})/\log(10^{800}) &\approx 5.429 \times 10^{796} \end{array}$$

On Gauss formulae,

$$\pi(x) \sim \frac{1 \times 10^{24}}{\log(1 \times 10^{24})} = 1.80956 \times 10^{22}$$
 (2)

From [5] is $1.843559976734 \times 10^{22}$

It almost agrees with the result of Gauss's formula.

$$[1 \times 10^{24}]/[\frac{1 \times 10^{24}}{log(1 \times 10^{24})}] = 55.262042....$$
 Approximately 1 out of 55 integers is a prime number.

However, when $1 \times 10^{3 \times 10^{12}}$ is reached, only 1 of 6889379491 is a prime number. This assumes that 2.296 continues all the time, but will give the same result, although it will be slightly different than 2.296.

It is 4/3 times the square of the probability of primes is the probability of Twin Primes, and it is very questionable whether it can be said that Twin Primes are produced at such times.

Sheet1

number	number of primes of	distribution(bk/ak) average(ak/bk) average difference	
10000	•	12.29 8.13669650122 2.28865796083121	
100000	9592	9.592 10.4253544621 2.31382360617933	
1000000	78498	7.8498 12.7391780682 2.30794198822576	
10000000	664579	6.64579 15.0471200565 2.30960667316272	
100000000	5761455	57.61455 17.3567267296 2.30991039775819	
1000000000	50847534	50.847534 19.6666371274 2.30884868639028	
10000000000	455052511	45.5052511 21.9754858138 2.30782379258232	
100000000000	4118054813	41.18054813 24.2833096064 2.29977133449257	
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	37617912018	37.617912018 26.5830809408 2.31317149075089	
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	346065636839	34.6065636839 28.8962524316 2.296	
1*10^14		31.1902524316 2.296	
1*10^15		33.4842524316 2.296	
1*10^16		35.7782524316 2.296	
1*10^17		38.0722524316 2.296	
1*10^18		40.3662524316 2.296	
1*10^19		42.6602524316 2.296	
1*10^20		44.9542524316 2.296	
1*10^21		47.2482524316 2.296	
1*10^22		49.5422524316 2.296	
1*10^23		51.8362524316 2.296	
1*10^24	1.8435599767E+22	18.43559976734 54.24287859 2.296	
1*10^124		283.84287859 100*2.296	
1*10^224		513.44287859 100*2.296	
1*10^324		743.04287859 100*2.296	
1*10^424		972.64287859 100*2.296	
1*10^524		1202.24287859 100*2.296	
1*10^624		1431.84287859 100*2.296	
1*10^724		1661.44287859 100*2.296	
1*10^824		1891.04287859 100*2.296	
1*10^1000824		231491.042879 100000*2.296	
1*10^2000824		461091.042879 100000*2.296	
1*10^3000824		690691.042879 100000*2.296	
1*10^4000824		920291.042879 100000*2.296	
1*10^5000824		1149891.04288 100000*2.296	
1*10^6000824		1379491.04288 100000*2.296	
1*10^100006000824		2297379491 1000000000*2.296	
1*10^200006000824		4593379491 1000000000*2.296	
1*10^300006000	824	6889379491 1000000000*2.296	

References

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