

On Being

1. Being are the objects that exist, nonbeing are objects that do not exist.
2. The theory that expresses being is consistent, therefore, a theory that is not consistent does not express being.
3. If there is some being A cannot be expressed by a consistent, categorical theory, a theory T can be constructed: "A exist, and only A exist." T expresses A, so T is consistent. T is categorical, therefore, being are the objects can be expressed by a consistent, categorical theory.
4. Assume objects can be expressed by a consistent, categorical theory are nonbeing. Nonbeing are objects that do not exist. Therefore, the objects do not exist. The consistent, categorical theory does not express any object. This is not consistent. If objects isomorphic to the object that exists can be viewed as being, objects can be expressed by a consistent, categorical theory are being. Nonbeing are the objects that cannot be expressed by a consistent, categorical theory.
5. Being are the objects can be expressed by a consistent, categorical theory. Nonbeing are the objects that cannot be expressed by a consistent, categorical theory. Therefore, being equal the objects can be expressed by a consistent, categorical theory.