

Question 446 : π as sum of arctangents

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abstract

This note presents some formulas of pi in terms of sum of arctangents.

1. Introduction.

Examples of π as sum of arctangents (Machin's formulas)

$$\frac{\pi}{2} = \tan^{-1} \left(\left(\tan \frac{2\pi}{5} \right)^2 \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\left(\tan \frac{4\pi}{5} \right)^2 \right) - \tan^{-1} \frac{2}{5} \quad (1)$$

$$\pi = \tan^{-1} \left(\left(\tan \frac{2\pi}{7} \right)^2 \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\left(\tan \frac{4\pi}{7} \right)^2 \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\left(\tan \frac{6\pi}{7} \right)^2 \right) + \tan^{-1} \frac{7}{17} \quad (2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \pi = & \tan^{-1} \left(\left(\tan \frac{2\pi}{9} \right)^2 \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\left(\tan \frac{4\pi}{9} \right)^2 \right) \\ & + \tan^{-1} \left(\left(\tan \frac{6\pi}{9} \right)^2 \right) + \tan^{-1} \left(\left(\tan \frac{8\pi}{9} \right)^2 \right) - \tan^{-1} \frac{12}{29} \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

2. General formula

Let $n \in \mathbb{N} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, \dots\}$, then

$$S_n = \sum_{k=1}^n \tan^{-1} \left(\left(\tan \frac{2k\pi}{2n+1} \right)^2 \right) = \left[\frac{n+1}{2} \right] \frac{\pi}{2} + (-1)^n \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\min \{|x_n|, |y_n|\}}{\max \{|x_n|, |y_n|\}} \right) \quad (4)$$

where

$$x_n = \operatorname{Re}(Z_n) \quad , \quad y_n = \operatorname{Im}(Z_n) \quad (5)$$

$$Z_n = \frac{1}{2} \left(\left(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^{2n+1} + \left(1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^{2n+1} \right), i = \sqrt{-1} \quad (6)$$

Remark 1: $[x]$ is the integer part of x , $|x|$ is the absolute value of x .

Remark 2: $\operatorname{Re}(z), \operatorname{Im}(z)$ are the real and imaginary part of z .

3. Particular examples

$$S_5 = \frac{3\pi}{2} - \tan^{-1} \frac{41}{99} \quad (7)$$

$$S_6 = \frac{3\pi}{2} + \tan^{-1} \frac{70}{169} \quad (8)$$

$$S_7 = 2\pi - \tan^{-1} \frac{239}{577} \quad (9)$$

$$S_8 = 2\pi + \tan^{-1} \frac{408}{985} \quad (10)$$

$$S_9 = \frac{5\pi}{2} - \tan^{-1} \frac{1393}{3363} \quad (11)$$

$$S_{10} = \frac{5\pi}{2} + \tan^{-1} \frac{2378}{5741} \quad (12)$$

$$S_{11} = 3\pi - \tan^{-1} \frac{8119}{19601} \quad (13)$$

$$S_{12} = 3\pi + \tan^{-1} \frac{13860}{33461} \quad (14)$$

4. The sequence $Z_n = x_n + iy_n$

$$Z_{n+2} = 2(1+i)Z_{n+1} + 2iZ_n, Z_1 = 1+3i, Z_2 = -4+10i, n \in \mathbb{N} \quad (15)$$

5. The sequences x_n, y_n

$$\begin{cases} x_{n+2} = 2x_{n+1} - 2y_{n+1} - 2y_n \\ y_{n+2} = 2x_{n+1} + 2y_{n+1} + 2x_n \end{cases}, x_1 = 1, x_2 = -4, y_1 = 3, y_2 = 10, n \in \mathbb{N} \quad (16)$$

$$x_{n+4} = 4x_{n+3} - 8x_{n+2} - 8x_{n+1} - 4x_n \quad , x_1 = 1, x_2 = -4, x_3 = -34, x_4 = -116 \quad (17)$$

$$y_{n+4} = 4y_{n+3} - 8y_{n+2} - 8y_{n+1} - 4y_n \quad , y_1 = 3, y_2 = 10, y_3 = 14, y_4 = -48 \quad (18)$$

$$x_n = \frac{1}{4} \left(\left(1 + \frac{1+i}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^{2n+1} + \left(1 + \frac{1-i}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^{2n+1} + \left(1 - \frac{1+i}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^{2n+1} + \left(1 - \frac{1-i}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^{2n+1} \right) \quad , n \in \mathbb{N} \quad (19)$$

$$y_n = \frac{1}{4i} \left(\left(1 + \frac{1+i}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^{2n+1} - \left(1 + \frac{1-i}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^{2n+1} + \left(1 - \frac{1+i}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^{2n+1} - \left(1 - \frac{1-i}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^{2n+1} \right) \quad , n \in \mathbb{N} \quad (20)$$

6. The sequences Z_n, x_n, y_n

$$Z_n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{2n+1}{2k} i^k \quad , n \in \mathbb{N} \quad (21)$$

$$x_n = \sum_{k=0}^{[n/2]} \binom{2n+1}{4k} (-1)^k \quad , n \in \mathbb{N} \quad (22)$$

$$y_n = \sum_{k=0}^{[(n-1)/2]} \binom{2n+1}{4k+2} (-1)^k \quad , n \in \mathbb{N} \quad (23)$$

References

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