

# Electrical Moonshine

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**Abstract.** The electrical constant and its Eddington approximation 137 are both 10 ppb connected with the dimension 26 of bosonic string theory and the 'moonshine entropy'  $\ln(196883)$ .

A bridge was established between two very different mathematical domains : the group theory and the conformal field one, which is related to the string theory [1]. The starting common point is the order of the Monster group  $D = 196883$ . In its treatment of the bosonic string theory, of dimension  $d = 26$ , Witten [2] considers the corresponding entropy  $\ln D$ , and compare it with the natural term  $4\pi$ . But there are two  $10^{-8}$  precise relations implying 137 and the electric constant  $a \approx 137.035999138(31)$ .

$$6d\ln D \approx (137/\pi)^2 \approx (a/\pi)^2 - 1$$

This confirms the physical pertinence of the Monster Group [3] and string theory, but rehabilites Eddington's approach [4].

## References

[1] I. B. Frenkel, J. Lepowsky, and A. Meurman, "A Natural Representation of the Fischer-Griess Monster With the Modular Function  $\mathbf{J}$  As Character," Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 81 (1984) 3256-3260.

[2] Witten E., Three-Dimensional Gravity Revisited  
[arxiv.org/abs/0706.3359](https://arxiv.org/abs/0706.3359)

[3] Sanchez F.M., Bizourd C., Veigel D. and Veysseyre R, Appearance of the Monster Group in Physics, [vixra.org/abs/1712.0367](https://vixra.org/abs/1712.0367)

[4] Eddington A.S., *The Fundamental Theory* (Cambridge, 1946). Durham I.T. 2006, Sir Arthur Eddington and the Foundations of Modern Physics [arXiv:quant-ph/0603146v1](https://arxiv.org/abs/quant-ph/0603146v1).