

Two conjectures on primes and a conjecture on Fermat pseudoprimes to base two

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Abstract. I treated the 2-Poulet numbers in many papers already but they continue to be a source of inspiration for me; in this paper I make a conjecture on primes inspired by the relation between the two prime factors of a 2-Poulet number and I also make a conjecture on Fermat pseudoprimes to base two.

Conjecture 1 (on primes):

For any prime p , $p \geq 7$, there exist an infinity of primes q , $q > p$, such that the number $r = (q - 1)/(p - 1)$ is a natural number. In other words, for any such prime p there exist an infinity of natural numbers r such that $q = r*p - p + 1$ is prime.

Conjecture 2 (on primes):

For any prime p , $p \geq 7$, there exist an infinity of primes q , $q > p$, such that the number $r = (q - 1)/(p - 1)$ is a rational but not natural number. In other words, for any such prime p there exist an infinity of rational but not natural numbers r such that $q = r*p - p + 1$ is prime.

Conjecture 3 (on 2-Poulet numbers):

For any 2-Poulet number $P = d_1*d_2$, where $d_2 > d_1$, the following statement is true: the number $r = (d_2 - 1)/(d_1 - 1)$ is a rational number.

Verifying the conjecture 3:

(For the first seventy-five 2-Poulet numbers)

Note:

In the column I are listed the first seventy-five 2-Poulet numbers, in the column II are listed the cases when $r = (d_2 - 1)/(d_1 - 1)$ is a natural number (put it in other way, the cases when $d_2 = r*d_1 - r + 1$) and in the column III are listed the cases when $r = (d_2 - 1)/(d_1 - 1)$ is a rational but not natural number.

I.

II.

III.

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|----------------|-----------------|
| 1 341 = 11*31 | (d2 = 3*d1 - 2) |
| 2 1387 = 19*73 | (d2 = 4*d1 - 3) |
| 3 2047 = 23*89 | (d2 = 4*d1 - 3) |

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|----|--------|---|----------|---------------------|----------------------------|
| 4 | 2701 | = | 37*73 | (d2 = 2*d1 - 1) | |
| 5 | 3277 | = | 29*113 | (d2 = 4*d1 - 3) | |
| 6 | 4033 | = | 37*109 | (d2 = 2*d1 - 1) | |
| 7 | 4369 | = | 17*257 | (d2 = 16*d1 - 15) | |
| 8 | 4681 | = | 31*151 | (d2 = 5*d1 - 4) | |
| 9 | 5461 | = | 43*127 | (d2 = 3*d1 - 2) | |
| 10 | 7957 | = | 73*109 | | (d2 - 1) / (d1 - 1) = 3/2 |
| 11 | 8321 | = | 53*157 | (d2 = 3*d1 - 2) | |
| 12 | 10261 | = | 31*331 | (d2 = 11*d1 - 10) | |
| 13 | 13747 | = | 59*233 | (d2 = 4*d1 - 3) | |
| 14 | 14491 | = | 43*337 | (d2 = 8*d1 - 7) | |
| 15 | 15709 | = | 23*683 | (d2 = 31*d1 - 30) | |
| 16 | 18721 | = | 97*193 | (d2 = 2*d1 - 1) | |
| 17 | 19951 | = | 71*281 | (d2 = 4*d1 - 3) | |
| 18 | 23377 | = | 97*241 | | (d2 - 1) / (d1 - 1) = 5/2 |
| 19 | 31417 | = | 89*353 | (d2 = 4*d1 - 3) | |
| 20 | 31609 | = | 73*433 | (d2 = 6*d1 - 5) | |
| 21 | 31621 | = | 103*307 | (d2 = 3*d1 - 2) | |
| 22 | 35333 | = | 89*397 | | (d2 - 1) / (d1 - 1) = 9/2 |
| 23 | 42799 | = | 127*337 | | (d2 - 1) / (d1 - 1) = 8/3 |
| 24 | 49141 | = | 157*313 | (d2 = 2*d1 - 1) | |
| 25 | 49981 | = | 151*331 | (d2 = 2*d1 - 1) | |
| 26 | 60701 | = | 101*601 | (d2 = 6*d1 - 5) | |
| 27 | 60787 | = | 89*683 | | (d2 - 1) / (d1 - 1) = 31/4 |
| 28 | 65077 | = | 59*1103 | (d2 = 19*d1 - 18) | |
| 29 | 65281 | = | 97*673 | (d2 = 7*d1 - 6) | |
| 30 | 80581 | = | 61*1321 | (d2 = 22*d1 - 21) | |
| 31 | 83333 | = | 167*499 | (d2 = 3*d1 - 2) | |
| 32 | 85489 | = | 53*1613 | (d2 = 31*d1 - 30) | |
| 33 | 88357 | = | 149*593 | (d2 = 4*d1 - 3) | |
| 34 | 90751 | = | 151*601 | (d2 = 4*d1 - 3) | |
| 35 | 104653 | = | 229*457 | (d2 = 2*d1 - 1) | |
| 36 | 123251 | = | 59*2089 | (d2 = 36*d1 - 35) | |
| 37 | 129889 | = | 193*673 | | (d2 - 1) / (d1 - 1) = 7/2 |
| 38 | 130561 | = | 137*953 | (d2 = 7*d1 - 6) | |
| 39 | 150851 | = | 251*601 | | (d2 - 1) / (d1 - 1) = 12/5 |
| 40 | 162193 | = | 241*673 | | (d2 - 1) / (d1 - 1) = 14/5 |
| 41 | 164737 | = | 257*641 | | (d2 - 1) / (d1 - 1) = 5/2 |
| 42 | 181901 | = | 101*1801 | (d2 = 18*d1 - 17) | |
| 43 | 188057 | = | 89*2113 | (d2 = 24*d1 - 23) | |
| 44 | 194221 | = | 167*1163 | (d2 = 7*d1 - 6) | |
| 45 | 196093 | = | 157*1249 | (d2 = 8*d1 - 7) | |
| 46 | 215749 | = | 79*2731 | (d2 = 35*d1 - 34) | |
| 47 | 219781 | = | 271*811 | (d2 = 3*d1 - 2) | |
| 48 | 220729 | = | 103*2143 | (d2 = 21*d1 - 20) | |
| 49 | 226801 | = | 337*673 | (d2 = 2*d1 - 1) | |
| 50 | 233017 | = | 43*5419 | (d2 = 129*d1 - 128) | |
| 51 | 241001 | = | 401*601 | | (d2 - 1) / (d1 - 1) = 3/2 |
| 52 | 249841 | = | 433*577 | | (d2 - 1) / (d1 - 1) = 4/3 |
| 53 | 253241 | = | 157*1613 | | (d2 - 1) / (d1 - 1) = 31/3 |
| 54 | 256999 | = | 233*1103 | | (d2 - 1) / (d1 - 1) = 19/4 |

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|----|--------|---|----------|--|
| 55 | 264773 | = | 149*1777 | (d ₂ = 12*d ₁ - 11) |
| 56 | 271951 | = | 151*1801 | (d ₂ = 12*d ₁ - 11) |
| 57 | 275887 | = | 263*1049 | (d ₂ = 4*d ₁ - 3) |
| 58 | 280601 | = | 277*1013 | (d ₂ - 1) / (d ₁ - 1) = 11/3 |
| 59 | 282133 | = | 307*919 | (d ₂ = 3*d ₁ - 2) |
| 60 | 294271 | = | 103*2857 | (d ₂ = 28*d ₁ - 27) |
| 61 | 318361 | = | 241*1321 | (d ₂ - 1) / (d ₁ - 1) = 11/2 |
| 62 | 357761 | = | 131*2731 | (d ₂ = 21*d ₁ - 20) |
| 63 | 390937 | = | 313*1249 | (d ₂ = 4*d ₁ - 3) |
| 64 | 396271 | = | 223*1777 | (d ₂ = 8*d ₁ - 7) |
| 65 | 422659 | = | 163*2593 | (d ₂ = 16*d ₁ - 15) |
| 66 | 435671 | = | 191*2281 | (d ₂ = 12*d ₁ - 11) |
| 67 | 443719 | = | 167*2657 | (d ₂ = 16*d ₁ - 15) |
| 68 | 452051 | = | 251*1801 | (d ₂ - 1) / (d ₁ - 1) = 36/5 |
| 69 | 458989 | = | 277*1657 | (d ₂ = 6*d ₁ - 5) |
| 70 | 481573 | = | 337*1429 | (d ₂ - 1) / (d ₁ - 1) = 17/4 |
| 71 | 486737 | = | 233*2089 | (d ₂ = 9*d ₁ - 8) |
| 72 | 489997 | = | 157*3121 | (d ₂ = 20*d ₁ - 19) |
| 73 | 513629 | = | 293*1753 | (d ₂ = 6*d ₁ - 5) |
| 74 | 514447 | = | 359*1433 | (d ₂ = 4*d ₁ - 3) |
| 75 | 556169 | = | 457*1217 | (d ₂ - 1) / (d ₁ - 1) = 8/3 |

Comment:

It can be seen that are already outlined few subsets of 2-Poulet numbers, such the following ones:

- : 2-Poulet numbers $P = d_1 \cdot d_2$ for which $r = (d_2 - 1) / (d_1 - 1)$ is of the form $r = p^m / 2^n$, where p odd prime and m, n positive integers; such numbers are: 7957, 23377, 35333, 60787, 129889, 164737, 241001, 256999, 318361, 481573 (...);
- : 2-Poulet numbers $P = d_1 \cdot d_2$ for which $r = (d_2 - 1) / (d_1 - 1)$ is of the form $r = n/3$, where n positive integer; such numbers are: 42799, 249841, 253241, 280601, 556169 (...);
- : 2-Poulet numbers $P = d_1 \cdot d_2$ for which $r = (d_2 - 1) / (d_1 - 1)$ is of the form $r = n/5$, where n positive integer; such numbers are: 150851, 162193, 452051 (...).