

Formulas for the Somos Constant

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abstract

We show some formulas for the somos constant

$$\sigma = 1.66168 \dots$$

Algunas Fórmulas para la Constante σ de Somos

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Resumen. Se muestran algunas fórmulas para la constante σ de Somos.

1 Introducción

La constante (sigma) σ de Somos se define por:

$$\sigma = 1^{1/2} 2^{1/4} 3^{1/8} \dots = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} n^{2^{-n}} \quad (1.1)$$

$$\sigma = 1.66168794\dots \quad (1.2)$$

En esta nota se muestran algunas fórmulas para la constante σ

2 Fórmulas

$$\ln(\sigma) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{k=0}^{2n} (-1)^k \binom{2n-1}{k-1} \ln(k+1) \quad (2.1)$$

$$\sigma = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \prod_{k=0}^{2n} (k+1)^{(-1)^k \binom{2n-1}{k-1}} \quad (2.2)$$

$$\ln(\sigma) = \frac{\ln(2)}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{(-1)^k}{2^{k+1} (n-k+1)(k+1)^{n-k+1}} \quad (2.3)$$

$$\sigma = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2n(2n+1)}{(2n-1)^2} \right)^{2^{-2n}} \quad (2.4)$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{2} \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{(n+1)(2n+1)}{2n^2} \right)^{2^{-2n-1}} \quad (2.5)$$

$$\sigma = \left(\prod_{n=1}^{\infty} (2n+1)^{3/2^{2n+1}} \right) \left(\prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2n+1} \right)^{2^{-2n}} \right) \quad (2.6)$$

$$\sigma = \left(\prod_{n=1}^{\infty} (2n)^{3/2^{2n+1}} \right) \left(\prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2n} \right)^{2^{-2n-1}} \right) \quad (2.7)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma &= \sqrt[4]{2} + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \sqrt[4]{2} \dots \sqrt[2^n]{n} \left(\sqrt[2^{n+1}]{n+1} - 1 \right) = \\ &= \sqrt[4]{2} + \sqrt[4]{2} \left(\sqrt[8]{3} - 1 \right) + \sqrt[4]{2} \sqrt[8]{3} \left(\sqrt[16]{4} - 1 \right) + \dots \end{aligned} \quad (2.8)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma &= \sqrt{2} + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \sqrt[4]{2} \dots \sqrt[2^n]{n} \left(\sqrt[2^n]{n+1} - \sqrt[2^n]{n} \right) = \\ &= \sqrt{2} + \sqrt[4]{2} \left(\sqrt[4]{3} - \sqrt[4]{2} \right) + \sqrt[4]{2} \sqrt[8]{3} \left(\sqrt[8]{4} - \sqrt[8]{3} \right) + \dots \end{aligned} \quad (2.9)$$

$$\ln(\sigma) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{c_n}{n+1} = 1 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{17}{12} - \frac{1}{4} \frac{35}{24} + \dots \quad (2.10)$$

$$c_0 = 1, c_n = - \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{2k+1}{k(k+1)} c_{n-k}, n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

$$\ln(\sigma) = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{(1-e^{-x})e^{-x}}{(2-e^{-x})x} dx = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n} Li_n\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \quad (2.11)$$

$Li_n\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$, es la función polilogaritmo

$$\ln(\sigma) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n} \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\gamma(n, (k+1)a)}{2^{k+1} (k+1)^n} \right) + \frac{Ie(a)}{2} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{Ie((n+2)a)}{2^{n+2}} \quad (2.12)$$

$$a > 0$$

$\gamma(n, (k+1)a)$, es la función gamma incompleta

$$Ie((n+2)a), \text{ es la integral exponencial: } Ie(x) = \int_x^{\infty} \frac{e^{-u}}{u} du$$

$$\begin{aligned} \ln(\sigma) &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2^{m+1}} \left(\frac{m}{m+1} \right)^n \right) = \\ &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{(-1)^{n-m}}{2^{m+1} (n-m+1)} \left(\frac{m}{m+1} \right)^{n-m+1} \end{aligned} \quad (2.13)$$

$$\sigma = m^{\frac{1}{2^m-1}} \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(n \prod_{k=1}^{m-1} (mn - m + k)^{2^{m-k}} \right)^{2^{-mn}} , \quad m = 1, 2, 3, \dots \quad (2.14)$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt[3]{2} \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(n (2n-1)^2 \right)^{2^{-2n}} \quad (2.15)$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt[7]{3} \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(n (3n-2)^4 (3n-1)^2 \right)^{2^{-3n}} \quad (2.16)$$

$$\ln(\sigma) = \ln(2) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n c_n \left(\ln(2) - \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{(-1)^{k-1}}{k} \right) \quad (2.17)$$

$$c_0 = 1, c_n = -\sum_{k=1}^n \frac{c_{n-k}}{k+1}, n \in \mathbb{N}$$

3 Referencias

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