

Malmsten's Integral

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abstract

This note presents some formulas related with Malmsten's integral.

1. Introduction.

This note presents some formulas related with Malmsten's integral (1842):

$$\int_1^\infty \frac{\ln \ln x}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (1)$$

two related integrals :

$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x^2} \ln \ln \frac{1}{x} dx = \int_{\pi/4}^{\pi/2} \ln \ln \tan x dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (2)$$

Integral (1) was first evaluated by Carl Johan Malmsten and colleagues in 1842.

2. Related Integrals

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{e^x \ln x}{1+e^{2x}} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (3)$$

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\ln x}{2 \cosh x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (4)$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^\infty \frac{x e^x}{2 \cosh e^x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (5)$$

$$\int_1^\infty \frac{\ln \cosh^{-1} x}{2x \sqrt{x^2 - 1}} dx = \int_1^\infty \frac{\ln(\ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1}))}{2x \sqrt{x^2 - 1}} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (6)$$

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\ln \sinh^{-1} x}{2(1+x^2)} dx = \int_0^\infty \frac{\ln(\ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}))}{2(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (7)$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^\infty \frac{x e^{x-e^x}}{1+e^{-2e^x}} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (8)$$

$$\int_{\ln(1+\sqrt{2})}^{\infty} \frac{\ln \ln \sinh x}{\cosh x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (9)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{2x \ln x}{\cosh x^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (10)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x}{2} \left(\frac{e^x}{\cosh e^x} - \frac{e^{-x}}{\cosh e^{-x}} \right) dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (11)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \left(\operatorname{sech} x \ln x + \frac{1}{x^2} \operatorname{sech} \frac{1}{x} \ln \frac{1}{x} \right) dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (12)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_1^{\infty} \left(\operatorname{sech} x \ln x + \frac{1}{x^2} \operatorname{sech} \frac{1}{x} \ln \frac{1}{x} \right) dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (13)$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{1}{2} \ln(\ln(\sec x + \tan x)) dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (14)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \left(\tan^{-1}(e^{-e^x}) - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1-e^{-e^{-x}}}{1+e^{-e^{-x}}}\right) \right) dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (15)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \left(\tan^{-1}(e^{-e^{-x}}) - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1-e^{-e^x}}{1+e^{-e^x}}\right) \right) dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (16)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \left(\tan^{-1}(e^{-e^x}) + \tan^{-1}(e^{-e^{-x}}) - \frac{\pi}{4} \right) dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (17)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \tan^{-1}(e^{-e^x}) dx - \int_0^{\infty} \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \tan^{-1}(e^{-e^{-x}}) \right) dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (18)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{-e^x} + e^{-e^{-x}} + e^{-e^{-x}-e^x} - 1}{e^{-e^x} + e^{-e^{-x}} - e^{-e^{-x}-e^x} + 1}\right) dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (19)$$

$$\int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{x} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{-x} + e^{-1/x} + e^{-x-1/x} - 1}{e^{-x} + e^{-1/x} - e^{-x-1/x} + 1}\right) dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (20)$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{x} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{-x} + e^{-1/x} + e^{-x-1/x} - 1}{e^{-x} + e^{-1/x} - e^{-x-1/x} + 1}\right) dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (21)$$

$$\int_0^{e^{-1}} \frac{-1}{x \ln x} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x + e^{1/\ln x} + x e^{1/\ln x} - 1}{x + e^{1/\ln x} - x e^{1/\ln x} + 1}\right) dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (22)$$

$$\int_{e^{-1}}^1 \frac{-1}{x \ln x} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x + e^{1/\ln x} + x e^{1/\ln x} - 1}{x + e^{1/\ln x} - x e^{1/\ln x} + 1}\right) dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (23)$$

$$\frac{e^2}{2} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \ln x \sinh(e x)}{(\cosh(e x))^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (24)$$

$$-\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \ln x \sinh x}{(\cosh x)^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (25)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \frac{\ln x}{\cosh x} dx + \int_1^{\infty} \frac{\tan^{-1} e^{-x}}{x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) \quad (26)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{e^{-1}} \frac{\ln x}{\cosh x} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int_e^\infty \frac{\ln x}{\cosh x} dx + \int_{e^{-1}}^e \frac{\tan^{-1} e^{-x}}{x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) + \tan^{-1} e^{-e} + \tan^{-1} e^{-e^{-1}} \quad (27)$$

$$\int_0^{e^{-e}} \frac{\ln(-\ln x)}{1+x^2} dx + \int_{e^{-1}}^1 \frac{\ln(-\ln x)}{1+x^2} dx - \int_{e^{-e}}^{e^{-1}} \frac{\tan^{-1} x}{x \ln x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) + \tan^{-1} e^{-e} \quad (28)$$

$$\int_1^e \frac{\ln \ln x}{1+x^2} dx + \int_{e^e}^\infty \frac{\ln \ln x}{1+x^2} dx - \int_e^{e^e} \frac{\tan^{-1} x}{x \ln x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) - \tan^{-1} e^e \quad (29)$$

3. Series

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) &= \frac{\tan^{-1}(\sinh a) \ln a}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n E_n a^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)(2n+1)!} + \\ &\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} \ln(2n+1) e^{-(2n+1)a}}{2n+1} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2n+1} \int_{(2n+1)a}^{\infty} e^{-x} \ln x dx, \quad 0 < a < \frac{\pi}{2} \end{aligned} \quad (30)$$

In (30) E_n are the Euler's numbers:

$$E_n = \{1, 1, 5, 61, 1385, \dots\} \quad (31)$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) = -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n E_n}{(2n+1)(2n+1)!} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1} \ln(2n+1)}{(2n+1) e^{2n+1}} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2n+1} \int_{2n+1}^{\infty} e^{-x} \ln x dx \quad (32)$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \frac{\ln x}{\cosh x} dx + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{(e-1) e^{-n-1}}{1+e^{-2n-1}} \right) \ln n + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \int_0^1 \operatorname{sech}(x+n) \ln \left(1 + \frac{x}{n} \right) dx \quad (33)$$

4. Identities

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) + v^2 - u^2 - \frac{\pi}{2} v - \frac{\pi}{4} u = \\ \int_0^u \left(\ln \ln \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + x \right) - \tan^{-1} e^{-x} \right) dx + \int_0^v \left(\ln \ln \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x \right) - \tan^{-1} e^{-x} \right) dx \end{aligned} \quad (34)$$

where $u = 0.331544 \dots$, is root of the equation :

$$u = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1 - e^{-e^{-u}}}{1 + e^{-e^{-u}}} \right) \quad (35)$$

and $v = 0.265151 \dots$, is root of the equation :

$$v = \tan^{-1} e^{-e^v} \quad (36)$$

other formula is:

$$\frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\Gamma(3/4)}{\Gamma(1/4)} \sqrt{2\pi} \right) + v^2 - u^2 = \int_0^u \left(\ln \ln \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + x \right) - \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1 - e^{-e^{-x}}}{1 + e^{-e^{-x}}} \right) \right) dx + \int_0^v \left(\ln \ln \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x \right) + \tan^{-1} e^{-x} \right) dx \quad (37)$$

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