

Conjecture on numbers n obtained concatenating two primes related to the number of primes up to n

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Abstract. In this paper I conjecture that there exist an infinity of numbers n obtained concatenating two primes p and q , where $p = 30*k + m_1$ and $q = 30*h + m_2$, $p < q$, m_1 and m_2 distinct, having one from the values 1, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, such that the number of primes congruent to $m_1 \pmod{30}$ up to n is equal to the number of primes congruent to $m_2 \pmod{30}$ up to n . Example: for $n = 1723$ obtained concatenating the primes $p = 17$ and $q = 23$, there exist 34 primes of the form $30*k + 17$ up to 1723 and 34 primes of the form $30*k + 23$ up to 1723.

Conjecture:

There exist an infinity of numbers n obtained concatenating two primes p and q , where $p = 30*k + m_1$ and $q = 30*h + m_2$, $p < q$, m_1 and m_2 distinct, having one from the values 1, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, such that the number of primes congruent to $m_1 \pmod{30}$ up to n is equal to the number of primes congruent to $m_2 \pmod{30}$ up to n .

Example: for $n = 1723$ obtained concatenating the primes $p = 17$ and $q = 23$, there exist 34 primes of the form $30*k + 17$ up to 1723 and 34 primes of the form $30*k + 23$ up to 1723.

The first seventeen numbers n :

- : 711, because there exist 16 primes congruent to 7 (mod 30) respectively 16 primes congruent to 11 (mod 30) up to n ;
- : 713, because there exist 16 primes congruent to 7 (mod 30) respectively 16 primes congruent to 13 (mod 30) up to n ;
- : 723, because there exist 16 primes congruent to 7 (mod 30) respectively 16 primes congruent to 23 (mod 30) up to n ;
- : 729, because there exist 17 primes congruent to 7 (mod 30) respectively 17 primes congruent to 29 (mod 30) up to n ;

- : 743, because there exist 17 primes congruent to 7 (mod 30) respectively 17 primes congruent to 13 (mod 30) up to n ;
- : 753, because there exist 17 primes congruent to 7 (mod 30) respectively 17 primes congruent to 23 (mod 30) up to n ;
- : 783, because there exist 18 primes congruent to 7 (mod 30) respectively 18 primes congruent to 23 (mod 30) up to n ;
- : 1167, because there exist 26 primes congruent to 11 (mod 30) respectively 26 primes congruent to 7 (mod 30) up to n ;
- : 1317, because there exist 27 primes congruent to 13 (mod 30) respectively 27 primes congruent to 17 (mod 30) up to n ;
- : 1323, because there exist 27 primes congruent to 13 (mod 30) respectively 27 primes congruent to 23 (mod 30) up to n ;
- : 1329, because there exist 27 primes congruent to 13 (mod 30) respectively 27 primes congruent to 29 (mod 30) up to n ;
- : 1347, because there exist 27 primes congruent to 13 (mod 30) respectively 27 primes congruent to 17 (mod 30) up to n ;
- : 1353, because there exist 27 primes congruent to 13 (mod 30) respectively 27 primes congruent to 23 (mod 30) up to n ;
- : 1359, because there exist 27 primes congruent to 13 (mod 30) respectively 27 primes congruent to 29 (mod 30) up to n ;
- : 1389, because there exist 27 primes congruent to 13 (mod 30) respectively 27 primes congruent to 29 (mod 30) up to n ;
- : 1723, because there exist 34 primes congruent to 17 (mod 30) respectively 34 primes congruent to 23 (mod 30) up to n ;
- : 1737, because there exist 34 primes congruent to 17 (mod 30) respectively 34 primes congruent to 7 (mod 30) up to n .