

# Pi Formulas , Part 27

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## abstract

In this note we show some formulas related with the constant Pi

# Número Pi , Fórmulas

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## Resumen-Abstract

En esta nota mostramos algunas fórmulas para la constante Pi:

$$\pi = 4 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2n+1} = 3.14159265 \dots$$

## Fórmulas

1. Para  $0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$  , se tiene:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\pi}{2} - x &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} (\cos x)^n \sin(nx) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} (\cos x)^n \sum_{k=0}^{\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]} \binom{n}{2k+1} (-1)^k (\cos x)^{n-2k-1} (\sin x)^{2k+1} \\ &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} (\cos x)^{2n} \sum_{k=0}^{\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]} \binom{n}{2k+1} (-1)^k (\tan x)^{2k+1} \end{aligned}$$

Ejemplo 1.1:

$$\pi = 3 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{6}\right) = \sqrt{3} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^n \sum_{k=0}^{\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]} \binom{n}{2k+1} (-1)^k 3^{-k}$$

Ejemplo 1.2:

$$\pi = \frac{8}{3} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}\right)^n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{8}\right) = \frac{8}{3} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \left(\frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{4}\right)^n \sum_{k=0}^{\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]} \binom{n}{2k+1} (-1)^k (\sqrt{2}-1)^{2k+1}$$

Ejemplo 1.3:

$$\pi = 6\sqrt{3} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} 2^{-n} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{3}\right) = 6\sqrt{3} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} 2^{-2n} \sum_{k=0}^{\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]} \binom{n}{2k+1} (-1)^k 3^k$$

2. Fórmulas del tipo:

$$\begin{aligned} \pi &= A \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} (\sin x)^n \sin(nx) = A \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} (\sin x)^n \sum_{k=0}^{\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]} \binom{n}{2k+1} (-1)^k (\cos x)^{n-2k-1} (\sin x)^{2k+1} \\ &= A \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} (\sin x)^n (\cos x)^n \sum_{k=0}^{\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]} \binom{n}{2k+1} (-1)^k (\tan x)^{2k+1} \end{aligned}$$

Ejemplos:

$A$	$\sin x$	$\cos x$	$\tan x$
4	$1/\sqrt{2}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$	1
6	$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1+2\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{4\sqrt{3}-3}}{2}}$	$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{7-2\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{4\sqrt{3}-3}}{2}}$	$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{4+3\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{27+16\sqrt{3}}}$
6	$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1+2\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{4\sqrt{3}-3}}{2}}$	$-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{7-2\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{4\sqrt{3}-3}}{2}}$	$-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{4+3\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{27+16\sqrt{3}}}$
8	$\sqrt{1-\frac{4}{5+2\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{1+4\sqrt{2}}}}$	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{5+2\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{1+4\sqrt{2}}}}$	$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1+2\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{1+4\sqrt{2}}}$
8	$\sqrt{1-\frac{4}{5+2\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{1+4\sqrt{2}}}}$	$-\frac{2}{\sqrt{5+2\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{1+4\sqrt{2}}}}$	$-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1+2\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{1+4\sqrt{2}}}$
12	$\sqrt{1-\frac{4}{4+\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{8\sqrt{3}-13}}}$	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{4+\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{8\sqrt{3}-13}}}$	$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{8\sqrt{3}-13}}$
12	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}+\sqrt{3}-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{5+4\sqrt{3}}}}$	$-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{4\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{8\sqrt{3}-13}}{2}}$	$-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{8\sqrt{3}-13}}$

3. Fórmulas del tipo:

$$\begin{aligned}\pi &= A \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} (\tan x)^n \sin(nx) = A \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} (\tan x)^n \sum_{k=0}^{\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]} \binom{n}{2k+1} (-1)^k (\cos x)^{n-2k-1} (\sin x)^{2k+1} \\ &= A \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} (\sin x)^n \sum_{k=0}^{\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]} \binom{n}{2k+1} (-1)^k (\tan x)^{2k+1}\end{aligned}$$

Ejemplo 3.1:

$$A = 4$$

$$\sin x = \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4s} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{(9 + \sqrt{129})^{1/3}}{6^{1/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3}}{(3(9 + \sqrt{129}))^{1/3}} + \frac{7}{2}s}$$

donde

$$\begin{aligned}s &= \sqrt{\frac{3}{3 - \frac{4 \cdot 6^{2/3}}{(9 + \sqrt{129})^{1/3}} + 2(6(9 + \sqrt{129}))^{1/3}}} \\ \cos x &= -\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4c} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{11}{6} - \frac{1}{6}(262 - 6\sqrt{129})^{1/3} - \frac{(131 + 3\sqrt{129})^{1/3}}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3}} + \frac{3}{2}c}\end{aligned}$$

donde

$$\begin{aligned}c &= \sqrt{\frac{3}{11 + 2(262 - 6\sqrt{129})^{1/3} + 2(2(131 + 3\sqrt{129}))^{1/3}}} \\ \tan x &= -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}t + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2 - \frac{(2(-9 + \sqrt{129}))^{1/3}}{3^{2/3}} + \frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3}}{(3(-9 + \sqrt{129}))^{1/3}} + \frac{2}{t}}\end{aligned}$$

donde

$$t = \sqrt{1 + \frac{(2(-9 + \sqrt{129}))^{1/3}}{3^{2/3}} - \frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3}}{(3(-9 + \sqrt{129}))^{1/3}}}$$

Ejemplo 3.2:

$$A = 6, \sin x = \frac{1}{2}, \cos x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \tan x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, x = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

Ejemplo 3.3:

$$A = 8, \sin x = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \cos x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \tan x = -1, x = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

Ejemplo 3.4:

$$A = 8$$

$$\sin x = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{s^{1/3}}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3}} - \frac{6\sqrt{2} - 4}{6(2s)^{1/3}}$$

donde

$$s = -23 + 18\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{105 - 72\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\cos x = \sqrt{1 - (\sin x)^2}, \quad \tan x = \frac{\sin x}{\sqrt{1 - (\sin x)^2}}$$

Ejemplo 3.5:

$$A = 12$$

$$\sin x = a_1 - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a_2 + \frac{s^{1/3}}{6 \cdot 2^{2/3}} - \frac{1}{(2s)^{1/3}}} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2a_2 - \frac{s^{1/3}}{6 \cdot 2^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{(2s)^{1/3}} - \frac{a_3}{\sqrt{a_2 + \frac{s^{1/3}}{6 \cdot 2^{2/3}} - \frac{1}{(2s)^{1/3}}}}}$$

donde

$$s = 54 - 27\sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{3(205 - 108\sqrt{3})}$$

$$a_1 = \frac{2 - \sqrt{3}}{8} , \quad a_2 = \frac{7 - 4\sqrt{3}}{16} , \quad a_3 = \frac{17\sqrt{3} - 38}{8}$$

$$\cos x = \sqrt{1 - (\sin x)^2} , \quad \tan x = \frac{\sin x}{\sqrt{1 - (\sin x)^2}}$$

4. Fórmulas del tipo:

$$\pi = A \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} x^n \sin(nx) = A \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} x^n \sum_{k=0}^{[n/2]} \binom{n}{2k+1} (-1)^k (\cos x)^{n-2k-1} (\sin x)^{2k+1}$$

Ejemplo 4.1:

$$A = 4$$

$$x = 0.709166368008 \dots ; x(\sin x + \cos x) - 1 = 0$$

$$\sin x = \frac{1 - \sqrt{2x^2 - 1}}{2x} , \quad \cos x = \frac{1 + \sqrt{2x^2 - 1}}{2x}$$

Ejemplo 4.2:

$$A = 6$$

$$x = 0.564496836822 \dots ; x(\sqrt{3} \sin x + \cos x) - 1 = 0$$

$$\sin x = \frac{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{4x^2 - 1}}{4x} , \quad \cos x = \frac{\sqrt{6x^2 - 1 + \sqrt{12x^2 - 3}}}{2\sqrt{2}x}$$

Ejemplo 4.3:

$$A = 8$$

$$x = 0.493851379328 \dots ; x(\sin x + (\sqrt{2} - 1) \cos x) - \sqrt{2} + 1 = 0$$

$$\sin x = \frac{(2 + \sqrt{2}) \left( -1 + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-17 + 12\sqrt{2} + (20 - 14\sqrt{2})x^2} \right)}{4x}$$

$$\cos x = \sqrt{1 - (\sin x)^2}$$

Ejemplo 4.4:

$$A = 12$$

$$x = 0.413845287284 \dots ; x(\sin x + (2 - \sqrt{3}) \cos x) - 2 + \sqrt{3} = 0$$

$$\sin x = -\frac{(2 + \sqrt{3})(-2 + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{-97 + 56\sqrt{3} + (104 - 60\sqrt{3})x^2})}{4x}$$

$$\cos x = \sqrt{1 - (\sin x)^2}$$

5. Fórmulas del tipo:

$$\pi = A \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2n+1} x^{2n+1} \sin((2n+1)x) = A \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2n+1} x^{2n+1} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{2n+1}{2k+1} (-1)^k (\cos x)^{2n-2k} (\sin x)^{2k+1}$$

Ejemplo 5.1:

$$A = 8 , x = 0.588591410817 \dots ; x^2 + 2x \sin x - 1 = 0$$

$$\sin x = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{x} - x \right) , \cos x = \sqrt{1 - (\sin x)^2}$$

Ejemplo 5.2:

$$A = 12 , x = 0.480438044486 \dots ; x^2 + 2\sqrt{3}x \sin x - 1 = 0$$

$$\sin x = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \left( \frac{1}{x} - x \right) , \cos x = \sqrt{1 - (\sin x)^2}$$

Ejemplo 5.3:

$$A = 16 , x = 0.419288489875 \dots ; (\sqrt{2} - 1)x^2 + 2x \sin x - (\sqrt{2} - 1) = 0$$

$$\sin x = \frac{\sqrt{2} - 1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{x} - x \right) , \cos x = \sqrt{1 - (\sin x)^2}$$

Ejemplo 5.4:

$$A = 24 , x = 0.346783615668 \dots ; (2 - \sqrt{3})x^2 + 2x \sin x - (2 - \sqrt{3}) = 0$$

$$\sin x = \frac{2 - \sqrt{3}}{2} \left( \frac{1}{x} - x \right), \cos x = \sqrt{1 - (\sin x)^2}$$

6. Fórmulas del tipo:

$$\pi = A \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2n+1} x^{2n+1} \cos((2n+1)x) = A \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2n+1} x^{2n+1} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{2k} (-1)^k (\cos x)^{2n-2k+1} (\sin x)^{2k}$$

Ejemplo 6.1:

$$A = 8, x = 0.444416809391 \dots; x^2 + 2x \cos x - 1 = 0$$

$$\cos x = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{x} - x \right), \sin x = \sqrt{1 - (\cos x)^2}$$

Ejemplo 6.2:

$$A = 12, x = 0.277080847884 \dots; x^2 + 2\sqrt{3}x \cos x - 1 = 0$$

$$\cos x = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \left( \frac{1}{x} - x \right), \sin x = \sqrt{1 - (\cos x)^2}$$

Ejemplo 6.3:

$$A = 16, x = 0.202746234739 \dots; (\sqrt{2} - 1)x^2 + 2x \cos x - (\sqrt{2} - 1) = 0$$

$$\cos x = \frac{\sqrt{2} - 1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{x} - x \right), \sin x = \sqrt{1 - (\cos x)^2}$$

Ejemplo 6.4:

$$A = 24, x = 0.132781313306 \dots; (2 - \sqrt{3})x^2 + 2x \cos x - (2 - \sqrt{3}) = 0$$

$$\cos x = \frac{2 - \sqrt{3}}{2} \left( \frac{1}{x} - x \right), \sin x = \sqrt{1 - (\cos x)^2}$$

7. Fórmulas del tipo:

$$\begin{aligned}\pi &= A \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2n+1} (\sin x)^{4n+2} \sin((2n+1)x) \\ &= A \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2n+1} (\sin x)^{4n+2} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{2n+1}{2k+1} (-1)^k (1 - (\sin x)^2)^{n-k} (\sin x)^{2k+1}\end{aligned}$$

Ejemplo 7.1:

$$A = 8$$

$$\sin x = -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1+s} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2-s + \frac{2}{\sqrt{1+s}}}$$

donde

$$s = \frac{(2(-9 + \sqrt{129}))^{1/3}}{3^{2/3}} - \frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3}}{(3(-9 + \sqrt{129}))^{1/3}}$$

Otra relación para  $\sin x$  , es:

$$\frac{1}{\sin x} = \sqrt[4]{1 + 2 \sqrt[4]{1 + 2 \sqrt[4]{1 + \dots}}}$$

Ejemplo 7.2:

$$A = 12$$

$$\sin x = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3+s} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{6-s + 6 \sqrt{\frac{3}{3+s}}}$$

donde

$$s = \frac{(2(-27 + \sqrt{777}))^{1/3}}{3^{2/3}} - \frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3}}{(3(-27 + \sqrt{777}))^{1/3}}$$

Otra relación para  $\sin x$  , es:

$$\frac{1}{\sin x} = \sqrt[4]{1 + 2\sqrt{3}} \sqrt[4]{1 + 2\sqrt{3}} \sqrt[4]{1 + \dots}$$

Ejemplo 7.3:

$$A = 16$$

$$\sin x = -\frac{1}{2(\sqrt{2}-1)} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{(\sqrt{2}-1)^2} + s} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{2}{(\sqrt{2}-1)^2} - s + \frac{2}{(\sqrt{2}-1)^3} \sqrt{\frac{1}{(\sqrt{2}-1)^2} + s}}$$

donde

$$s = \frac{1}{3 \left( \frac{27 + 18\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{1425 + 972\sqrt{2}}}{288} \right)^{1/3}} - 4 \left( \frac{27 + 18\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{1425 + 972\sqrt{2}}}{288} \right)^{1/3}$$

Otra relación para  $\sin x$  , es:

$$\frac{1}{\sin x} = \sqrt[4]{1 + 2(\sqrt{2}+1)} \sqrt[4]{1 + 2(\sqrt{2}+1)} \sqrt[4]{1 + \dots}$$

Ejemplo 7.4:

$$A = 24$$

$$\sin x = -\frac{1}{2(2-\sqrt{3})} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{(2-\sqrt{3})^2} + s} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{2}{(2-\sqrt{3})^2} - s + \frac{2}{(2-\sqrt{3})^3} \sqrt{\frac{1}{(2-\sqrt{3})^2} + s}}$$

donde

$$s = \frac{1}{3 \left( \frac{63 + 36\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{7905 + 4536\sqrt{3}}}{288} \right)^{1/3}} - 4 \left( \frac{63 + 36\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{7905 + 4536\sqrt{3}}}{288} \right)^{1/3}$$

Otra relación para  $\sin x$  , es:

$$\frac{1}{\sin x} = \sqrt[4]{1 + 2(2 + \sqrt{3})} \sqrt[4]{1 + 2(2 + \sqrt{3})} \sqrt[4]{1 + \dots}$$

## Referencias

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