

The Hilbert Book Model

A simple model of fundamental physics

<http://www.e-physics.eu>

Fundament

- The Hilbert Book Model (HBM) is strictly based on **traditional quantum logic**.
- This foundation is lattice isomorphic with the set of closed subspaces of an infinite dimensional **separable Hilbert space**.

Navigate

To Logic Systems slides:

<http://vixra.org/abs/1302.0122>

To Hilbert Book slides part 2:

<http://vixra.org/abs/1302.0121>

To “Physics of the Hilbert Book Model”

<http://vixra.org/abs/1307.0106>

Correspondences

- ≈1930 Garret Birkhoff and John von Neumann discovered the lattice isomorphy:

- Infinite, but countable number of atoms / base vectors

Quantum logic	Hilbert space
Propositions: a, b	Vectors: $ a\rangle, b\rangle$
atoms c, d	Base vectors: $ c\rangle, d\rangle$
Relational complexity: $C_{complexity}(a \cap b)$	Inner product: $\langle a b\rangle$
Inclusion: $(a \cup b)$	Sum: $ a\rangle + b\rangle$
For atoms c_i :	Subspace
$\bigcup_i c_i$	$\left\{ \sum_i \alpha_i c_i\rangle \right\}_{\forall \alpha_i}$

Atoms & base vectors

- *Atom*
 - Contents not important
 - Set is **unordered**
 - Many sets possible
- *Logic*
 - Lattice
 - Only relations important

Atoms & base vectors

- *Atom*
 - Contents not important
 - Set is **unordered**
 - Many sets possible
- *Base vector*
 - Set is **unordered**
 - Many sets possible
 - Can be *eigenvector*
 - Eigenvalue
 - Real
 - Complex
 - Quaternionic
- *Logic*
 - Lattice
 - Only **relations** important

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 - Real
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 - Quaternionic

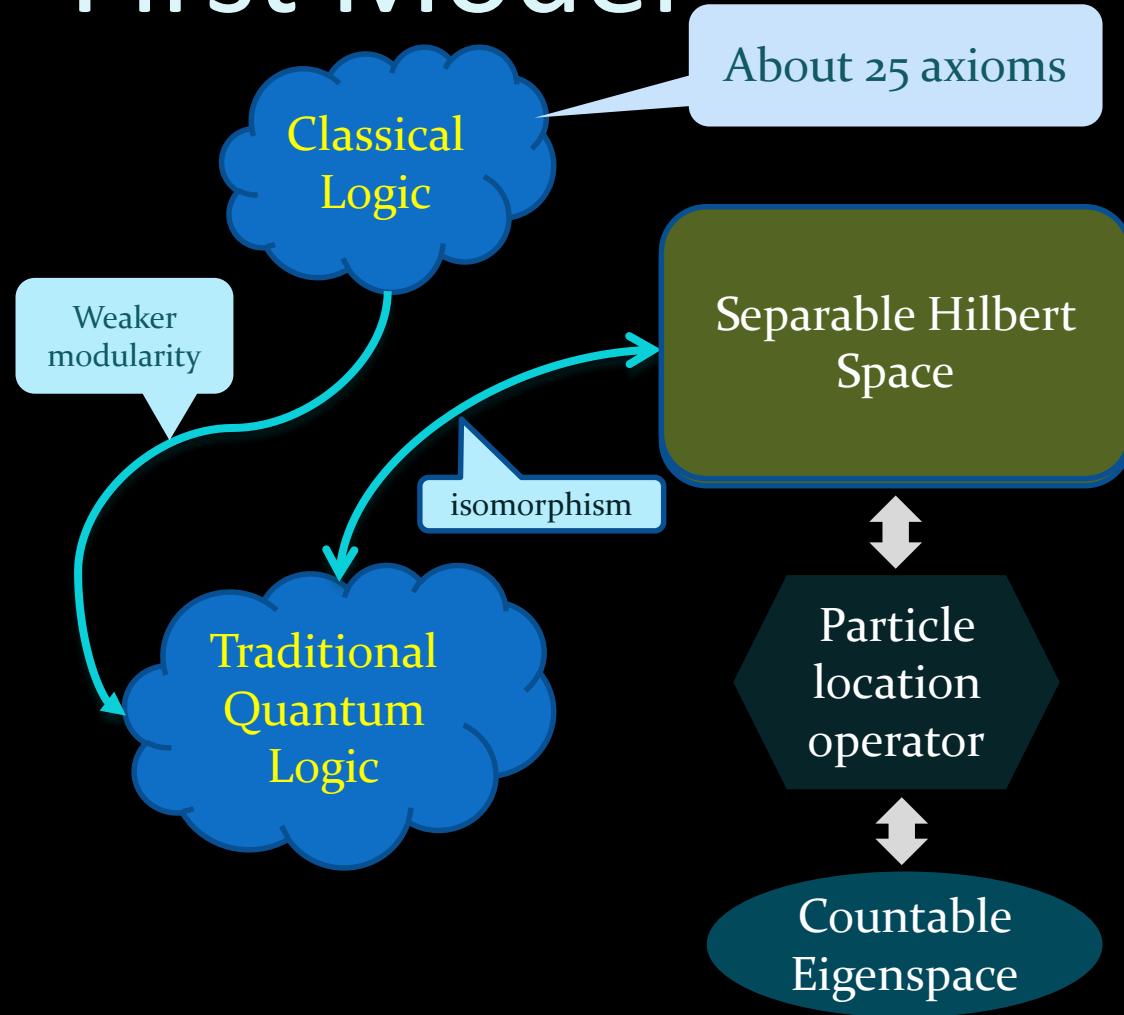
Constantin Piron:

Inner product $\langle x|y \rangle$ must be real, complex or quaternionic

$$\langle a|Pa \rangle = \langle a|pa \rangle = \langle a|a \rangle p$$

The eigenvalues are the same type of numbers as the inner products

First Model



Only
static
status quo
&
No fields

Representation

Quantum logic

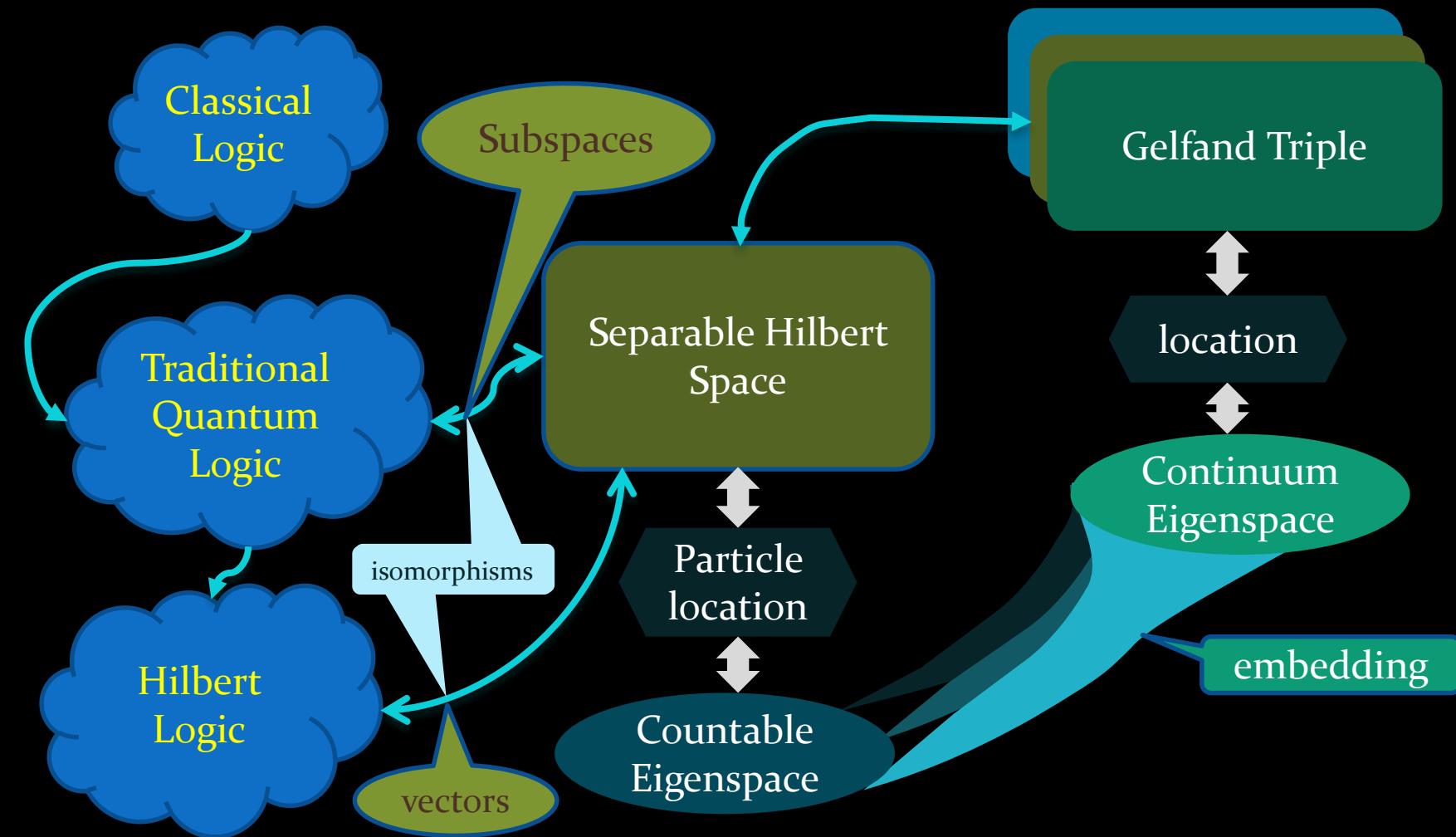
Hilbert space

- No full isomorphism
- Cannot represent continua

Solution:

- Add Gelfand triple
- Refine to Hilbert logic

Static Status Quo of the Universe



Implementing dynamics

The sub-models can only implement
a static status quo

Representation

Quantum logic

Hilbert logic

Hilbert space

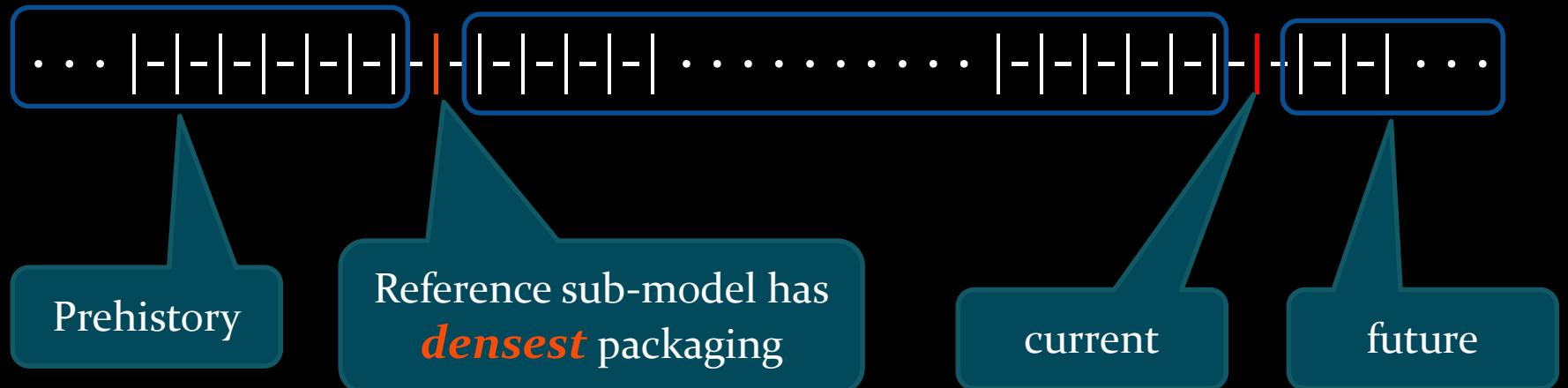
- Cannot represent dynamics
- Can only implement a *static status quo*

Solution:

An ordered sequence of sub-models

The model looks like a book where the sub-models are the pages.

Sequence



Reference Hilbert space delivers via its
enumeration operator the
“flat” Rational Quaternionic Enumerators

Gelfand triple of reference Hilbert space
delivers via its enumeration operator the
reference continuum

HBM has no Big Bang!

The Hilbert book model

- Sequence \Leftrightarrow book \Leftrightarrow HBM
- Sub-models \Leftrightarrow sequence members \Leftrightarrow pages
- Sequence number \Leftrightarrow page number
 - \Leftrightarrow progression parameter
- *Correlation vehicle*
 - must establish sufficient coherence between pages
 - Coherence must not be too stiff
 - Requires identification of atoms / base vectors
 - Implemented by:
 - Enumeration operator
 - Enumeration function

Progression step

- The dynamic model proceeds with universe wide progression steps
- The progression steps have a fixed size
- The progression step size corresponds to an ultra-high frequency (UHF)
- The UHF is the highest frequency that can occur in the HBM

Correlation vehicle

- Must install *sufficient cohesion* between the subsequent sub-models
- Coherence must *not be too stiff*, otherwise no dynamics occurs
- Requires enumeration

Correlation vehicle

- Requires ID's for atoms
- ID generator
 - Dedicated enumeration operator
 - Eigenvalues \Rightarrow rational quaternions \Rightarrow enumerators
 - Enumeration function
 - Maps parameter enumerators onto *reference continuum*

RQE = Rational
 Quaternionic
 Enumerator

Reference continuum

- Select a reference Hilbert space
- Criterion is densest packaging of enumerators*.
 - Take its Gelfand triple (rigged “Hilbert space”)
 - Has over-countable number of dimensions/base vectors
 - Has operators with continuum eigenspaces
- Select equivalent of enumeration operator in Hilbert space
- Use its eigenspace as reference continuum

(**Cyclic: Densest with respect to reference continuum*)

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- *Hilbert space & Hilbert logic*
 - Inner product
 - Real
 - Complex
 - Quaternionic
 - Enumerator operator
 - Eigenvalues
 - Rational quaternionic enumerators (RQE's)
 - Enumerates atoms

Enumeration

- *Hilbert space & Hilbert logic*
 - Enumerator operator
 - Eigenvalues
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Enumeration

- *Hilbert space & Hilbert logic*
 - Enumerator operator
 - Eigenvalues
 - Rational quaternionic enumerators (RQE's)
- *Model*
 - Enumeration function \mathcal{P}
 - Parameters
 - RQE's
 - Image
 - Qtargets

Enumeration

- *Hilbert space & Hilbert logic*
 - Enumerator operator
 - Eigenvalues
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 - Parameters
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 - Image
 - Qtargets
 - Function $\mathcal{P} = \wp \circ \mathcal{S}$
 - Blurred \mathcal{P}
 - Sharp \wp
 - Spread function \mathcal{S}
 - Blur ψ

Enumeration

- *Hilbert space & Hilbert logic*
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Blur

Blurred allocation function \mathcal{P}

Convolution

- Function $\mathcal{P} = \wp \circ \mathcal{S}$
 - Blurred \mathcal{P} \Rightarrow Produces QPAD $\Rightarrow Q_{target}$
 - Sharp \wp \Rightarrow Produces planned Q_{patch}
 - Spread function \mathcal{S} \Rightarrow Produces $Q_{pattern}$ \Rightarrow Blur
- QPAD
 - Quaternionic Probability Amplitude Distribution

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Blur ψ

Only exists at current instance

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Curved
space

⇒ Produces QPAD ⇒ Q_{target}
⇒ Produces planned Q_{patch}
⇒ Produces $Q_{pattern}$

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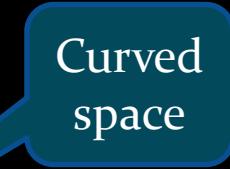
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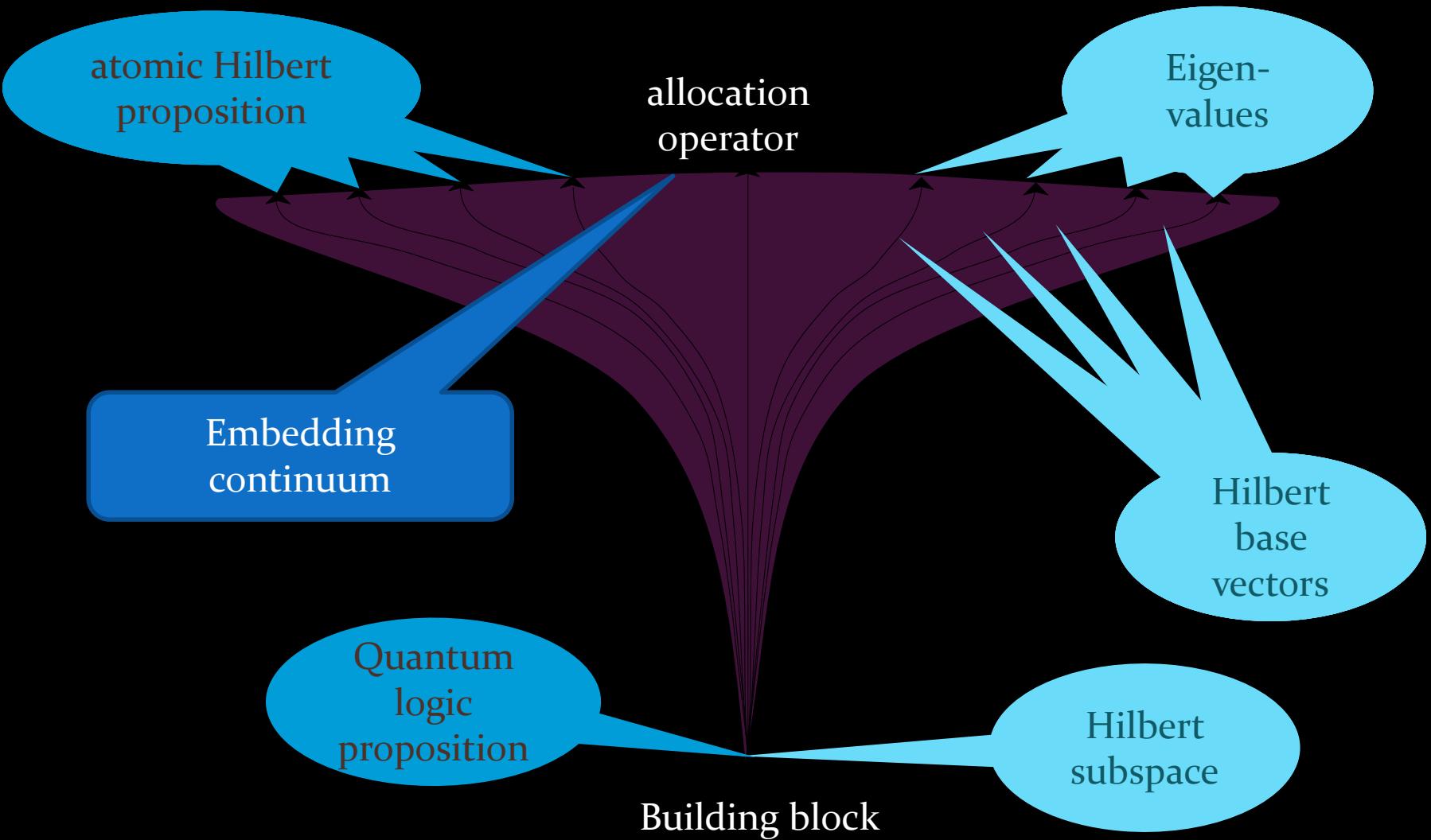
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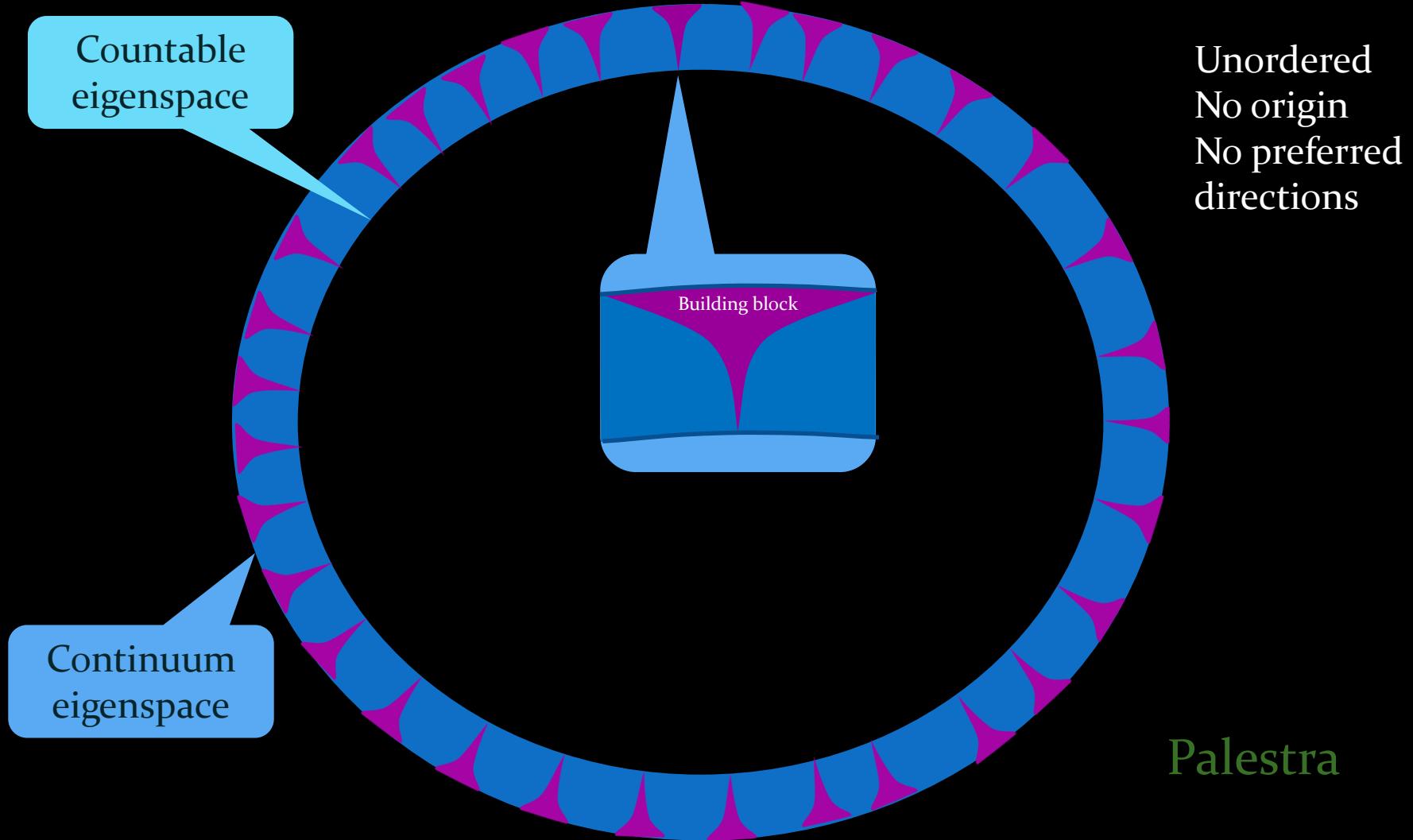
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Building block & allocation



Affine-like configuration space



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